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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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VOL. XXVI NO. 205 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, AUGUST 27, 1938 PRICE: ONE ANNA.

Change Of Venue Of A. I. C. C. Meeting

Ordinance Regime In Travancore

STATE CONGRESS CHIEF AND OTHERS ARRESTED

Students Suspended For Raising National Slogans Observe Hartal

TRIVANDRUM, Aug. 26.

Mr. Pattom Thanu Pillai, President of the Travancore State Congress, and Mr. T. M. Verghese, State Congress Leader, were arrested this evening on a charge of breaking the District Magistrate's prohibitory order against holding public meetings under the auspices of the State Congress.

They were produced before the First Class Magistrate, who remanded them to custody in the Central Jail.

ARRESTS AND CONVICTIONS

Information has been received here that Prohibition Orders against public meetings under the auspices of the State Congress have also been disobeyed at three other Centres in Travancore, by members of the State Congress.

At Quilon, Mr. M. G. Mathew and Mr. G. P. Nilakanta Pillai were arrested on that charge, and at Kottayam, Mr. E. John Philipose was arrested, tried and sentenced to thirteen months' imprisonment.

At Alleppey, Mr. P. K. Kunju and Mr. Kunju Pillai have been arrested.—A.P.

STUDENTS OBSERVE HARTAL

Protest Against Principal's Action

TRIVANDRUM, Aug. 26.

A sensation was caused here this morning, when students of the Bachelor of Arts Class in the Arts College, Trivandrum, were suspended by the Principal for shouting "Congress-ki-Jai and Thanu Pillai-ki-Jai" in the class room before College hours.

As a protest against the Principal's action, students from all classes of the College marched out crying similar slogans and marched towards the Science College. There the students of the Science College also joined them.

Subsequently, a meeting was held, and a resolution protesting against the Principal's action was passed.

The students are observing a hartal to-day. The police are patrolling the College area.—United Press.

NEW PRESIDENT OF WAR COUNCIL

TRIVANDRUM, Aug. 26.

Crowds cheered the leaders with slogans throughout the route to the Jail gate.

Mr. Padmanabha Pillai, Municipal President, Neyyattinkara and an ex-State Council member succeeds as President of the State Congress.—United Press.

NOTHING AGAINST MAHARAJA

Travancore Congress Chief On Need Of Non-Violence

TRIVANDRUM, Aug. 26.

In a statement to the Press, the President of the Travancore State Congress says no motives of personal or communal gain or personal antipathy govern their demand for Responsible Government. They have no desire to indulge in any personal vilification as such and are profoundly sorry if anything they had stated in their memorandum pained H. H. the Maharaja. Whatever exhibitions of violence had taken place and by whomsoever, they wish to state that they deeply regret the same. They appeal to everyone to refrain from any speech or action likely to lead to violence.

"The Council of Action" of the State Congress have issued notices announcing that the prohibition order against public meetings under the auspices of the State Congress will be broken today by some of their members.

UNAUTHORISED

"I realise that the Travancore Government has been forced into issuing the Criminal Law Amendment Act Regulation by the premature practice of Civil Disobedience for which, speaking as a member of the Ezhava community, I can say no sanction has been accorded by the S. N. D. P. Yogam," says the Ezhavan leader, Mr. C. V. Kunjuraman in a statement to the Press.—A. P.

Aiding Satyagrahis Made A Crime

TRIVANDRUM, Aug. 26.

Consequent on the Civil Disobedience Programme enunciated by the Travancore State Congress, His Highness the Maharaja of Travancore has issued a Proclamation for discountenancing lawless and seditious activities of some associations.

It is drawn up on the lines of the Indian Criminal Law Amendment Acts of 1908, and 1932 and authorises the Government to declare associations as illegal and the District Magistrates to take possession of places belonging to or in possession of such associations and seize all articles belonging to or in possession of such associations as well as all moneys, securities and credits belonging or contributed for furthering the object of such associations.

The District court is the Court authorised to investigate the claims and objections to acts of seizure or orders of forfeiture.

Persons who render aid to such associations are liable to prosecution and conviction. Such offences are cognisable and some thereof non-bailable and all thereof triable only by first class Magistrates.

Power is conferred on the Government

(Continued on page 8, col. 3)

Not War-Scared Like Smuts

Hertzog Refuses To Commit Himself In Advance To Support Britain

CAPE TOWN, Aug. 26.

Gen. Hertzog referring to Gen. Smuts' statement in the Assembly said that Gen. Smuts had stated and stated quite rightly, that if England were involved in war in which she was the party attacked, there was no doubt what South Africa's attitude would be.

Gen. Smuts had a right to express his opinion, as Dr. Malan, the Leader of the Opposition, had a right to express his and make propaganda for his viewpoint.

He added the possibility of a war had become a reality to the Opposition, and they were urging the Government to act immediately or say now what they were going to do about it. He had no intention, and did not feel it incumbent to reply to the question. When the time came, the people would decide and the country could feel assured that the Government would do their duty and take responsibility for their action (cheers).—Reuter.

PUNJAB MOBILISES

Protest Against Anti-Recruitment Bill

LAHORE, Aug. 26.

The Punjab Congress Working Council at to-day's meeting decided to observe September 4, as anti-Recruitment Bill Day, when meetings will be held all over the province to protest against the Bill.—United Press.

TRIPLETS ALL

SHEIKHUPURA, Aug. 25.

Nine children in three years—triplet in January, 1936, triplet in May, 1937 and now another triplet were given birth to by a Sikh woman in Ayanagar, a village, about four miles from Shri Rampura station. The woman belongs to a family of workers and is the wife of one Prem Singn, a Sikh wage-earner.—United Press.

PESHAWAR CONDEMNS ARMY BILL

"Muslim League, Mainstay Of Imperialism"

PESHAWAR, Aug. 24.

At a mass meeting held here under the auspices of the City Congress Committee, a resolution strongly condemning the Army Recruitment Bill, now on the anvil of the Central Assembly, and expressing an opinion that the Bill was another shackle to perpetuate the political bondage of India, was unanimously adopted.

In the course of a speech on the occasion Mr. Ismail Zabih attacked the Muslim League which body, he said, posed as a champion of Islam, but was in fact the mainstay of Imperialism in India by lending support to this obnoxious measure.—United Press.

ALL FOR A SEAT IN CABINET

NAGPUR, Aug. 26.

Harijans will commence offering Satyagraha at Shegaon before Gandhiji's Ashram from to-morrow. Each batch consisting of five will fast for two days, and will then be relieved by another of five. This will continue till their demand is conceded.

Their demand is the inclusion of a Harijan in the C. P. Cabinet and they urge that a seat in the Cabinet be reserved for a Harijan.—United Press.

DELHI MORE SUITABLE

Congress President Is Considering Proposal Of Leaders

CALCUTTA, Aug. 26.

It is understood that Babu Rajendra Prasad, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel and Acharya Kripalani have requested Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose to change the venue of the ensuing meeting of the All India Congress Committee, which has been fixed to be held in Bombay on September 23 and subsequent dates, to Delhi.

The Congress President, it is further understood, has not yet finally decided as to whether he would accept the suggestion of the leaders, but, in view of the convenience of Congress workers, who would be attending the meeting from the North-West Frontier Province, the Punjab, Assam, Bengal and Bihar, it is very likely that Mr. Bose may agree to the proposal.

The date of the meeting will remain the same.—A. P.

BOSE'S TALKS WITH POLITICALS

CALCUTTA, Aug. 26.

In pursuance of his talks with Sir Nazimuddin, Home Minister, Bengal, on the question of the release of political prisoners on the 20th August, the Congress President, Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose spent about five hours with the political prisoners this afternoon in the two suburban jails, where these prisoners are now being detained.

Mr. Bose first visited the Dum Dum Central Jail and had about three hours' conversation with the prisoners there, who include the Chittagong armoury raid convicts, acquainting himself it is understood, with their condition in the jails. Mr. Bose later proceeded to the Alipore Central Jail, where he was closeted with the political prisoners.—A. P.

DR. BOSE FOR CHINA

Leaving For Bombay Next Week

CALCUTTA, Aug. 26.

It is understood that Dr. B. K. Bose has been selected to join the Congress Medical Mission for China in place of Dr. R. N. Sen, who was not granted a passport by the Government.

Dr. Bose, it is understood, has already been granted a passport and he will be leaving for Bombay early next week.—A. P.

Jasdanwalla Meets Mrs. Bradman

Mrs. Bradman is one of the passengers on board the s.s. "Strathmore" that arrived in Bombay last night from Australia. She is on her way to England to meet Mr. Bradman. She was met by Mr. Jasdanwalla, the Secretary of the Cricket Club of India.

STOP PRESS

YUGOSLAVIAN CABINET RECONSTRUCTION

BELGRADE, Aug. 26.

General Maritch, Minister for War and Marine who took a prominent part in the recent little "entente" Conference has resigned.

The ministers for commerce and Physical Education have also resigned.

All the three have been replaced. General Neditch, Chief of the General Staff succeeds General Maritch.

The Yugoslav news agency states that reconstruction does not signify modification of Government's policy.—Reuter.

BIG BATTLE AT JAFFA

Heavy Casualties In Bomb Explosion: Sniping, Stoning & Arson

JAFFA, Aug. 26.

It is officially announced that 16 people were killed and 30 injured in the bomb explosion. An outbreak of sniping, stoning and arson followed the explosion. Enraged Arabs attacked the police station, and many fires raged. Firebrigades protected by police and troops fought the flames. Shops set on fire included a large English-owned provision shop. The pavement outside Barclays Bank was in shambles. An Arab was shot dead, when the police stepped out of the bank and fired at the crowd.

Crowds attacking British Palestine Bank were also dispersed by police fire. Considerable disturbances occurred on the Jaffa-Jerusalem road. Two Jews were shot dead, and a Jewess and Arab doctor injured.

At Ramaleh, a Jewish motor lorry was set on fire and destroyed amid the cheers of an Arab crowd. Order on the road has now been restored.—Reuter

BOMB OUTRAGE AT JAFFA

Twenty Killed And 40 Injured In Arab Market

JERUSALEM: August 26.

Thirty persons are estimated to have been killed or injured in a bomb explosion in the Arab market at Jaffa.

A Jaffa message says:—

At least twenty persons were killed and forty injured in the bomb outrage.—Reuter.

400 MILLION INDIANS IN 1941!

SIMLA, Aug. 26.

The population of India as a whole, is likely to reach by 1941 a figure... approximating to 400,000,000. So far as the existing trends indicate, there is little reason to doubt that this figure will be reached.

This is what the Public Health Commissioner says in his latest annual Report for the year 1936.—United Press.

ARAB POLICE MAN FOUND DEAD

HAIFA, Aug. 26.

An Arab policeman kidnapped a few days ago was found dead.—Reuter.

RAILWAY TRACK UNDER WATER

CALCUTTA, Aug. 26.

The Divisional Superintendent, Broad Gauge, E. B. Railway, wires:

"Due to heavy floods of the river Jellinghee the line between Navadwip Ghat facing points and the home signal has breached 16 feet wide and 4 feet deep and water is passing over the railway tracks in several places between Krishnagar City and Navadwip Ghat on the Santipur-Navadwip Ghat Narrow Gauge Section of the E. B. Railway. Transhipment of passengers, luggage etc. by trolly has been arranged between Mohesganj and Navadwip Ghat until further notice. Through running is not expected to be restored within 24 hours."—United Press.

Sampurnanand For Bombay

(From Our Correspondent)

LUCKNOW, Aug. 26.

Babu Sampurnanand, Education Minister, U.P., accompanied by Mr. Ansar Harvani, Secretary, Students' Federation, are reaching Bombay on Saturday at 11-30 a.m.

On their return they will halt at Wardha to see Gandhiji.

CHARGE OF FURTHER GAS ATTACK BY JAPANESE

Tokio Denies It And Makes Counter-Allegations Against Chinese

LONDON PERTURBED BY THREAT TO AIR-LINERS

LONDON, Aug. 26.

The allegation that the Japanese made a further gas attack on August 23, wiping out a considerable number of the Chinese defending Chenkaishan and Tsohan near Juichang is made in a telegram to the Chinese Embassy from the Chinese Foreign Ministry.—Reuter.

JAPANESE ALLEGATIONS

TOKIO, Aug. 26.

The War Office spokesman denied that the Japanese ever used poison gas, although he admitted they used harmless smoke screens when the occasion demanded. He alleged that Chinese troops frequently used poison gas and cholera germs.—Reuter.

JAPANESE THREAT TO AIRWAYS

LONDON, Aug. 26.

Official quarters in London are without official information regarding the alleged Japanese threat to the Imperial Airways and other Foreign liners flying over China.

It is emphasised the British position will be maintained, namely that it is not admitted for the moment that the Japanese or Chinese have the right to interfere with the Imperial Airways liners on the regular course.

It is pointed out, however, that there is no desire to provoke incidents, and it is recalled, it was agreed previously slightly to alter the course to avoid territory, where hostilities are in progress.—Reuter.

U. S. PROTEST TO TOKIO

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.

On instructions from Mr. Cordell Hull, the United States Ambassador in Tokio has presented the Japanese Government a note of protest with regard to the attack on a Chinese commercial airliner.

The note states that the United States Government desires to express their emphatic objection to Jeopardising occupants of unarmed civilian 'planes engaged in clearly recognised and established commercial services, over regularly scheduled air-route.

It is added this attack has aroused public opinion in the United States.—Reuter.

Japanese Retain Censorship Right

SHANGHAI, Aug. 26.

The Japanese spokesman stated that the Japanese retain the right to censor anything except official telegrams, including bankers' telegrams.—Reuter.

Enquiry Into Protective And Revenue Tariffs

Economic Adviser Will Probe Into Relevant Causes Of Decline In Customs Revenue, Assures Grigg In Assembly

(From Our Special Correspondent)

SIMLA, August 26.

Announcement regarding the proposed enquiry by the economic adviser into the effect of protective and revenue tariffs was made by Sir James Grigg in answer Mr. Satyamurti's questions on the fall of customs (revenue).

The latter asked "in the interests of future policy the country, will Government examine the future course of this fall and its incidence in respect of two types of customs duties one for revenue and the other for tariff purposes."

Sir James Grigg replied "if the member means effect on the revenue of the tariff policy which has been pursued for the last 15 years that I think is the question to which attention of the economic adviser might very well be directed".

Mr. A. Chettiar asked "has his attention been drawn to this matter".

Sir James Grigg: "Yes".

Mr. Satyamurti: "Does he propose to invite the attention of the economic adviser also to the effect of the exchange ratio on imports and exports."

Sir James Grigg: "I think the economic adviser will take into account all relevant facts."

A. Chettiar: "Will Government place the copy of the report of the economic adviser on the table of the House."

Sir James Grigg: "I have no doubt that will be considered."

Mr. Satyamurti also wanted the Government to analyse the figures to find out whether the fall was due to the growth of industries in this country. Sir James Grigg said it was due to a variety of reasons the main one being that whenever there was a fall in the value of Indian exports, the value of the imports also fell after certain lag.

CALCUTTA PORT TRUST "SCANDAL"

SIMLA, Aug. 26.

Interesting particulars regarding the affairs of the Calcutta Port Trust were elicited to-day in the Assembly by Mr. Manu Subedar.

Mr. Clow, Member of the Communications, admitted the Bird Company were labour contractors to the Calcutta Port Commissioners for over 40 years and the contract has been renewed from year to year without open tender. He also admitted not only the commercial bodies of Calcutta but the Accountant-General of Bengal who is the auditor of the Calcutta Port Trust has emphas-

Continued on page 7, col. 1.

Our Tabulated Adlets

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is offered to our Adletisers Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE," if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL," will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle,"—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

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Wanted Christian Girl between 30 to Christian widower 40 with decent income apply Box No. 10586 "Bombay Chronicle."

Respectable Handsome Jain youth Graduate having own business in Bombay, monthly income over Rs. 1,000 desires well-educated, cultured, fair-looking young Hindu Bride for matrimony. No caste restrictions. Correspondence strictly confidential. Write details Box 10700 "Bombay Chronicle."

European Lady recently settled in India invites friendly correspondence from noble bachelor or widower. Credentials exchanged. Box No. 10646 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted well educated, earning Hindu bachelor under 30, vegetarian to marry Sanskrit-Hindi educated Yadava virgin of 20, 'Vidyalankrita' of Gurukula Dehradun, and thoroughly accomplished. Apply to President, Vivaha Sahayak Sabha 2794-Arya Samaj Secunderabad. (10681)

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted Applications for a Senior Editorial Post from qualified men with ample news-editing and writing experience on 1st class dailies. Salary upto Rs. 250. Also for two Sub-Editors' posts from trained Journalists. Salary upto Rs. 125. Apply Managing Director, The Hindustan Times, Ltd., New Delhi. (9325)

Earn 50 monthly by securing orders for our pictorial calendars with charming poses of famous film stars. Shanta, Devikarani, Savita, etc. National, historical, religious & Emperor's Coronation scenes. For terms & samples apply. Oriental Calendar Co. (99) Post Box 11,422, Calcutta. (10662)

Wanted a strong and energetic Estate Manager to look after Land and Building work, collect rents, keep accounts, make correspondence, attend Court work etc. for Ghatkopar, Salary Rs. 40 to Rs. 50; apply with copies of certificates and previous experience. cash security Rs. 500 required Box No. 10703 "Bombay Chronicle"

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Wanted an expert for Enamelling Hollow Wares. Apply Dr. Ardeshir Hakim, Erucshaw Building, 249 Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay. (10698)

Wanted Four Hindustani Tailors and two Shop Clerks on reasonable remunerations. Apply Box No. 10702 "Bombay Chronicle."

Stenographer required to join immediately. Must be very accurate, quick, neat and of long experience. Apply with full particulars and copies of testimonials. Minimum salary expected must be stated in application. Box No. 10691 "Bombay Chronicle."

52. TO BE LET.

For Hindoos, Airy Rooms, Flats, Boyce House, Gowalia Tank, behind Mahavir Vidyalaya. Apply Pathan, or Box 10673, "Bombay Chronicle."

To let—Whole also half blocks "Dias Lodge", Rana Street Grant Road. See owner within. Rent Rs. 40. (10685)

68. FLATS TO LET

To Be Let for Hindoos only—Airy, spacious flat, top floor at "Rama Mansion" No. 3, Tejpal Road, Gamdevi, one drawing room, three bed-rooms, one kitchen, four bath-rooms, two godowns, two latrines and one separate bath-room and latrine for servants. Apply Mr. Narayen Purshram J. P. or Phone No. 41208. (10699)

To Let—Bombay's Finest Flats at 'Meher-Abad' on Marine Drive, Churchgate Reclamation facing sea, 2 and 3 bed rooms, complete. Unrivalled situation. Apply on premises. (10672)

71. BUNGALOWS WANTED

Wanted a cheap decent Bungalow or Cottage in or around Bombay. Apply Box No. 10701, "Bombay Chronicle."

73. SUBURBAN HOUSE WANTED

Wanted on long lease bright airy independent building with garden and terrace suitable for a hospital at Dadar. Apply Dr. Divekar, Girgaum Terraces. Telephone 22328. (10695)

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Motor Driving Taught Perfectly within fifteen days by expert on our car. Charges moderate. Apply Box No. 10689 "Bombay Chronicle."

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Wanted—1,000 pupils to practically learn Hypnotism, Mesmerism, Thought-Reading, Crystal Gazing, Auto-Suggestion, etc., by Post. For particulars send one anna stamp. Prof. Rudra, 1005, Surendra Banerjee Road, Calcutta. (10597)

174. BOOKS

"Practical Race Calculator" Only Book, Reveals Unknown System To Find Winner. Regain Your Losses, Double Your Wealth. Rs. 5. King Coy, Booksellers, Hornby Road, Bombay. (10687)

240. PARTNERSHIPS OFFERED.

Wanted a Partner, who can invest Rs. 20,000 in a very profitable business. Write Box No. 10677 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a partner in a large glass factory who can invest at least Rs. 1,50,000. Apply Box No. 10679 "Bombay Chronicle."

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Businessmen! Here's the service for you. Circulars drafted and duplicated. Moderate rates. Ask for details. Bombay Business Service. Hornby Building, Hornby Road. (10675)

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Loans arranged on easy terms on buildings ready or under operation. Write Box 10697 "Bombay Chronicle."

651. MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Magic in Numbers. Unknown Mental Multiplication Feat, Re. 1 by M. Q, Principal, Mathematics School, Belgaum. (10692)

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

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THE BOMBAY FIRE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION.

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THE BOMBAY UNDERWRITERS' ASSOCIATION.

The appointment of a full time Salaried Chairman of the above Associations is under consideration and applications are invited for the post from gentlemen, preferably not directly connected with Insurance, qualified by administrative experience and of recognised standing.

The appointment is to be made in the first place for a period of 3 to 5 years and will carry a salary in the neighbourhood of Rs. 3,000 a month.

Applicants should state age, qualifications, full account of professional or business activities and present employment, if any.

Applications should be submitted in confidential cover to the Secretary, Bombay Fire Insurance Association, Jacob Sassoon Building, 6 Rampart Row, Bombay, not later than 10th September, 1938.

9281.

BOMBAY-SIND PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

Applications in the prescribed form are invited from British Indian subjects for the posts of

(1) ONE PROFESSOR OF ENTOMOLOGY, AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE, POONA.
(2) ONE SPECIAL LEPROSY OFFICER.
(3) FOUR OFFICERS FOR THE BOMBAY MEDICAL SERVICE CLASS II.

(1) *Professor of Entomology.*

Qualifications:—Candidates must possess a degree in Agriculture of Indian or reputed foreign Universities and higher degree in Agricultural Entomology, including Zoology, and have special experience of research in Agricultural Entomology for about five years; those having experience in teaching will be preferred. *Scale of pay*:—Rs. 150 during probationary period of two years, and on confirmation. Rs. 170-10-250-E. B.-15-400-E.B.-20-500, subject to revision. *Age*:—Not more than 30 years.

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Qualifications:—M.B., B.S., (Bombay) or higher qualifications. Training and experience in leprosy work will be preferred. *Scale of pay*:—Rs. 200-40/3-400, subject to revision. *Age*:—not more than 28 in the case of those possessing the M.B., B.S., degree, and not more than 30 years in the case of those possessing higher qualifications.

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Qualifications:—M.B., B.S., (Bombay) or higher qualifications with experience of a House appointment in a general hospital. *Scale of pay*:—Rs. 200-40/3-400. During probationary period, first year Rs. 150, and second year Rs. 180. *Age*:—Not more than 28 years in the case of those possessing the M.B., B.S. degree and not more than 30 years in the case of those possessing higher qualifications.

Full particulars will be found in Part I of the issues of the *Bombay Government Gazette* dated 25th August and 1st September 1938, or can be obtained together with a copy of the prescribed form of application on payment (in cash or by money order only) of rupee one, on requisition, with a self-addressed envelope with a two anna stamp to the Secretary, Public Service Commission, P.W.D. Secretariat, Bombay. Last date for receipt of applications:—24th September 1938. *Any attempt, direct or indirect to influence the Secretary or a Member of the Commission will disqualify the candidate.*

9325.

Public Notices

NOTICE OF REMOVAL

THE OFFICES OF MESSRS. GILBERT-LODGE & CO. and "THE PROPERTY MARKET"

will be removed to "PATEL HOUSE", 1st Floor, Church Gate St. with effect from TUESDAY, 30th August 1938.

(10688)

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the temporary posts of one overseer in grade of Rs. 100-10-150 plus Rs. 5 C.A. and two posts of Sub-overseers in grade of Rs. 75-5-85 plus Rs. 5 C.A. so as to reach the undersigned on or before 30th September 1938.

The intending candidates must be graduates in Civil Engineering of any Indian University and must have at least 2 years practical experience in execution of underground drainage works. Gujrati knowing will be given preference.

(Sd.) C. R. DESAI,
Municipal Engineer,
Ahmedabad Municipality.
Dated 24-8-38.

(9341)

WANTED

A 1st or 2nd class GRADUATE of a recognised Indian University less than 25 years of age and having his domicile or permanent residence in the Province of Bombay, the Central Provinces and Berar, or the United Provinces only, for an acting Examiner's post (which may be made permanent) on Rs. 120 (120-10-240-10|2-280). Applications should reach the undersigned not later than 12th September, 1938, stating community, academic and other qualifications and attaching copies of documentary evidence of age and domicile or permanent residence and of testimonials. Travelling allowance for interview will not be paid. Canvassing a disqualification.

P. N. CHANDAVARKAR,
Collector of Customs.
New Custom House,
Bombay, 25th August 1938.

(9333)

LIMAYE BROTHERS, LTD.
(In Liquidation)

NOTICE.

A MEETING of the creditors of the abovenamed Company will be held at the Office of the undersigned, Manekjee Wadia Building, 125, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay on TUESDAY, the 13th September, 1938, at 4 P.M. (S.T.) to consider whether a Commitee of Creditors (under the Provisions of Section 178A of the Indian Companies Act) to assist the Liquidator herein should be appointed, when the creditors are requested to attend.

Dated the 22nd day of August, 1938.

P. K. DESAI,
Official Liquidator.

(9303)

THE ZANDU PHARMACEUTICAL WORKS, LTD.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the NINETEENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company at Gokhale Road, (South) Bombay on SATURDAY, the 27th day of August, 1938, at 5 p.m. (S.T.), for the transaction of the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Statement of Accounts for the period ended 31st March 1938.
2. To declare a dividend
3. To elect Directors in place of those retiring.
4. To approve the appointments of Mahesh Bhai Anantrai Pattani and Mathuradas Bhaktidas Parekh as Directors.
5. To appoint Auditors for the ensuing year and to fix their remuneration.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 20th to 27th August, 1938, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board of Directors.

JUGATRAM & CO.,
Managing Agents

Bombay, 11th July, 1938.

(N.B.—The Dividend, if sanctioned, will be made payable at the Company's Registered Office on and after Saturday the 3rd September 1938 to those shareholders whose names stand on the Register on Saturday the 20th August 1938.)

9233.

Public Notices.

THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC SUPPLY AND TRAMWAYS COMPANY, LIMITED.

LOST OLD SHARE CERTIFICATES, ETC.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the following documents in respect of 9 Ordinary shares of the old Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Co., Ltd., standing in the name of Mr. Khemchand Ramdas Vadhwa have been lost, misplaced or destroyed.

Certificate for 3 shares Nos. 73341 to 73343.
Certificate for 1 share No. 140897.
Certificate for 1 share No. 134923.

Allotment Letter No. 1448 and two Bankers' Receipts for Rs. 1,200, and Rs. 800, respectively, for four shares Nos. 147602 to 147605.

Any claim in respect of these shares should be notified to the Company at their registered office, Electric House, Fort, Bombay, within 15 days from the date hereof, otherwise an allotment letter for the shares of the new Company into which the said old shares have been converted will be issued irrespective of any claim in respect thereof.

10696

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

Under instructions of our client SETH VOHRA ABDULALI ALIBHAI KHOKHAR sole proprietor of Messrs. Khokhar & Sons, carrying on business at 203-205, Suratwalla Building, Girgaum, Bombay No. 4, we hereby notify all concerned that our client has savoured all his connections with his son Heptoolabhai Abdulali Khokhar and that his said son Heptoolabhai Abdulali Khokhar has now no connection or interest whatsoever in the aforesaid business of Messrs. Khokhar & Sons or in any other matter whatsoever and if anybody deals with the said Heptoolabhai Abdulali Khokhar he will do so at his own risk and our client will not be in any way responsible for the same.

Dated this 24th day of August, 1938.

Messrs. VAKIL DADABHOY & BHARUCHA,
Solicitors for Abdulali Alibhai Khokhar,
Sole Proprietor of Messrs. Khokhar & Sons.

9322.

NOTICE OF SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that DORABJI KUVERJI MISTRY of Bombay Parsee inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client:

THAT any person or persons having any claim, right, title, and interest in or to the said property by way of sale, mortgage, charge, trust, lien, possession, gift, inheritance, lease, easement or otherwise howsoever, is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 36, Tamarind Lane Tamarind House, Fort, Bombay, and to the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes within FOURTEEN days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY:—

ALL that piece or parcel of Foras Freehold land or ground together with the messuage tenements or dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being at Foras Road, URANWALLA STREET, without the Fort of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 96 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. 449, 450 New No. 13960, Old Survey No. 131 and New survey No. 6980 and Cadastral survey No. 1|88, Tardeo Division and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under Old E Ward Nos. 3062, 3063-64, Street Nos. 191, 193, 195, 197 and 199 and New D Ward No. 4901 and Street No. 144 and bounded as follows:—that is to say, on or towards the East by Municipal ground, on or towards the West by the property of Noormahomed Abdulali and others on or towards the North by the property of Framji Davar and on or towards the South by the aforesaid Foras Road.

Bombay dated this 26th day of August, 1938.

GHULAMALI NOORANI & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

(9336)

Public Notices

PUBLIC NOTICE.

THE SHOLAPOOR SPG. & WVG. CO., LIMITED.

Re: DEBENTURES.

To,

The Holders of the Debentures issued by the Sholapoor Spg. & Wvg. Co., Ltd., and secured by the Debenture Trust Deed dated 28th December 1929, made between The Sholapoor Spg. & Wvg. Co., Ltd., of the first part and Dinsha Kharshedji Daji, Sohrab R. Davar and Dr. Sorab Kaikhushru Engineer of the second part and Dinsha D. Romer of the third part:—

At the Extraordinary General Meeting of the Debenture-holders held on the 5th day of August 1938 under the Chairmanship of Major S. K. Engineer, the following resolution was passed as an Extraordinary resolution in accordance with the provisions of Schedule IV to the Debenture Trust Deed.

During discussions at the Meeting the meeting was informed that the Bonus of one rupee per Debenture of the face value of Rs. 100/ was offered by the Company only in the event of the original scheme for reduction in the rate of interest from 1st January 1939 being accepted and that if the Debenture-holders did not agree to reduction of interest from 1st January 1939 and preferred to have interest at the rate of 7 per cent till 1st July 1940 no bonus will be due and the Company would not be liable to pay any. The meeting preferred continuance of interest at 7 per cent till 1st July 1940 to the bonus offered by the Company.

RESOLUTION

(1) That the time for repayment of the principal monies covered by the 7 per cent debentures secured by the said Debenture Trust Deed dated 28th December 1929 be extended from the 1st day July 1940 to the 1st day of July 1950 with liberty nevertheless to the Company to pay off the whole of the outstanding debentures on the 1st day of July 1945 or on the 1st day of July in any subsequent year upon giving six months' notice in that behalf by advertisement in any two newspapers circulating in Bombay.

(2) That the rate of interest on the principal monies covered by the debentures secured by the said Trust Deed be reduced as from the 1st day of July 1940 from 7 per cent per annum to 5 per cent. per annum.

DINSHA K. DAJI.
SOHRAB R. DAVAR
SORAB KAIKHUSHRU ENGINEER
DINSHAW D. ROMER
Trustees.

9337.

Legal Notices

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that BAI KHATIZABAI, widow of Haji Hamid Kassum has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client. Any person having any claim or interest in or to the said property by way of sale, mortgage, trust, lien, possession, gift, inheritance lease or otherwise howsoever is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at Gresham Building Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, and to the Collector of Municipal rates and taxes within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

ALL THAT piece or parcel of land situate at Proctor Street in Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 263 3|9 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New Nos. F|F 13478, 14102 and New Survey No. 2|E, 7364 and Cadastral Survey No. 1229 of Girgaum Division together with the dwelling house and all buildings standing thereon and bounded, on the East by the property of Runchhoddas Tribhuvandas Mody, on the West by the property of Kashinath Devji Dhuroo, on the North by Grant Road Bridge and on the South by the property of Nusserwanji Dorabji and which premises are assessed under D Ward No. 1815 (9) and Street Nos. 6-8.

Dated this 26th day of August 1938.

MULLA & MULLA,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

9342

Public Notices

THE TATA IRON & STEEL COMPANY LIMITED.

THE JAMSHEDPUR TECHNICAL INSTITUTE.

Session 1938-1939.

1. The Tata Iron & Steel Company are prepared to consider applications for admission to the Jamshedpur Tech. Inst. from Indians who wish to take up a cereer at the Company's Works at Jamshedpur and who possess ANY ONE of the following qualifications—

Class B. A Degree or Diploma in Mech. or Elect. Engr., or Metallurgy of a recognised Indian or Foreign University Tech. Inst. or College.

Class A (1) An HONOURS or FIRST CLASS Degree or Diploma in Mech. or Elect. Engr., or Metallurgy of a recognised Indian or Foreign University, Technical Institute or College, preferably accompanied by Works experience ABROAD.

Class A (2) An HONOURS or FIRST CLASS Degree or Diploma in Mechanical or Electrical Engineering or Metallurgy of a recognised Indian or Foreign University, Technical Institute or College, accompanied by not less than 6 months continuous practical experience after graduation in an IRON & STEEL WORKS ABROAD.

2. The age of any candidate on December 31st, 1938 must not exceed:—

(1) Graduates in Engineering or Metallurgy Foreign Universities ... 27 years.
(2) Graduates in Engineering or Metallurgy Indian Universities ... 24 years.

3. Apprentices will be given a two years theoretical and Works Training at Jamshedpur, and during this period will be paid the following maintenance allowance:—

Class B. Rs. 50 per month.
Class A (1) Rs. 75 per month.
Class A (2) Rs. 200 per month.

4. Further details regarding conditions of apprenticeship, employment on its completion etc., are set down in the printed prospectus which can be had free on application.

5. Intending candidates should apply to the Supdt. of Training, Jamshedpur Technical Institute, Jamshedpur, Via:—Tatanagar, B. N. Rly.

6. Please write on the envelope "Application for "A" & "B" Class Apprenticeship."

7. No application will be considered after the 26th September 1938.

J. J. GHANDY,
General Manager.
The Tata Iron & Steel Co. Ltd.,
JAMSHEDPUR, 22nd August, 1938.

9339.

Legal Notices

"TRADE MARK CAUTION"

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Messrs. The TATA OIL MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED a Public Limited Company registered under the Indian Companies Act of 1913, with a Registered Office at Bombay House, Bruce Street, Fort Bombay, are the Owners and Proprietors of the following Trade Name and Mark.—

"TATA

TOMCO

COCONUT OIL"

This Trade-Mark, Name and Lable is used by the Company in respect of the Coconut Oil manufactured or dealt with by the Company,

and that any fraudulent or colourable imitation thereof or other infringement of their rights will be dealt with according to Law.

Declaration in respect of the above said Trade Mark have been registered in British India under the Indian Registration Act XVI of 1908.

N. S. GUBBI & CO.,
Patent & Trade Mark Agents,
"Fort Chambers",
Hamam St. Bombay.

(9338)

Auction Sales

VORA & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF FURNITURE of H. Brent Esquire and Others, TO-MORROW (SUNDAY) at 10-30 A.M. (S.T.) at Hughes Road, Opp. Messrs. Hyland Co. of complete Flat furniture, Godrej, Milner & Other safes, H. M. V. Gramophone, Singer Machine, Remington typewriter, Zula sofa cabinet, Roll top table, Wrist watches Bronze & Marble figures, Chandeliers, Chesterfield sets, Zunda Almyrah, Remington Portable typewriter, etc.

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Legal Notices

NOTICE.

ESTATE OF RAGHUNATH BABAJI SARANG .....Deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons claiming debts or liabilities affecting the estate of the abovenamed Raghunath Babaji Sarang deceased, who died at Bombay on the 18th day of January, 1937 and for the administration of whose estate according to the provision of the consent decree hereinafter mentioned, Mr. Rajaram Raghunath Sarang, Mrs. Sitabai, widow of Raghunath Babaji Sarang and Mr. Vishwanath Deoji Sarang have been appointed officers by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay by consent decree, dated the 27th day of April, 1938, passed in Suit No. 601 of 1938 (Rajaram Raghunath Sarang & Anr. vs. Vasant Raghunath Sarang & Ors.) on the original side of the said High Court, are hereby required to send in their claims to the said Officers at the Office of Messrs. M. V. GOKHALE & CO., Attorneys for the said Rajaram Raghunath Sarang (the other two officers having consented to claims being invited in manner aforesaid) within one calendar month from the date hereof: And notice is hereby further given that at the expiration of the said period of one month, the said Officers will distribute the assets among the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have notice.

Dated this 27th. day of August, 1938.

M. V. GOKHALE & CO.,
Attorneys for Mr. R. R. Sarang
Address:—
No. 7 Oak Lane, Fort, Bombay.
9334.

IN THE COURT OF THE DISTRICT MUNSIFF AT SECUNDERABAD.

Original Suit No. 87 of 1934.
Execution Petition No. 33 of 1937

MAHOMED ABDULLA vs. GULAM GOUSE KHAN.

PROCLAMATION OF SALE OF HOUSE.

To,

Gula Gouse Khan, Bagghi Khana, Rajmahal, BARODA STATE. (Judgment Debtor).

TAKE NOTICE that the 5th day of September, 1938, has been fixed for proclamation of the sale of your house No. 84, situate in Commissary Bazars, Bowenpally, Secunderabad, and for hearing any objections to the sale, in execution of the above final decree for foreclosure and sale obtained against you. If you fail to appear either in person or by a pleader duly instructed, on the above date and place, the matter will be determined and decided in your absence.

(By Order).
STANLEY K. SALDANHA,
Pleader for Decree-Holder.
Secunderabad, 26th Aug. 1938.
9332.

Auction Sales

CRAWFORD & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF PROPERTIES SITUATE AT BELGAUM, DHAMANE, DESHNUR AND MATTIKOP, DISTRICT BELGAUM.

Under instructions from the Official Assignee of Bombay and the assignee of the estate and effects of the Insolvent Mahadeoappa Chanmallappa Kittur, a partner in Gundo Babaji Tilve (a Firm), MESSRS. CRAWFORD & CO., Auctioneers, will sell by public auction on TUESDAY, 30th August, 1938, at 3-0 p.m. (S.T.), at their rooms, at 122, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, the right, title and interest of the insolvent abovenamed in the properties situate at Belgaum, Dhamane, Deshnur and Mattikop, District Belgaum.

For further particulars pleas apply to,

CRAWFORD & CO.

BENNETT & CO.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will To-morrow Sunday, the 28th August, 1938, at 10-30 A.M. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at H'mat Nivas 31, Doongersi Road, Malabar Hill valuable high class furniture specially made to order, such as table, chairs, side-tables cushioned stools, zoondah cupboards, dressing tables, writing tables, book-stands, almyrahs, carpets hand-paintings, rich velvet curtains, safe, show-cases, bed-steads, etc., etc.

The property of C. M. Eastley, Esq., Government Solicitor.

Catalogues are ready and the furniture is on view.

By order of the party concerned 1 Sedan "Graham Paige" motor car 1935 model No. T 4797 seven seater in very good condition.

BENNETT & CO.

Our London Sports Letter

Wellard Leads Season's Present Bowling Honours

(From Our Own Correspondent).
LONDON, Aug. 18.
(By Mail).

It looks as though we shall go through the cricket season without any bowler capturing 200 wickets. If this proves to be the case it will be the first time since 1927 that no bowler has performed the feat and the second since 1923.

At the moment Wellard, the Somerset and England fast bowler, leads with 150 wickets: Nichols, of Essex, is second with 141: Pollard, the Lancashire player who won the race for the 100 wickets, is third with 138 All have much leeway to make up to stand much chance of getting 200 this season.

Last year's statistics show that in that summer three bowlers took 200 wickets, Goddard, Verity and Gover. Verity and Gover collected 200 victims in 1936, and Verity was also successful in the 1935 season with Freeman, of Kent. Freeman was the outstanding 200-in-a-season bowler. From 1928 to 1933 inclusive he never failed to perform the feat, and in 1928, it will be recalled, his bag amounted to 304.

SURREY V. AUSTRALIA

To keep the spectators amused during the long wait for play to begin at the Oval between Surrey and Australia, some of the Australians played cricket against the Pavilion rails, Brown and McCormick began it, and they soon had an eager crowd of members fielding for them.

When play did start after lunch the Australians had some more practice. Holmes, winning the toss, put them in on a wicket that had been saturated and was drying in a strong sun. It was on just such a wicket that Rhodes skittled the Australians out at the Oval in 1926, and Verity at Lords's in 1934.

The Australians seemed naturally pleased at the chance of some practice at timing the ball on an Oval "sticky dog."

M.C.C.'S STUMPING RULE

Reference to the M.C.C.'s ruling on the stumping question, which was put to them by a veteran cricketer, after his experience while umpiring a match on the South coast, in which the M.C.C. laid down that if the bails are off, the wicket must be broken by the fieldsman by uprooting a stump with the same hand with which he is holding the ball, has brought a letter from a correspondent, which is published in the "Evening News". The correspondent says that the rule is not quite so convincing as one would like. "Try to pull up a stump with the ball in hand," he says.

The correspondent goes on to say that unless the rule for wicket-keepers has altered during the last 35 or 40 years, it used to read that the ball was dead when finally resting in the wicket-keeper's hands. Surely it was dead and finally resting in the wicket-keeper's hands after an attempted act of stumping? he asks.

Perhaps some cricket historians, he continues, can give you the real version of the well-known Oval incident when Gloucestershire were playing Surrey some years ago. It is recalled: Jack Shutter was captain of Surrey and Charlie Wood was keeping wicket. Murch of Gloucester, who was as deaf as a post, was batting, and evidently thinking, he had been given out stumped, started to walk back to the pavilion from the far wicket. Immediately, Wood, with ball in hand, pulled up a stump, and Murch was given out

W. G. Grace was Gloucester's skipper, and he at once started out on to the field, saying at the top of his voice: "I won't have it. I won't have it. I won't have the game played like it!" The Old Man's contention was that

WELLARD.

the ball had finally rested in the wicket-keeper's hands and therefore was dead.

It is for the umpire to say when the ball is dead and when it is not. Some say that the ball is not dead until the wicket-keeper is prepared to return it to the bowler. Certainly, we have never come across an umpire who would not permit a wicket-keeper to have a second shot at stumping a batsman after the batsman had been given not out on the first appeal, but had immediately lost his balance and lost his ground to give the wicket-keeper another opportunity of getting him out.

JACK HOBBS

If Jack Hobbs wants to do it, he can say with truth, "Well, I am a Dutchman." He was chosen to play the other day for the Dutch cricket team which is opening a tour in England with a match at Merton. He will play for the same team in its game against The Hague in Holland on August 26.

Jack Hobbs has never been in Holland. But from what we can see of things they would naturalise him, if necessary, to get him to play. Leader of this party of 14 Dutch cricketers is Mr. R. G. Ingelse. He keeps them moving too. They are real flying Dutchmen. They played in Rotterdam on Sunday, August 14, and their fast bowler, A. Terwiel, took 9 wickets for 42. They arrived in London on Wednesday August 17, and were on the field again on the following day. They meet Mill Hill Park, Ealing and Finchley, who will watch the first day of the Test at the Oval to-morrow and take a good look at the pavilion at Lord's.

In the Party are three Dutch Internationals, and, I am told, the side is a pretty hot one if English climate does not destroy all their ideas. Cricket is booming in Holland. The Dutch Association grade their teams, and you don't find the little fellows being eaten alive by the giants. Visits by Free Foresters and M.C.C. did very valuable pioneer work.

Woolwich Arsenal workers have a grievance. Not about their work but about their cricket. They say that it is far safer to handle explosives in the Arsenal than to play cricket on Plumstead Common, where inter-departmental matches are played.

There has recently been difficulty in raising teams because, they say, the state of the ground has caused too many accidents. The L.C.C. reply that the pitch is as good as can be expected. Now the games may be transferred to the Royal Ordnance Factories ground at Plumstead.

TABLE TENNIS

Although the table tennis season is some weeks away, the worries of Mr. Pope, the Secretary of the England Table Tennis' Association have already begun.

He returned from holiday to find that no dates had been fixed by the Egyptian Association for the world championships, which are in Cairo. These tournaments take months to organise. Mr. Pope fears that the Egyptians may leave things till too late, and that the championships will have to be played in another country. They need Mr. Pope out there in Egypt.

WOMEN CRICKETERS

To-day and to-morrow are being devoted for cricket at Northampton by the women cricketers. The match is Home Counties versus the Rest. The best players will be chosen to go out to Australia for the women's Tests there. So there has been some really hard trying at Northampton since this morning. Mollie Hide, Myrtle MacLagen, Betty Snowball, Betty Archdale, Megan Lowe, and Mrs. Joan Davis are playing.

THREE CANDIDATES

It is reported from South Africa that there are three candidates for the captaincy of the team in this winter's cricket Tests against M.C.C.

They are A. Melville, former Sussex Captain, P.G. Van der Hijl, and R. L. Harvey, captains, respectively, of Transvaal, Western Province, and Natal. Contrary to rumours, Melville is not an automatic choice for several reasons.

He had a bad season in 1937-1938 owing to ill-health, and it is not even certain that he will play. Also, the Africans would like to choose a man who would be available to lead the next team to England when they visit this country four years hence.

PATNA, 25.

The flood in Siwan Sub-Division in Saran District has decreased steadily during the last four days, says a Press note.

The amount allotted by the Government for immediate gratuitous relief has now been increased upto Rs. 16,000.—A.P.

(Continued from Col. 7).

(2) M. T. Tofafros
(3) P. R. Kerrawalla

The following students have passed the Examination of the Institute of Bankers (London) held in April 1938:—

PART I

(1) E. R. Mama—Passed in Book-keeping, Banking, English Composition and Economics.
(2) Satya Pal Bhatia—Passed in Book-keeping and English Composition.
(3) P. S. Oomrigar—Passed in Economics.
(4) R. N. Bulsara—Passed in Banking.
(5) V. Srivastava—Passed in English Composition.
(6) G. W. Kothare—Passed in Book-keeping.
(7) S. M. Umar—Passed in Banking.

PART II

(1) S. Moses (Complete), (2) J. M. Shapoorjee (Complete), (3) Miss B. B. Mistry—(Passed in Foreign Exchange, Economics and Banking.)
(4) S. M. Umar—(Passed in English Composition).

QUALIFIED BANKERS

Batliboi's Accountancy Training Institute Exam. Results

The following students of Batliboi's Accountancy Training Institute have passed the Indian Institute of Bankers Examination held in May 1938:—

PART 1 (COMPLETE)

1. N. S. Venkitarayan, 2. M. K. Unwalla, B. Com.

PART II (COMPLETE)

1. V. Srivastava, 2. J. N. Billimoria, 3. M. N. Mehrotra.

The following students have passed in the subjects mentioned below of Parts I and II Examinations of the Indian Institute of Bankers:—

PART I

ELEMENTARY ACCOUNTS & COMMERCIAL ARITHMETIC

(1) Satya Pal Bhatia, (2) J. M. Kolah; (3) D. R. Jhaveri; (4) N. S. Venkitarayan; (5) A. R. S. Noronha; (6) E. P. Shroff; (7) N. N. Sud; (8) H. J. Suntoke; (9) P. R. V. Nathan.

PRACTICE & LAW OF BANKING

(1) A. R. S. Noronha; (2) A. Lakshmana Iyer; (3) N. N. Sud; (4) H. J. Suntoke; (5) M. Dias; (6) E. R. Mama.

ENGLISH COMPOSITION

(1) M. K. Unwalla, B. Com., (2) A. R. S. Noronha; (3) E. P. Shroff; (4) Y. S. Cassam; (5) A. F. Menezea; (6) N. N. Sud; (7) D. N. Dhir; (8) P. R. V. Nathan; (9) M. Dias; (10) E. R. Mama.

COMMERCIAL GEOGRAPHY

(1) A. R. S. Noronha; (2) E. R. Mama; (3) D. N. Dhir; (4) G. W. Kothare; (5) P. R. V. Nathan; (6) M. Dias

PART II

PRACTICE & LAW OF BANKING

(1) N. S. Venkitarayan; (2) P. Phalalochanam; (3) P. S. Oomrigar; (4) F. H. Surthy; (5) R. D. Sharma.

ECONOMICS

(1) M. K. Unwalla; (2) R. N. Bulsara.

ENGLISH COMPOSITION

(1) W. D'Mello; (2) N. S. Venkitarayan; (3) M. R. Chopra.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE

(1) V. Srivastava; (2) P. Phalalochanam; (3) P. S. Oomrigar; (4) R. N. Bulsara; (5) P. A. Dookander.

COMMERCIAL GEOGRAPHY

(1) V. Srivastava; (2) P. Phalalochanam; (3) D. N. Atre; (4) B. C. Khumbatta; (5) R. D. Sharma.

INDIAN GOVERNMENT FINANCIAL ADMINISTRATION & PROCEDURE

(1) J. N. Billimoria; (2) M. N Mehrotra; (3) M. K. Unwalla; (4) N. S. Venkitarayan; (5) P. Phalalochanam; (6) R. N. Bulsara; (7) A. R. Jani.

BOOK-KEEPERS EXAM. RESULTS

The following students have passed the Institute of Book-keepers Examination held in June 1938 in the subject of Book-keeping and Accountancy:—

ASSOCIATE STAGE

(1) A. B. Khan, M. Sc., (2) S. C. K. Panthaki, B. A., (3) D. Y. Sonar; (4) M. T. Tofafros.

FELLOWS STAGE

(1) S. F. Patel; (2) R. B. Srivastao.

The following students have passed the Examinations of the Corporation of Certified Secretaries held in June 1938:—

INTERMEDIATE

(1) B. B. Ajgaonkar, (Complete).
(2) M. B. Wagh (Complete).
(3) P. N. D'Souza (Complete).
(4) P. S. Patel (Complete).
(5) B. P. Thakkar (Complete).
(6) R. N. Mehta (Complete).
(7) A. M. Vora B.A.,—Passed in the subjects of Mercantile Law and English.
(8) V. W. Kuwadekar B.A.,—Passed in the subjects of Mercantile Law, Company Law, English, Economics and Secretarial Practice.
(9) K. G. Sampat—Passed in Mercantile Law, Company Law and Economics.

FINAL

(1) S. K. Panthaki, B.A.,

(Continued in Col 5)

A NOBLE ROMANCE

OF LOVE, HEROISM, VALOUR & CHIVALRY

Presented On The Silver Screen In A Masterly Way

BOMBAY TALKIES'
Successful Screen Hit

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Starring:—

DEVIKA RANI

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2ND WEEK

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Daily 5-15; 8; 10-30
Matinee To-day
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AROUND THE COURTS

BOMBAY, Friday

An interesting point was raised to-day in the Court of Mr. Justice Blackwell at the High Court.

A suit in which Mr. Shamdasani is a plaintiff was called on, and Mr. Shamdasani who appeared in person to conduct the case, occupied a chair in the first row adjoining the table.

Thereupon, the Advocate-General, who is the counsel for the defendant, drew the attention of the Court to the fact that the chairs in the first row were reserved exclusively for members of the Bar, and as Mr. Shamdasani did not belong to the Bar, his proper place, when conducting his own case, was in the witness box. On this point he (the Advocate General) was supported by the ruling of the Allahabad High Court.

Mr. Shamdasani said that for years past whenever he conducted his own case he used to occupy a front-row seat. There was no rule of the High Court in support of the contrary view. Even in the Privy Council he was allowed to occupy a front-row seat.

His Lordship observed that as the issue had now been raised, he must give his ruling on it.

In his opinion Mr. Shamdasani had no right to occupy any of the seats reserved for members of the Bar.

Mr. Shamdasani thereupon vacated the chair he was occupying and took his seat near the witness-box.

Mr. Lawji Mandan, publisher and edior of a Gujarathi Magazine called "Garjana," was re-arrested yesterday by the police on a charge of aiding and abetting in inciting the public to murder one Lallubhai Rangildas

The accused was sentenced to one month's imprisonment by the Bombay High Court on a charge of contempt of Court in having published a defamatory article in defiance of the orders of the Court. The accused was released yesterday on the expiry of his term and re-arrested.

There is a bunch of seven cases against the accused pending before the Magistrate. In all these cases the accused stands charged with publishing obscene matter in different issues of "Garjana," dating from May 14 to July 7.

The Small Causes Court, decreed on Wednesday the claims of Ebrahim Cassam and others in four suits against the Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China. The suits were filed for recovery of the amount of certain dividend warrants for certain sums issued by the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramway Company Ltd. The sums were alleged to have been paid to third party negligently instead of to the plaintiffs, who were the rightful owners thereof. The defendants resisted the claims denying negligence and asserting that the cheques when presented did not appear to have been crossed and hence they were paid.

In his judgment Mr. M. D. Lalkaka observed that the suits were filed by the plaintiffs who are shareholders of B.E.S.T. Coy., Ltd. in respect of the dividend warrants issued by them in their favour in the form of cheque drawn on the defendant Bank. The Company sent these warants by post and although the plaintiffs did not receive them the Defendant Bank paid all of them to unauthorized persons across the counter.

The Judge held that the defendant Bank had not paid the instruments without negligence. They were not entitled to claim exemption under Section 89 of the Negotiable Instruments Act, and hence they were liable to the true owners under Section 129 of the Act.

Messrs. J. J. Sampson, P. H. Dalal, B. S. Sanjana, Advocate, appered for plaintiffs.

Girl Bound Over For Year

"The circumstances under which the accused tried to put an end to her life were very tragic. She could not forget the suicide of her lover", observed the Presidency Magistrate, Third Court, in directing Nargeshbai F. Pardiwala to be bound over in a sum of Rs. 100 for one year on a charge of attempting to commit suicide.

The accused, it will be remembered, tried to put an end to her life by taking opium, being depressed with the suicide of her lover.

CHARGED WITH SMUGGLING INTO CITY GALLON OF LIQUOR.

BOMBAY, Friday.

Ismail Kassam was arrested yesterday by the Excise police on a charge of smuggling one gallon of illict liquor from the suburbs to the city.

The accused was placed before the Presidency Magistrate, Third Court, and directed to be remanded to excise custody.

TEACHERS TO GO ON "HARTAL"

(From Our Correspondent)

ERNAKULAM, Aug. 25.

As a protest against the failure of the Madras Government to concede their demand regarding conditions of service, the aided teachers of British Cochin and of about 3,400 aided schools in British Malabar have decided to observe a complete Hartal on October 1, 1938.

THIRD WEEK

SUNDER MOVIETONE'S SUPER SOCIAL PICTURE

CHHOTE SIRKAR

LILA CHITNIS JAL MERCHANT

EDWARD

—:KALBADEVI:—

MATINEE: To-day & To-morrow at 2-30 p.m.

DAILY: 5-15, 8 & 10-45 P. M.

We Beg To Thank

publicly our numerous patrons & well-wishers, who congratulated us for our humble attempt at producing a problem picture dealing with the burning question of Polygamy.

—(Sd.) R. A. DESAI,
Manager, VISHNU CINETONE.

SEE this Hit of the Season

Fashionable Wife

OPENED & Highly COMMENDED by Smt. Jaishriben Raiji President of Bhagini Samaj.

STARRING: SUVARNA & ANILKUMAR

Daily 5, 8 & 11 p.m. SAT., SUN. & MON.: Matinee: 2 p. m.

LAMINGTON

—:TALKIES:—

—:NOTE:—

Please don't come alone — Bring your Mrs. also, as this picture particularly represents her cause!

NINE SUTTA SUSPECTS ARRESTED LAST NIGHT

BOMBAY, Friday.

An alleged sutta den was raided by the Anti-Gambling Squad last night and two persons were arrested, namely Dattaram Ganesh and Virji Ladall in the passage of house No. 58, ground floor, at Kazi Sayed Street.

Cash including marked coins and alleged sutta slips were seized

Both the accused were placed before Mr. I. S. Haji, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon and were released on bail till the 7th September.

Nasarwanji Rustomji and Kaikhushru Edulji were arrested in Agripada Section by the Anti-Gambling Squad last night in a passage on the ground floor of House No. 10, Wadia Street, Tardeo, on a charge of receiving sutta bets.

Nassarwanji Rustomji, when he was challenged, is stated to have resisted arrest.

Money, including marked coins and some chits, were alleged to have been seized by the police.

Both the persons were placed before Mr. I.S. Haji, Presidency Magistrate, Sixth Court, Mazagaon, and were remanded on bail till 7th September.

At DeLisle Road

Sakharam Dhondu was arrested at about 7 P.M. in DeLisle Road Section by Sub-Inspector J. K. Savant of the Anti-Gambling Squad last night on first floor of Dudhwalla building at Fergusson Road on a charge of receiving Sutta bets.

Accused was placed before Mr. I. S. Haji, Presidency Magistrate Mazagaon and remanded till 6th September.

Sakharam Narayan and three others including two women were arrested by the Lamington Road police last night at Liladhar building Kennedy Bridge, Ghrgaon Road, on a charge of receiving Sutta bets. Rs. 36|6 including marked coins, some slips and account books were, it is alleged, seized zy the police.

All the accused were placed to day before Mr. I. S. Haji, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon and remanded for a fortnight.

Virji Karson, Gulabchand Bhagwanji, Mahadev Sitaram, Chimanlal Lalchand, Misri Sunder, Mohanlal Ramji, Raichand Lalchand alias Rehmaldas Totaram, Setna Kalyanji, Abdul Gani, Kapurchand Tarachand, Balwantrai Jamnadas, Umedmal Hariram, Rahiman Siddiq Sadhoo Satanshing, were arrested on the third floor of House No. 45 Situated at second Bholwada in Maharboudi Section at about 4-15 p. m. yesterday.

A C. I. D. officer marked two Rupees and gave them to a bogus punter.

On a given signal the officers raided the place and arrested the persons.

A sum of Rs. 142-3-3 including the marked coins, six packs of playing cards 16 cowries were, it is alleged, seized by the police.

They were placed to-day before Mr. I. S. Haji Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon and remanded till 9th September.

"565 Man" Remanded In Police Custody

"He is a 565 man," was one of the arguments advanced to-day by a C.I.D. Sub-Inspector before the Presidency Magistrate, Third Court, in asking for a remand of Abdul Gaffar Hassambeg to police custody.

"A 565 man," according to police terminology, means a man who is directed by the police to report his residence to them.

The accused was sent to Bombay from Alipore Jail to stand his trial before the Presidency Magistrate, Fifth Court. He was discharged yesterday.

The Magistrate directed the accused to be remanded to police custody till to-morrow.

A verdict of suicide was returned, to-day, by the Bombay Coroner's jury, at the inquest held on the body of Ratamsi Chapsi (40), who was found lying dead near the Railway track behind a building at Bhat Bazar, yesterday.

The deceased is believed to have jumped from the window of his apartment in the fourth floor of Anand Bhuwan.

"Death was caused by peritonitis, following upon internal perforation, owing to the pole of a hand-cart, which the deceased was pushing, having struck her in her abdomen" this was the verdict of the Bombay Coroner's Jury, at the inquest on Margabai Megha (20), who died of injuries in the K.E.M. Hospital on August 19.

A rider was added by the Jury, by a majority of 4 to 1, holding that the injury was due to the fact that the motor lorry, which the suspect, Diwanchand Ramsaran, was driving, in a rash and negligent manner, and having dashed into the hand-cart. The collision occurred on Dharavi Road.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

Bombay—I Programme

VUB 244 metres (1,231 kc/s.)
TRANSMISSION I

a.m.
8-0 You Asked for It. 8-35 Acquaint thyself with God.
TRANSMISSION II
a.m.
11-30 Amirbai Karnataki.
noon
12-0 Match Factory, featured talk in Hindustani.
p.m.
12-15 Ratnakant (Vocal Music). 12-40 Kamla Jharia. 12-55 Market Rates, Announcements. 1-5 Off the Beaten Path. 1-30 Children's Hour.
TRANSMISSION III
p.m.
5-30 Gujarati Choruses. 5-45 Bombay Orchestra. 5-50 Venkatesh A. Kagalker of Belgaum. 6-15 Gat Tora on Tabla. 6-20 Venubai Devasthali. 6-40 AIR Nautch Orchestra. 6-45 Gujarati Garbas. 7-0 To Bhumijan. 7-45 Commercial News. 8-0 Review of Marathi books by V. H. Kulkarni. 8-15 Amirbai Karnataki. 8-30 Two Sarangis. 8-35 Venkatesh A. Kagalker. 9-0 News (Hindustani). 9-15 Amirbai Karnataki. 9-30 News. 9-45 Tales from Bazar, by Babaji. 10-0 Four Quavers. 10-20 Rhythm on Pianos. 10-40 Dance Music.

Bombay—II Programme

TRANSMISSION I
31.4 metres (9.550 kc/s.)
TRANSMISSION II
a.m.
8-0, 9-0 and 11-30 Same as in Bombay I.
TRANSMISSION III
61 metres (4.905 kc/s.)
p.m.
5-30 Same as in Bombay I.

Delhi—I Programme

VUD 340 metres (886 kc/s)
TRANSMISSION I
a.m.
7-0 Light Variety. 7-40 Veena Recital. 8-0 Bande Hasan. 8-30 Anjuman Ara. 8-40 News in English. 8-50 In Hindustani.
TRANSMISSION II
12-0 noon. Woman's World.
p.m.
12-30 Tour of Filmland. 1-0 Chosen by Listener in Nagpur.
TRANSMISSION III
p.m.
6-0 Haider Husain. 6-10 Popular Geets. 7-0 Malang Khan. 7-10 Bande Hasan. 7-30 For Villagers Only. 8-0 Shantatantra Veena Recital. 8-15 A Ghazal, talk in Hindustani by A. S. Qazalbash. 8-30 Radio Discoveries. 9-0 Birth of Tal. News, Weather. 9-15 In Hindustani. 9-30 In English. 9-45 Famous Artists. 10-0 I Take to Folk-songs, talk by Devendra Satyarthi. 10-15 Famous Artists (Contd.) 10-55 News.

Delhi—II Programme

TRANSMISSIONS I & II
31.3 metres (9.590 kc/s.)
Programme as in Delhi I
TRANSMISSION III
60 metres, (4.995) kc/s.)
p.m.
6-0 Classical Music. 6-40 Ghazals from Great Masters: Amir. 7-0 Your Choice. 7-30 Cocktail-Time. 8-0 Radhabai. 8-15 to 9-45 Programme as in Delhi I. 9-45 Bande Hasan. 10-0 to 10-15 Programme as in Delhi I. 10-15 Qudrat Ullah. 10-55 News

Delhi—III Programme

TRANSMISSIONS I & II
19.8 metres (15,160 kc/s.)
7-0 to 9-0 a.m. and 12-0 to 2-0 p.m. Programme as in Delhi I.
TRANSMISSION III
31.3 metres (9,590 kc/s.)
p.m.
6-0 Time Signal. 6-0 to 7-0 Programme as in Delhi I 7-0 to 8-15 Programme as in Delhi II. 8-15 to 9-45 Programme as in Delhi I. 9-45 to 10-0 Programme as in Delhi II. 10-0 to 10-15 Programme as in Delhi I. 10-15 to 11-0 Programme as in Delhi II.

Calcutta—I Programme

(Add 24 minutes to all timings for Calcutta time.)
VUC 370 metres (810 kc/s.)
TRANSMISSION I
p.m.
12-36 Vocal and Orchestral Selections. 1-6 Market Rates. 1-8 Vocal and Orchestra Selections (Contd.) Weather for ocean. 1-36 Great women of the world, Gargi, talk by S. S. Mullick. 2-6 Records.
TRANSMISSION II
p.m.
5-6 Records. 5-46 Uttara Debi. 6-6 For countryside. 6-36 Abbas Hossain Khan. 7-6 Gayatree. 7-51 World as it passes. 8-6 News, weather report (Bengali). 8-21 Abbas Hossain Khan. 8-41 Monorama. 9-1 Commercial news, weather report. 9-6 News. 9-21 Vocal recital. 9-36 Dance music.

Calcutta—II Programme

TRANSMISSION I
31.48 metres (9,530 kc/s)
Programme as in Calcutta I
TRANSMISSION II
61.48 metres (4.880 kc/s)
p.m.
5-6 to 8-21 Programme as in Calcutta I. 8-21 Chittaranjan Roy. 8-36 Ramprosad. 8-46 Chittaranjan Roy. 9-1 to 10-36 Programme as in Calcutta I.

Peshawar Programme

VUP 200 metres (1,500 kc/s)
p.m.
5-30 Announcements in Hindustani. 5-40 Naatia Qawwali. 6-5 Zohra Jabeen. 6-30 Fateh Ali Patialvi: Sitar. 6-40 Qawwali. 7-5 Inayat Husain Hazravi. 7-20 Zohra Jabeen. 7-45 Readings from books. 8-0 Qawwali. 8-15 Hour with villagers. News, weather report. 9-15 In Hindustani. 9-3 In English. 9-45 Zohra Jabeen. 10-5 Indian music. 10-10 Takabbur.

Lahore Programme

VUL 276 metres (1,086 kc/s.)
p.m.
6-30 Khurshidbai Hujruwali. 6-55 Violin recital: Bhimpalasi. 7-0 Ashiq Ali Khan of Patiala. 7-30 For countryside. 8-0 Khurshidbai Hujruwali. 8-15 Sanp ki Chhatri. 9-0 Ashiq Ali Khan. News, weather report. 9-15 In Hindustani. 9-30 In English. 9-45 Khurshidbai Hujruwali. 10-5 Classical music. 10-35 Khurshidbai Hujruwali.

Lucknow Programme

VUW 293.5 metres (1,022 kc/s)
p.m.
6-30 Bibi Jani of Lucknow. 6-55 P. D. Misra. 7-20 Kumari Shyama Zutshi. 7-40 Bibi Jani 8-5 Naats. 8-30 Ek tha Raja. 8-40 Ilyas Khan. 8-50 Kumari Shayama Zutshi. 9-5 Lucknow Orchestra. News, weather report. 9-15 In Hindustani. 9-30 In English. 9-45 Shall we get rid of machines? Yes: Ishtiaque Ahmad. No: Ahmad Ali. 10-0 S. N. Batanjankar.

Madras—I Programme

VUM 211 metres (1,420 kc/s)
p.m.
5-30 Venkataramana Rau: Jaltarang. 6-0 Carnatic Orchestra: 6-5 S. S Mani Bhagavathar. Vocalist. 7-15 One-act play in Telugu. Talk in Telugu by N. Seshayya. 7-30 S. S. Mani. Bhagavathar 8-0 Ganalola. Veena. 8-30 Apoha (Misunderstanding). Play in Telugu. By G. B. Rao. 9-15 News, weather report. 9-30 Step on it: On wings. Talk by D. W. Law. 9-45 La Nuit Classique. 10-8 Metiza Korjus. (Soprano). 10-24 Dansez, Dansez, s'il vous plait.

Madras—II Programme

60.6 metres (4,950 kc/s)
p.m.
5-30 to 6-0 Programme as in Madras I. 6-0 For villager (Telegu). 6-30 For villager (Tamil). 7-0 to 8-0 Programme as in Madras I. 8-0 Ariyakudi Ramanuja Iyengar. 8-30 to 9-45 Programme as Madras I. 9-45 Rukmini Kalyanum.

B. B. C. Programme

TRANSMISSION III.
GSJ 13.93 m. (21.53 Mc/s) GSH 13.97 m. (21.47 Mc/s). GSG 16.86 m. (17.79 Mc/s).
GSG (to 9-30 p.m.) 16.86 m. (17.79 Mc/s). GSF 19.82 m. (15.14 Mc/s).
p.m.
7-30 Czechoslovakia. A talk by R. W. Seton-Watson. 7-50 Wood Green Salvation Army Band. 8-30 Scots Songs. 8-45 Under Big Ben. Talk by Howard Marshall. 9-0 Recital. 9-30 The News. 9-50 Henry Hall and his Dance Orchestra. 10-50 to 11-45 p.m. Arabic Programme.
GSP 19.60 metres (15.31 Mc/s).

Travancore Ban On Cochin Journals

(From Our Correspondent)

ERNAKULAM, Aug. 25.

The Travancore Government has prohibited the entry of three newspapers from the Cochin State, namely the "Deepam" and "Gomathi", two vernacular dailies, and the "Prakasam", a weekly edited by Kemal Pasha Thayyil.

Punjab National Bank, Ltd.

To meet the incessant demands of the business community and for the convenience of the general public a branch of the bank has been established at Chakwal, with effect from the 8th August, 1938. The opening ceremony was performed by Mr. Syed Qutab Shah Nisar, Sub-Divisional Officer.

NEW EMPIRE DAILY at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

The programme includes latest WALT DISNEY'S SILLY SYMPHONY: "DONALD'S BETTER SELF" IN TECHNICOLOR.

BOOK EARLY TO AVOID DISAPPOINTMENT

Plans Open. 'Phone: 20286.

5th Week of Far-Flung Fame!

SARASWATI CINETONE'S SIX-STAR FILMUSICAL SENSATION

"Raja Gopichand"

Starring: USHA, CHANDRAKANT, LEELA, LONDHE, RATNAPRABHA, DINKER

Produced by: Dadasaheb Torney. Directed by: Bhai G. Pendharkar.

NEVER Before on the Indian Screen, Have you found

Such Melody--Such Grandeur, Such Polish--Such a Thrill!

TO-DAY, Meet His Majesty The Mendicant AT

Royal Opera House

DAILY: 5-15, 8 & 10-45 p.m. TO-DAY, TO-MOR. & MON.: MATINEE AT 2-30 P.M.

STAR FLASHES

by CHARLES BRUNO

ELLEN DREW IS LOOKING FORWARD TO HER "DEATH"— WHICH OCCURS IN "IF I WERE KING." THERE IS A TRADITION IN THE THEATRE THAT A DEATH SCENE WELL DONE DOES MORE TO ENHANCE A CAREER THAN ANYTHING ELSE.
RONALD COLMAN GREW A THREE-WEEKS BEARD FOR "IF I WERE KING".... AND THEN HAD TO SHAVE IT OFF IN FAVOR OF A PHONY ONE WHICH LOOKED MORE REALISTIC!
WHEN AN EXTRA TOTEM POLE WAS NEEDED FOR SCENES IN "SPAWN OF THE NORTH", JOHN BARRYMORE DROVE UP TO THE STUDIO ON A TRUCK BEARING THE ONE HE HAS ON HIS ESTATE.

REGAL Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

Popular fiction's mightiest man of daring . . . for the first time on the screen!

From the novel by Leslie Charteris. Directed by Ben Holmes. Produced by William Sistrom. Screen play by Charles Kaufman and Mortimer Offner.

Also the latest "MARCH OF TIME"

Capitol DAILY AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.

SUN. & MON. AT 10 A. M. "TIM TYLER'S LUCK" COMPLETE SERIAL in 24 PARTS.

GUNS WITHOUT BULLETS . . . dealing death in a crowded sports arena . . . before 20,000 mystified witnesses!
PETER LORRE
. . . as the famous Saturday Evening Post sleuth . . . joins forces with the son of Chan . . . to solve his most excitingly different case!
MR. MOTO'S GAMBLE
with
KEYE LUKE
DICK BALDWIN
LYNN BARI
DOUGLAS FOWLEY
JAYNE REGAN
HAROLD HUBER
MAXIE ROSENBLOOM
A 20th Century-Fox Picture

EXTRA!

The Great Character-Baritone

JOHN VALENTINE

in SONGS and other items on the STAGE!

You Can't Buy Love or Take It by Bribe!

KAMLESH KUMARI

will tell you that!
—SHE HAD MONEY: SHE POURED IT AT HIS FEET.

—HIS LOVE WENT TO THE GIRL WHO ONLY HAD A HEART, AND NO GOLD!

NEW THEATRES' ODE to MOTHER EARTH:

'Dharti Mata'

STARRING:

SAIGAL, UMASHASHI

KAMLESH KUMARI, JAGDISH, NAWAB, K. C. DEY, NEMO.

3rd Week

DAILY: 5, 8 & 11 P. M.
To-day, To-mor. & Mon.: 2 p.m.

MINERVA

City & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Bhadarva Sud 2, 1994
Muslim: Rajjab 1, 1357
Parsi: Aspandarmad 26, 1307
Hightide: 0-44 13-02
Lowtide: 6-43 19-17
Sunrise: 6h 22m
Sunset: 6h 59m
S S Strathmore with mails sails at 1 p.m.
Bombay Students' Conference Cowasji Jehangir Hall 5,30 p.m.

Sunday, August 28.

Bombay Students' Conference, Cowasji Jehangir Hall 4 p.m.

Monday August 29.

Ganesh Chaturthi and Samvatsari. Bank Holiday.

Domestic Occurrence

UTHAMNA

MERCHANT—Jitendra Jugmohandas Merchant, grand son of Mr. Pranjvandas Narandas and Matubhai Kasanbhai, solicitor, died on Friday, the 26th instant at 4 p.m. at Vile Parle. Uthamna ceremony on Saturday, the 27th August at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.) at Babulal Mansion, Chowpatty, Bombay.

SCHOOL OF INDIAN MUSIC

The weekly concert of the school will be held to-day (Saturday) at 5-30 p.m. at the School Hall, Benham Hall Lane Bombay 4.

BYCULLA DISTRICT CONGRESS

An ordinary monthly meeting of the Managing Council will be held to-day (Saturday) at 8-30 p.m. (S.T.) in the Committee's office.

PORT ARYA SAMAJ

The annual general meeting and election of the above Samaj, will take place to-morrow (Sunday) at 10 a.m. at the Samaj Mandir.

BOMBAY NATIONAL GUARDS

All members of the Bombay National Guards are requested to be present at the Sir C. J. Hall, to-day (Saturday) at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) in full uniform.

MATHEMATICAL COLLOQUIUM

Prof. P. S. Katti will speak on "Teaching of Geometry" in room No. 11, Royal Institute of Science to-day (Saturday) at 4-30 p.m.

ALL-INDIA COW CONFERENCE

An All-India Cow Conference and an All-India Cow Exhibition will be held at Mathura in the last week of October, 1938, under the presidentship of Sheth Chiranjilal Ramchandra Loyalka.

FLAG SALUTATION IN 'A' WARD

The monthly flag salutation ceremony will be performed at the 'A' Ward Congress Office, to-morrow (Sunday) at 8 a.m. (S.T.). Smt. Padbidri will hoist the flag

MAHA GUJARAT MANDAL

An inaugural meeting of the Maha Gujarat Mandal will be held to-day at 5-30 p.m. in the Blavatsky Lodge Hall, Chowpatty, when Sheth Mathuradas Vassanji Khimji will preside.

"THE RUSSIAN TRIALS"

The lecture on "The Russian Trials" will be delivered by Mr. M. R. Masani to-day (Saturday) at 9 p.m. at Mr. Ghia's Bungalow, Lajpatrai Road, Vile Parle (West).

BOMBAY MEDICAL UNION

There will be a discussion on Asthma, at the Bombay Medical Union, Blavatsky Lodge Building, French Bridge, Chowpatty, to-day (Saturday) at 8-45 p. m. (S.T.).

BASIC ENGLISH

The Study Circle will not meet to-morrow (Sunday) at 10 a.m. on account of a lecture to be delivered at the same time by the Hon. Mr. Sampurnanand, Education Minister, United Provinces, at Blavatsky Lodge.

KHER TO PERFORM OPENING

Vile Parle Municipal market on Mangibai Road and Anandibai Keskar Recreation Park on Parleshwar Road will be opened to-morrow (Sunday) at 8-30 a.m. by Hon. Mr. B. G. Kher, Bombay Premier.

ASTHIKA SAMAJ

A series of discourses on "Sampurna Ramayanam" will be conducted in Tamil daily at 5-30 p.m. from to-day (Saturday) by Brahmashree Sastra Ratna Subramania Sastrigal of Thethiyur in the Samaj Hall

BOMBAY NORTH AND SUBURBAN SECONDARY TEACHERS' ASSN.

Some educational films will be exhibited to the members to-day (Saturday) in King George English School, Dadar at 4 p.m.

RAJA YOGA

Swami Sambuddhananda of Ramakrishna Ashram, Khar, will deliver a public lecture at the Batliboi's Accountancy Institute Hall to-day (Saturday) at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) on "The Place of Pranayam (the necessity of Breath Control) in Ashtanga Yoga Sadhana."

ELOCUTION COMPETITION

Under the auspices of the Young Men's Parsi Association, a elocution competition for Parsi Collegians will be held to-day (Saturday) at 6-15 p.m. at Sir Jivanji Mody Memorial Hall, 134-136, Apollo Street, Fort, Professor Sorab R. Davar, will preside.

CENTRAL INCOME-TAX COMMITTEE

A meeting of the Central Income-tax Committee appointed by the public meeting of representatives of commercial associations and public bodies of Bombay will be held in the hall of the Bombay Silk Merchants' Association, Kalbadevi, to-day (Saturday) at 5-30 p. m. (S. T.).

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

EDWARD—"Chhote Sirkar". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p. m.
SUPER—"Yangrilla". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
EROS—"Blockade." Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"The Saint in New York." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Vachan". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
CAPITOL—"Mr. Moto's Gamble". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Jailor". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
PATHE—"Sally, Irene and Mary". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m. Sunday morning show at 10 a.m.
WELLINGTON—"Marie Walewska". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Raja Gopichand". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
MINERVA—"Dharti-Mata". Daily at 5, 8 and 11 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Gopal Krishna". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Baghban". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
LAMINGTON—"Fashionable Wife." Daily at 5, 8 and 11 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2 p.m.
BROADWAY—"Border Town". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
METRO—"Swiss Miss." Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"The Life and Loves of Beethoven". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Dharma Veer." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.

MARATHA STUDENTS' ASSOCIATION

There will be a lecture to-day (Saturday) at 6 p.m. at the Madhav Maharaj Shinde Hall (Sandhurst Road, Girgaum) when Mr. P. R. Lele will speak on "Federation". Mr. G. V. Jadhav will preside.

AT GHATKOPAR

Under the auspices of Ghatkopar Taluka Congress Committee, a monthly national flag salutation will be held at the Ghatkopar Satyagraha Chhavni, to-morrow (Sunday) at 8 a.m.

FELLOWSHIP UNION DINNER

A social and a dinner of the Fellowship Union will be held to-day (Saturday) at 7 p.m. at the Fellowship School premises, Tanker Villa, Gowalia Tank, when Hon. Babu Sampurnanand, Education Minister, U. P., and the Hon. Mr. K. M. Munshi will be the Guests of Honour.

SCIENCE LECTURES

Under the joint auspices of the Royal Institute of Science and the B. P. Adult Education Association, Dr. Y. G. Naik and Mr. C. R. Talapade will give their seventh lecture in Gujarati and Marathi respectively, on "Physics and Chemistry" to-day (Saturday) at 3 p.m. in room No. 2 and Room No. 32 of the Royal Institute of Science.

SOCIAL SERVICE LEAGUE

The Voluntary Social Workers' Training Class will meet to-day (Saturday) at Tutorial High School, Grant Road, when Dr. H. D. Khote, D.P.H., M.R.C.P., Grant Medical College, will deliver a lecture on "Hygiene and Medical Relief" from 5 to 6 p.m. (S.T.).

ADVANCED CLASS

The Voluntary Social Workers' Training Class (Advanced) on "Urban Co-operation" will meet to-day (Saturday) at the League's Head Office, Sandhurst Road, when Prof. H. L. Kaji, M.A., I.E.S., J.P., will deliver a lecture on "Distributive Co-operation Earlier Stages" from 6-30 to 7-30 p.m. (S.T.).

Students are requested to attend in time.

POSTAL NOTICE

Registered and unregistered correspondence other than letters and postcards for Australia and New Zealand per s.s. 'Ormonde' via Madura and Colombo will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 8-30 and 9 a.m. respectively on Wednesday, the 31st instant.

WILSON HIGH SCHOOL OLD BOYS' UNION

A send-off to Mr. S. K. Bhivandkar, B.A., B.T., Hon. Secy. W. H. S. O. B. U. who is shortly proceeding to England for higher studies will be given to-day (Saturday) at 5 p.m. (S.T.) in the Wilson High School.

An extraordinary general meeting will be held on the same day immediately after the abovementioned function is over.

Shamdasani v. Mayor

Messrs. Kanga and Company, solicitors, write:—

We represent Mr. Sultan Chinoy in the above matter which came on for hearing before the acting Chief Judge of the Small Causes Court yesterday the 25th instant.

Our attention has been drawn to the report appearing in your issue of date.

We are instructed to point out that the report is not accurate. Our client did not ask for any adjournment but Mr. Shamdasani had given to our client notice that he would apply for adjournment and it was on this that the learned Judge was pleased to fix the 14th September next at 3-30 p.m. as the first day for hearing and thereafter from day to day at 3-30 p.m. until the matter was disposed of.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(BY A SUBURBAN MAN)

After about a week of bright sunshine, the suburbs had a rainy day. With rain from the very early hours of the morning the office going people were put into terrible inconvenience.

Accompanied with a strong gale the downpour was responsible for the drenching of most of the suburban railway stations that are only protected from the sun, but have very little protection from rain.

Every train on both the B.B. & C.I. Railway and the G.I.P. Railway lines had wet seats. The cause of this, I have on many occasions written, is the carelessness on the part of the railway employees, who fail to close the shutters before the train goes to the yard. What is really wanted is stricter supervision.

It rained throughout the day and most of the low-lying places were flooded.

SATYANARAYAN FESTIVAL

Recently under the auspices of the Hindu Yuwak Sangh (The Young Hindu Club) of Juhu, the annual festival of Shri Satyanarayan was celebrated in an auspicious manner. The ceremonies were performed by Satyanarayan Samiti.

The villagers from Juhu and the surrounding places flocked in large numbers and the Shivalaya was so completely filled up that large crowds had to go back.

The celebration concluded with two historic dramas by the members of the above club. "Vir Baji Brabhu" was enacted by the boys while the girls enacted "Hinduchya Sanadevata". Both the plays were performed very creditably and produced a very high standard of entertainment.

Dr. Atal's Lecture

Under the auspices of the Ismail College Union, Jogeshwari, Dr. Atal, the leader of the Indian Congress Medical Unit to China, will deliver a lecture to-day (Saturday), at 1-30 p.m. in the Ismail College Hall, Jogeshwari.

Flag Salutation

AT CONGRESS HOUSE

The monthly flag salutation ceremony, under the auspices of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, will be held to-morrow (Sunday) at 8 a.m. (S.T.) at the Congress House. Sjt. Bhawanji A. Khimji, the treasurer of the B. P. C. C., will unfurl the National Flag.

AT BYCULLA

Monthly flag salutation ceremony will be performed to-morrow (Sunday) at 8 a.m. in the Committee's office by Sjt. R. K. Achrekar

IN 'G' WARD

Monthly flag salutation in 'G' Ward will be performed at 8 a.m. to-morrow (Sunday) in the open compound of Yellow Bungalow, Dharavi. Sjt. I. S. Patel will unfurl the flag.

IN 'F' WARD

Under the auspices of the 'F' Ward District Congress Committee, the monthly flag salutation will be held to-morrow (Sunday) at 8 a.m. (S.T.) at the Committee's office, Poibavdi, Parel. Sjt. S. B. Mahadeshwar, Vice-President of the Committee, will unfurl the Flag.

FEDERATION

The inaugural lecture in the lecture series on the New Constitution of India organised by the Bombay Presidency Adult Education Association will be delivered by Prof. G. N. Joshi on 'Federation' to-day (Saturday) at 6 p.m. in Wilson College, Chowpatty, Bombay. Prof. P. A. Wadia will preside.

ACWORTH LEPER HOME

The President of the Board of Management of the Acworth Leper Home, Matunga, acknowledges with thanks the receipt of the following donations to the Home received during the months of April, May and June 1938:—

1. Mrs. P. H. D. Kanga, Rs. 50.
2. Mrs. Dr. M C. Avari, in memory of the death anniversary of her beloved mother, Rs. 35.
3. The Members of the Telegraph Department, Bombay (through Mr. H. Hutson, Asstt. Superintendent, Central Telegraph Office, Bombay), Rs. 10.
4. Mr. Ratilal T. Sodha, Rs. 2.
5. Mr. Amarshi Damodar, Rangoon Rice, 6 Quarts.
6. The Cloth Merchants of Mulji Jetha Market (through Mr. Panachand Abhechand) Mangoes 1,000 Puris 15½ Quarts.
7. Mr. Harchand Kapurchand Masters and others. Puris 3¼ Quarts, Mangoes 800.
8. Mr. Premji Nagardas and Bros. Mangoes 316 Nos. Puris 632 Nos.
9. Messrs. Surajmal Lallubhai and Co., Mangoes 325 Nos.
10. Mr. Ambalal Talakhchand, Mangoes 400 Nos. Puris 2 Quarts.
11. The Grain Merchants of Ghatkoper (through Mr. Jethabhai Vejpal) Sweet limes 644 Nos.

Newspaper—The "Hindu"

Sweets from:—

Messrs. Ranglal Todi; Nensee Lakhamdas and Co.,; Cooverji Shivaji, Cooverji Keshavji and Rajmal Amchand; Raishee Teju; the Grain Merchants of Matunga Bazar (through Mr. Cooverji Meghji Patel); Messrs. Teju Kaya Contractors; Hussenbhai Ahmedbhai; Tokershi Mulji and Co.; Damodardas Parshottamdas Barfiwala and Kerchand Popatlal.

BOMBAY STUDENTS' CONFERENCE

President To Arrive To-day

The Hon. Babu Sampurnanand, (Education Minister of U. P.) and Mr. Ansar Harwani, the General Secretary of the All-India Students' Federation, who are to preside and inaugurate respectively the Bombay Students' Conference, which is to be held to-day (Saturday) will arrive at Victoria Terminus to-day (Saturday) at 11 a.m. by the Punjab Mail. The Conference will be held at Sir C. J. Hall.

PATHE

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: SATURDAY, AUGUST 27, 1938

THE PANCHAYAT BILL

The Bill to amend the Village Panchayat Act, introduced by the Minister for Local Self-Government in the Bombay Legislative Assembly on Thursday, is but one of the many measures undertaken by the present Government for the reconstruction of rural life in the Presidency. The Bill is a great improvement on the present Act and if it becomes law, as we are sure it will be, it is bound to bring about a radical change in our rural conditions. In the first place it will teach villagers the lesson of self-reliance and self-government, an invaluable equipment in the struggle for national Self-Government. It will also help in better utilising the resources of a village in men and money in the satisfaction of its local wants. The advantages of a well-planned Panchayat system are indeed too obvious to be stated in detail. But the present Act is not potent enough to revive an ancient institution annihilated by the British rule. If proof is wanted in support of this view it is found in the fact that now only 447 villages have Panchayats out of a total of 21,484 villages.

Outstanding Features

The main feature of the new Bill is that it compulsorily establishes panchayats in all villages with a population of 2,000 or more, whereas the present Act only gives villages the option to have them. Compulsion is necessary in breaking the apathy induced by the conditions under British rule. Another outstanding feature of the Bill is that it confers some judicial powers on the panchayats so as to ensure cheap and speedy justice in very minor cases which can be tackled with the aid of commonsense and fair-mindedness even without the knowledge of legal technicalities. If in any case there is miscarriage of justice, the Bill contains provisions to meet such contingencies. Village benches are known to have functioned very well in the United Provinces, the Central Provinces and in the Punjab. A third important feature of the Bill is that it makes a better financial provision for the maintenance of the panchayats than the present Act does. Government have granted rupees four lakhs to meet the expenditure of holding elections and for giving subventions to the panchayats. As this is non-recurrent it is essential to have some permanent source of revenue. One such source is that not less than one-fifth of the local cess fund realised within limits of a village would remain with it. But this would not be substantial revenue. Therefore the panchayats would be entitled to levy a house-tax. But, even these two sources of income will not be quite sufficient and there is considerable force in Mr. Jamnadas Mehta's plea for some contribution from the Government.

Their Composition

Exception has been taken to some of the provisions about the composition of a panchayat and the method of appointing its secretary. For instance the provision to reserve seats for Muslims and Harijans has been objected to on the ground that it puts a premium on communalism in the remotest villages and invites demands for reservation from other minorities. The objection is certainly not unreasonable. But when communalism is already in the air elections are certainly likely to create communal disputes. One has often to choose between two evils and it is a lesser evil to reserve seats for dissatisfied minorities, under a system of joint electorates. Whether Christians in any particular area should be entitled to reservation is a question that may well be considered by the Select Committee. The whole communal question may be reconsidered after the new law has had a few years' trial. As regards the appointment of the secretary, he is at present appointed by the Panchayat subject to the approval of the Standing Committee of the District Local Board. But the Bill gives the power of appointing the Secretary to the Government. The secretary, however, will have no independent powers, but will have to carry out the orders of the Panchayat. We think it a better plan to vest the power of appointing the secretary in the Panchayat itself, subject to the approval of Government, provided that in the first four or five years after the enforcement of the new law the appointment may be made by Government direct.

Premier's "Ill-Health"

The secret meetings of Conservatives at the Carlton Club may well mean that the days of Mr. Chamberlain as Prime Minister are numbered. Catarrh, even though it necessitate specialist attention, is not by any means a serious malady. But it is a time-honoured and accepted tactic in British politics to exploit the excuse of bad health for getting rid of inconvenient leaders. The campaign that has been started from the Carlton Club is, however, welcome. Even in the brief space of time during which Mr. Chamberlain has been Premier he has fully proved himself a disastrous failure. But this is not to say that the retirement of Mr. Chamberlain, which would be welcome enough in itself, would usher in any new era in the policies of Great Britain. The objection of the Carlton Club Conservatives appears to be to the personality rather than to the political principles of the British Premier. From no point of view, National, Imperial or International, is there anything to choose between Mr. Chamberlain, on the one hand, and Sir John Simon or Sir Samuel Hoare, on the other. But it is of interest to note that Sir John Simon's gradual metamorphosis from a hundred per cent Liberal to a hundred per cent Conservative—trusted of Right Tories—is now complete.

Necessary Protest

It will be remembered that the Japanese censor, at Shanghai had suppressed Reuter's telegram regarding the inhuman attack on the Chinese liner. It will also be remembered that Japanese official spokesmen had the blatant hardihood to justify this grossly objectionable action of the Japanese Naval authories. It is true that reports of such inhumanities would influence world opinion against Japan. But for this very reason it is the duty of others to see that these reports do reach the outside world and are not illegally tampered with by perpetrators of brutality. We are particularly glad that the British Ambassador has, in his written protest against the censor's action, added that "the British Government does not admit that the Japanese have any right to censor either the outgoing or incoming telegrams in Shanghai addressed to or from British subjects." But a mere affirmation of British rights is not enough. What is wanted is that Britain must see that these rights are enjoyed in fact and not crushed under Britain's own policy of "realism."

PAPER TARIFF BOARD

Surcharge Removal Uneconomic

(By Sarabhai)
I

Attention rivets on the official explanation that in selecting the personnel of Tariff Boards, the Government's endeavour is to secure people well versed in the particular industries which they are asked to investigate, (2) that they have also to see that monopolies are not created in any trade or industry and (3) that they have to safeguard the interests of consumers and producers. This was in reply to the Hon. Sir Chhoturam, the Development Minister of the Punjab Government who sought, in the Punjab Assembly for the representation on the Board of the interest vitally concerned in the industry under investigation. This request was negatived with the official argument stated at the outset.

Personnel of the Board.

Envisaging the personnel of the Indian Tariff Board regarding the removal of surcharge on protective duties on paper and pulp, one may enquire which of the members so secured was well versed in the industries of making paper or pulp from indigenous raw materials and where was the economist. The next important question is whether a grievance against the surcharge was made by the consumers or the producers and also whether the interim award and ultra prompt action by the Government in accordance with it would favour creation of monopolies. Topping above all is the question whether India attained self-sufficiency with (a) paper of her own manufacture (b) with her indigenous pulp which is and ought to be the sole aim and essential objective of Protective Duties.

Removal of Surcharge

So far as public knowledge goes no consumer complained against the surcharge and in this era of concentrated economic nationalisms no intelligent patriotic Indian would do so.

From the information in the Quarterly Bulletin of the Imperial Institute (April-June 1938) Page 174, Para 1, it is learnt that some Indian producers desired the removal of the surcharge. The statement in the Bulletins reads "Indeed last year the Paper Makers' Association found it necessary to draw attention to the dangers of over-production arising from the fact that new Mills with a productive capacity of 38,000 tons of paper of protected quality were either under construction or were projected."

It appears that the well entrenched mills of old standing must be apprehensive of the danger of overproduction and agreeable to the removal of the surcharge. The Board has evidently agreed with them and the prayers of the others surviving because of protection remain unconsidered.

Stifling All Urge

The Board remain unconcerned that the marginal units, according to their own finding, eking out a precarious existence shall surely linger out to exhaustion by the removal of the surcharge and that all urge for producing more Indian paper and indigenous pulp will be nipped in the bud, and that the ambition and effort for producing superior qualities will be strangulated:—When the new mills in building and in project are thus disabled would not the result create monopoly for the big three inspite of all the professed official care against it? In the normal course it would.

The Reference suggests urgency for the Interim Report, if the Board felt that the removal was justifiable. And so it is done. And Government with promptitude usually unknown of them in such matters have done away with the 25 per cent. surcharge which materially helped the manufacture of paper and pulp from India's abundant and unindustrialised raw materials.

The why and wherefor of the urgency are not explained. Among the reasons given for the removal, the main ones are:—(1) the Consumers' interests, (2) Overprotection and the consequent high price, (3) Overproduction detrimental to the industry itself.

(1) When the penetration of foreign factory products is facilitated the unfailing official excuse is commiseration for the consumer, who is always better off by industrialisation for the added avenues of employment, it affords to him the land having been over-crowded and having reached the stage of diminishing returns.

The Consumers' Interest

Though commiseration for him has too often been brimming over official lips any significant measure officialy undertaken to improve his workless predicament is yet unknown in India.

Overprotection

According to the Board the surcharge was overprotection and

(Continued on page 11, col. 3)

OUR LONDON LETTER

Prospects Of Federation

(From Our Own Correspondent)

LONDON, Aug. 20.
(By Air Mail).

Until the question of Federation is finally disposed of in some way or other it will inevitably continue to be the chief subject of discussion in all political circles interested in India. But, for the present, at any rate, no one quite knows when, if ever, the Federal scheme is likely to be launched—and when I say no one I do not exclude either the Viceroy, the Secretary of State for India or any of the others who are our rulers to-day. The official reticence on the subject is not to be ascribed merely to the usual bureaucratic habit of withholding news from the public.

Uncertainty About Federation

My own impression is that even the Cabinet and its advisers are as much in the dark about the future, even the next year or two, as the most ill-informed man in the street. As a matter of routine work, of course, the necessary preparations, administrative and otherwise, for Federation are being continued in a languid fashion. But everything hinges necessarily on the big political factor and that is for the time being shrouded in mystery, impenetrable to official as well as to unofficial eyes. One of the major considerations which will determine the ultimate decision is the movement of opinion in the Congress. The recent controversies in the Indian press and elsewhere, controversies in which important Congressmen have figured, have to some extent resulted in confusing the position. Before these controversies began it was assumed by the general public that the Congress denunciation of the Government of India Act would be supported by whatever action is necessary and that the Congress would carry on an uncompromising struggle for the right of the Indian people to frame their own constitution unhampered by British Imperialism.

Congress Must Decide

The statements and counter-statements, lectures and manifestoes, that have appeared on the subject during the last few months have, however, aroused the suspicion that there are elements in the Congress which are striving not for a Constituent Assembly but for a liberalisation of an Act passed by the Imperialist Parliament

Governing Factors

The ambiguity and hesitation in Congress circles that this controversy has revealed could not have been entirely unwelcome to the Government. For the greater the dissentients that reveal themselves among the Indian people the more pleased they are. But I am not at all sure that even this has had any effect in hastening a decision on the question of Federation. Everything will depend, of course, on the kind and extent of modifications that are demanded by the Congress and on the Government estimate of the capacity of the Congress to put up a united fight for those demands. As I say, whether any such proposal for a modification of the present Constitution Act has been informally submitted to the Government is not known. It is possible, of course, that even if no such demands have yet been put forward formally or informally by the Congress the Viceroy may be engaged in consultation with the Prime Minister, the Secretary of State for India and others here as to the extent to which the Government could consider making concessions in the event of the Congress wishing to open negotiations. That a settlement of these issues would be facilitated if the Secretary of State himself were to visit India is a suggestion that is now being canvassed by various persons interested in the Indian problem. It is very doubtful, however, whether the Prime Minister is likely to give his mind to the subject until towards the end of the summer recess when all his colleagues would be back in London.

Government Indifferent?

Meanwhile, there is one school of opinion which holds that the Government is by no means anxious to accelerate the constitutional development of India and that it would be quite willing to let matters drift for a year or two. The calculation on which this view is founded is roughly that the Government anticipates increasing difficulties for the Congress Cabinets and for the Congress Movement as a whole in the immediate future; and that in the event the Government would find itself the gainer. The breakdown of the negotiations between the Muslim League and the Congress has naturally reinforced the hopes of those who feel that the longer communal unity is postponed in India the more secure will the British Raj be and the less necessary for that Raj to go out of its way to make any concessions that it does not chose to. I have had it seriously put to me that the Government would be quite content to shelve the Federal project, quite unobtrusively, of course, until even 1942.

Some Muslims' Protest

A group of Muslims in London have been staging a demonstration of which many of their countrymen, including the authorities of the Woking Mosque and the Muslim Society of Great Britain, feel ashamed. I refer to the demonstrative protest against a passage in Mr. Wells' short "History of the World", published over

(Continued on page 9, col. 4)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

HUNGARY JOINS AXIS

Protestations of mutual friendliness and affection were exchanged between Herr Hitler and Admiral Horthy at the State banquet held in the honour of the latter. One or two things emerge from the speeches which deserve to be noted. Hungary, by reason of Admiral Horthy's reference to Germany and Italy, has proclaimed herself almost formally to be a part of the Rome-Berlin axis in spite of the recent Agreement with the Little Entente. It is, threfore, not at all surprising that she should renounce her claims to Burgenland which now forms part of Gemany. Herr Hitler on his part has given the assurance that "we as neighbours have established as final our historical frontiers." This is a guarantee that he will not encroach upon Hungarian territory. It, however, means very little as a moral pledge—a similar guarantee was given to Austria which was annexed a few months later. Herr Hitler will honour this pledge as long as Hungary enjoys the protection of Italy. This Hungary knows and this is what non-Axis Powers ought to note.

SMUTS' STATEMENT

General Smuts, the eminent "Imperial statesman" would not be the great friend of Britain which he is very well-known to be, if he did not plead for—his speech is not at all an "assurance"—South Africa standing by Britain in the event of war. This is not surprising at all. Nor is it surprising that London should receive it with the greatest pleasure and consider it of "great interest at the present juncture." But this very reaction emphasizes the fact that the Dominions are free to join Britain or not in a war. General Smuts' statement does not add to any cement binding the Empire together. It rather brings into relief the fact that Dominions are not bound to Great Britain—otherwise he would not have felt it necessary to make any statement about South Africa's support. What is still more significant is that he was compelled to stress that it was all his "personal opinion." And the significance of this remark is brought into relief by the refusal of the S. African Premier to commit himself regarding his Government's attitude towards a war in which Britain is engaged.

ANOTHER FIGHT FOR LIBERTY

The situation in Travancore is getting very grave indeed. On the one hand the leaders of the State Congress have already inaugurated a campaign of Satyagraha against the unjust orders prohibiting their public meetings. On the other hand the Government have started the usual engines of repression and have arrested the Satyagrahi leaders. They have also started a campaign of misrepresentation, trying to make out that a number of persons are "inciting people to violence." It is upto the Satyagrahis to frustrate this campaign by remaining non-violent even under grave provocation. They have already exposed the lie that they are about to start general Civil Disobedience. They have also appealed to the public to remain scrupulously peaceful. Any lapse from non-violence should be unequivocally discountenanced. If only the Satyagrahis and the public keep up to the last perfect non-violence, their success is a foregone conclusion.

PIER AT NOVHA

Our special representative at Poona in his message the other day stated that the Government of Bombay would soon announce their decision to return 28 acres of land in Novha Island to the Trustees of Sir Mohammad Yusuf Trust. This piece of land, which belonged to the father of Sir Mohammad Yusuf was, in 1887, handed over by him to the Government of Bombay without any compensation for dock purposes. In 1891 the dock built there was abandoned and the land ceased to be required for dock purposes and though repeated requests were made by Sir Mohammad Yusuf as well as his late father to restore the land not only was the land not returned to the rightful owner, but the persistent demand of the public for the provision of satisfactory landing arrangements was also not met. As is well-known, a large number of citizens of Bombay visit Novha Island, which is one of the beauty spots in Bombay harbour, not merely for picnics but also in connection with several charitable institutions established there and they have to undergo considerable hardship and inconvenience owing to the absence of proper landing arrangements. On the advent of the Congress Government the Trustees of Sir Mohammad Yusuf Trust approached Government with a request for the restoration of the land and coupled their request with an offer to repair the existing dillapidated stone-pier and keep it open to the public for purposes of embarkation and disembarkation and also to keep the two bungalows on the land open to Government Officers and other persons who visit Novha to see the charitable institutions or for picnic purposes. We are glad that, in response to this request and offer and to the representations recently made to the Premier by a number of landing citizens and the Passengers' and Traffic Relief Association, the Government of Bombay contemplate the restoration of the land,—which, we may add, is the only suitable place in that island for a pier—to the Trustees of Sir Mohammad Yusuf.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

Don't envy the alligator his great snap.

An epicure says hard-boiled eggs are hard to beat.

A groundless rumour manages to cover a good deal of ground.

Methuselah lived 969 years—but doctors were scarce in those days

Good deeds always speak for themselves when they call for improved real estate.

Why does every man who hears of a man-hating woman believe she would alter her views if she were to meet him?

WITHOUT COMMENT—

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta in his reply expressed his surprise that though Sir Ali Mahomed Khan came from Delhi he did not know the state of affairs prevailing in Delhi. (Laughter). Unfortunately all reactionary things which existed were brought about during the period Sir Ali Mahomed Khan was occupant of the Chair. (Laughter)."

—Bombay Assembly Proceedings.

* * * *

The All-Travancore Youth League and Travancore State Congress have been declared unlawful associations by the Travancore Government.

We welcome the declaration. It is invariably the penultimate stage in the progress towards the triumph of the people.

* * *

A mass meeting at Peshawar has accused the Muslim League—apropos of its attitude on the Army Bill—of being "the mainstay of Imperialism in India."

Speaking on behalf of the League, Mr. Nauman would, on the contrary, proudly boast of it.

* * * *

It is reported that Mr. Knuhro called on Sardar Vallabhbhai on behalf of Sir Ghulam Husain Hidayatullah and his party—which includes the two Sind members of the Muslim League Executive—with certain suggestions for a coalition with the Congress.

Mr. Jinnah is understood to be about to issue a statement strongly condemning the anti-Muslim designs of the Congress in allowing his followers to approach it.

* * * *

General Hertzog declared in the South African Assembly that "the Union has no official National Anthem until the English and Africans sections of the community agree to an appropriate one."

Eh? The trouble arises out of the fact that no compromise has been arrived at even on the basis of giving equal status to the British and Africans Anthems.

You follow now? Good?

* * * *

The Chinese Ambassador has informed Lord Halifax that the Japanese had wiped out two Chinese battalions on Kinkiang Front with poison gas.

We hope the British Foreign Secretary definitely rejected the information before he went to Yorkshire to hunt foxes or whatever he wanted to do there.

* * * *

French circles in London indicate the necessity of an Anglo-French exchange of views arising out of the situation in Central Europe and Spain.

British circles in London will fully agree lest the French might rush to the conclusion that Franco's reply demands the obvious and unavoidable response.

* * * *

Herr Hitler has given a pledge that he will not violate the Frontier of Hungary.

Admiral Horthy ought to beware of history repeating itself. Like a similar pledge ridden Austria he might one day find his country become a part of Germany and himself a prisoner awaiting trial as Doctor Schuschnigg is doing.

It all began with a guarantee by the Fuhrer.

* * * *

A TEA-TIME THOUGHT

"Coue complained that his famous formula, 'Every day and in every way I'm getting better and better,' was of little use in America. It took too long to say. Americans just cut it down to 'Hell, I'm wel.'l"

—G. H. Estabrooks.

* * * *

"On the day on which my wedding occurred—"

"You'll pardon the correction, but affairs such as marriages receptions, dinners and things of that sort 'take place.' It is only calamities which 'occur.' You see the distinction?"

"Yes, I see. As I was saying the day on which my wedding occurred—".

Optimistic Outlook For Sudeten Problem

Czech Ministers Confer

Hungarian And Pole Minorities Demand Better Treatment From Govt.: New Bases For Negotiations With Sudetens

PRAGUE: August 26.

YESTERDAY'S MINISTERIAL MEETINGS FORGED A NEW BASIS FOR NEGOTIATIONS WHICH, IT IS HOPED, WILL BE ACCEPTABLE TO THE SUDETENS.

The nature of the new offer is not discussed, but authoritative quarters declare that the official outlook is somewhat more optimistic.

Earlier it was stated that important meetings of the Ministers were held yesterday under the presidency of President Benes. Not only was the general political situation discussed but there is reason to believe that the military situation was also examined.

"Reuter" is informed, however, that no extraordinary measures are contemplated, nor any of immediate character.

On the other hand there has been a growing number of incidents recently in which arms were seized, which were being smuggled into the Sudeten districts. The seizures seem to indicate that attempts are being made over a fairly wide area to get rifles and pistols into the hands of the stormtroops organisation of the Sudeten Party.

Hungarian Minorities

Lord Runciman to-day saw 'inter alia' representatives of the Hungarian group led by Count Esterhazy who in a statement to "Reuter" said that he told Lord Runciman that they had same claims as the Sudetens, and would make common cause with the Sudetens in their struggle for their rights, but this did not mean that they would reject in advance any reasonable offers by the Government. They regretted that hitherto no proposal was made to them.

A meeting of Hungarian Parliamentary representatives on the other hand is reported to have decided that Government's proposals were inadequate.

The Poles also are taking similar line more or less in agreement with the Germans.—Reuter.

Rapid Progress In Czech-Nazi Frontier Fortifications

BERLIN, Aug. 25.

Political circles here are anxiously awaiting news from Prague with regard to progress towards reconciling the two extreme viewpoints, but the protracted dispute is causing increasing nervousness. Political circles vary in opinions from doubtful to despondent.

The general feeling among well-informed foreign observers here is that Czechs and Germans have committed themselves so deeply that they have made retreat without loss of prestige difficult, if not impossible. Observers here are in two minds whether the German demands for autonomy would stop at their fulfilment or whether they mask an ambition to control the whole Danubian Basin.

FORTIFICATIONS

Meanwhile latest reports from the Frontier districts indicate that rapid progress is being made with fortifications. The general scheme of the defenc apparently is erection of blockhouses of reinforced concrete to complete gun-emplacements at tactical points. The scheme should be reasonably near completion by the end of September.—Reuter.

Dr. Hodza's Plan

Czechoslovakia To Be Divided Into Sectional Regions?

PRAGUE, Aug. 26.

Dr. Hodza is meeting the Parliamentary Sub-Committee to-day to discuss the general situation. The Government are prepared to envisage certain concessions, it is believed, on the lines of a plan, involving the division of Czechoslovakia into Sudeten German, Czech, Slovak and Hungarian regions, responsible for their own affairs, all to be represented in the State Parliament at Prague.

The proposals are expected to meet with much opposition from the Parliamentary Group.—Reuter.

WESTERN COMMAND TO GO?

New Orders To Take Effect From November

SIMLA, Aug. 26.

The "United Press" learns that definite orders have been passed for the abolition of the Western Command Headquarters at Karachi. This takes effect from November 1.

This Command will be replaced by a District Headquarters to be known as the Western District District at Quetta. This new District will include the same area as that for which the Western Command was responsible. This means that two independent Brigade areas of Sind and Zhob will now come under the new District comprising four Brigades.

The object of this change is economy and efficiency. It is anticipated that a saving of a big amount would result from this reorganisation. The troops in the Western Command area in peace time would remain substantially unaltered in numbers. But two infantry Brigades and one Artillery Brigade would be transferred from the field Army to covering Troops. The Second Division would be abolished. This makes one Infantry available as Reserve, and certain other Troops which are needed to complete third and fourth Divisions of the Brigade.

Nothing is so far known as to the effect this change will have on the promotion and now many senior appointments would go with the abolition of the Command. It is quite likely that some appointments might be absorbed by other formations.—United Press.

GERMANY & POWERS

Desire For Peaceful Settlement Of Sudeten Question

PRAGUE, Aug. 26.

The newspaper "Prager Abendzeitung" states "The German Government had made representations to several Powers expressing a desire for a peaceful settlement of the Sudeten question, but point out that a solution must not be much longer delayed, otherwise Germany will use all means to support Sudeten claims.

It is added this support must not be regarded as an attack upon Czechoslovakia.

It is further alleged that representations were not made to France but Moscow and that German representations added that as a proof of her peaceful intentions in Germany remained neutral in the quarrel between Japan and Russia.—Reuter's Special.

Not To Br. Govt.

LONDON, Aug. 26

It is learned, no such representation has been made to the British Government.—Reuter.

SUSSEX TEAM AGAINST 'AUSSIES'

LONDON, Aug. 26.

Sussex team against the Australians will be selected from:—

Homes, Stainton, Bartlett, Griffith, John Langridge James, Parks, Harry Parks, James Langridge, Cox, Jim Cornford, Hammond, Charles Oakes, Nye Wood.—Reuter.

BUTLER'S SUCCESSOR TO VISIT INDIA

Dr. Pillai's Impressions Of Geneva Conference

BOMBAY, Aug. 26.

"By far the most outstanding feature of this year's International Labour Conference at Geneva was the amplitude and variety of discussions on the Director's report and the lucid and interesting review by Mr. Harold Butler, on the social conditions of the Asiatic countries", said Dr. P. P. Pillai, Director of the India Branch of the I. L. O., who arrived to-day after attending the 24th session of the International Labour Conference held in June last.

SOCIAL PROGRESS HELD UP

Dr. Pillai said: "In addition to the Director's Report, the Conference had before it a most lucid and interesting review by Mr. Butler of the social conditions in the Asiatic countries, including India, which he visited last cold weather. It was a cogent and impartial case that Mr. Butler presented in his Asiatic report, in which by admitting and indeed greatly sympathising with the need for increased industrialisation in the East, he pointed out how agriculture in these countries still remained a basic factor in the economic life, and how on account of the unorganised nature of agriculture life and labour, social progress for bettering the life of industrial workers was being inevitably held up.

BUTLER'S SUCCESSOR

"Mr. Winant, who will be succeeding Mr. Butler, has a most impressive record. Mr. Winant told me," said Dr. Pillai, "that he was looking forward to visit India, where Mrs. Winant has already spent a long holiday studying agricultural problems in the united provinces".—A. P.

"Status Quo Ante Bellum" In Sind

Congress Won't Support "No Confidence" Motion Against Ministry

KARACHI, Aug. 26.

For the first time since the opening of the marine airport the Congess Tri-colour fluttered along the Quayside, held aloft by Khadi-clad men and women, who had gathered in large numbers to accord a fitting reception to Maulana Abul Kalam Azad. Mr. R. K. Sidhva, President, Karachi D. C. C., Dr. Choitram, and Acharya Kirpalani received Maulana Azad, who was profusely garlanded. After a mutual exchange of greetings Maulana Azad drove straight to Shardha Mandir where he gave "Darshan" to large numbers.

When the Mayor was introduced to him the Maulana made anxious enquiries about the agitation being carried on by the orthodox section of Bohras against the Mayor for certain references made by the Mayor in an article on the Prophet's life.

It is understood that Maulana Azad cannot stay in Karachi longer than Sunday and the negotiations are expected to conclude some time to-morrow.

CONGRESS STAND

It is yet early to forecast what the final decision would be, but from the trend of speeches of Sardar Patel and the progress of negotiations so far made, one fact clearly emerges namely that the Congress would not join hands in a "no confidence" motion against the present Ministry, while the pact arrived at between the Congress and the Ministry, whereby the Ministry agree to the postponement of the enhanced rates of assessment and issue final orders after affording an opportunity to the Assembly to record their verdict thereon and hear objections from the public, is adhered to by both parties. The question for further determination would be the extent, duration and form of support which the Congress Party should accord the present Ministry.

IT WOULD THUS APPEAR THAT A COALITION OR A FULL-FLEDGED CONGRESS GOVERNMENT HAS RECEDED TO THE BACKGROUND AND THE "STATUS QUO ANTE BELLUM" IS INDICATED.

The Premier, the Hindu Minister, and Mr. G. M. Syed are meeting Maulana Azad and Sardar Patel in the course of the day.—A. P.

KARACHI WELCOMES AZAD

KARACHI, Aug. 26.

Maulana Abul Kalam Azad arrived here at 11-30 this morning by a seaplane. A large crowd of Congressmen and Muslims including Khan Bahadur Allabux, Premier of Sind, Mr. Nichaldas Vazirani, P. W. D. Minister, Mr. Hatim Alvi, Mayor of Karachi, and Acharya J. B. Kirpalani, General Secretary of the Congress, were present at the Marine Port. On alighting from the 'plane Maulana Azad exchanged greetings with his friends and was profusely garlanded, whereafter he drove to the Sharda Mandir.

ALLABUX HECKLED

Before the 'plane arrived Khan Bahadur Allabux with his Sindhi 'Salvar' and 'Champals' was seen squatting on the ground and he had to answer a volley of questions asked by the members of the Jamiat-ul-Ulema. The Khan Bahadur in course of his answer to the members informed them what had transpired between him and Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel.

NO COALITION IN SIND

Congress To Support Present Ministry

KARACHI, Aug. 26.

Khan Bahadur Allahbux, Premier had prolonged talks lasting for three hours with Moulana Abul Kalam Azad and Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel this afternoon. In the course of discussions, Khan Bahadur Allahbux made it plain that his Ministry had not lagged behind the Congress Governments. The achievements of his Ministry in different spheres had already evoked tributes from all India Press.

Now it is practically certain, according to realiable information, that the Ministry will be supported by the Congress Party, and a compromise formula regarding the postponement of the levy of taxes for 12 months will be rectified with minor additions and alterations.

A definite announcement to this effect will be made to-morrow or Sunday.

Moulana Abul Kalam Azad observed prayers with Muslim students at the College Hostel. He was met by several distinguished Muslims including ladies.

Mr. G. M. Syed with his followers saw Moulana Azad at night.

NO COALITION MINISTRY

As Khan Bahadur Khurro and M. H. Gazdar and other Muslim M.L.A.'s who proposed to join the Congress Party issued a statement backing out of the proposal, there are no chances of formation of a Coalition Ministry. The Congress has decided to support the Allahbux Ministry because the alternative Ministry will be a rank communalist one. The Ulema of the Jamiat-ul-Ulema also met Moulana Azad and supported the idea. Moulana Azad has invited all Muslim M.L.A's. to meet him tomorrow morning.—United Press.

SAXENA TO RESIGN U. P. C. C. PRESIDENTSHIP

Letter To Executive Council

ALLAHABAD, Aug. 26.

Sensational developments have followed in the wake of reported differences between Mr. Mohanlal Saxena, M.L.A., (Central), President of the U. P. Provincial Congress Committee and members of the Executive Council of the Committee. In the course of a letter to members of the Committee, Mr. Saxena expresses his desire to resign from the Presidentship of the Committee, a step he was contemplating, he declares, since July 20 last, when the Committee met and when their deliberations took the turn they did at the meeting.

REASONS FOR DECISION

Mr. Saxena's reasons for this sensational decision are that he, unfortunately, has not the support of the Executive Council of the Committee in shouldering the responsibility of the Presidentship. He further alleges that members of the Executive body not only do not co-operate with him, but try to discuss matters outside that body even before. Another cause is the call on his time by the newly started Congress Daily, "National Herald", of which he is the Managing Director.

In the course of his letter to the Committee members, he states that he had expressed his desire at the meeting of the Council of the Committee. But lest the differences might encourage enemies of the Congress, he did not execute his desire.

After detailing his reasons and his appeal to fellow members, he concludes by requesting them to write to him before the meeting of the P.C.C. with regard to their individual views on the points raised in the letter.—United Press.

"MEXICO VIOLATES INTERNATIONAL LAW

Cordell Hull On Confiscation Of American Properties

WASHINGTON, August 26.

In a note to Mexico Mr. Cordell Hull urges reconsideration of the proposal for arbitration of expropriated American properties or at least in the meanwhile that the Government set aside regular payments to be disbursed to the victimised Americans as soon as the amount of compensation is agreed upon by the two Governments.

The note accuses Mexico of violation of international law by proposing to replace the rule of just compensation by the rule of confiscation which theory, if adopted, by all nations would imperil the very foundations of modern civilisation.—Reuter.

World Achievement.

Swinging Bacteria

David took a pebble and put it in a sling. Experts at the Lister Institute in England take bacteria and put 'them' in a sling.

It is one of the most wonderful instruments ever invented, in part a copy of one in the care of Professor Svedberg in Sweden.

The idea is this: Any object whirled round at terrific speed undergoes considerable alteration. If liquid is whirled in this way its more solid matter is driven to the bottom of the container. At the Lister Institute the sling used is capable of whirling a steel cylinder so quickly that it makes 3,600 revolutions a second, or 216,000 a minute, which means that the force exerted on the solid matter in the liquid is 300,000 times the pull of gravity.

In this way bacteria may be flung to the bottom of the cylinder, which has a quartz window. The cylinder revolves so quickly that it can be viewed in a beam of light as if it were motionless, and in this way it can be examined by the naked eye or by a camera.

By a clever device it is possible to measure the size of the bacteria to within a millionth of an inch; and as a consequence scientists are able to learn a great deal about germs and their habits. The pneumonia bacteria is 1000-millionths of an inch, and the virus when visible is 130-millionths of an inch.

Bombay Muslims Observe "Palestine Day"

Condemn Aerial Bombing And Horrors Perpetrated On Arabs In Holyland

This public meeting of the Mussalmans of Bombay, held under the auspices of the Bombay Provincial Muslim League most emphatically condemns the high-handed pro-Jewish policy of Britain in Palestine, and desires to warn the British Government that this misconceived policy has spread restlessness amongst the Mussalmans of India. Further, this meeting of the Provincial Muslim League assures the All-India Muslim League that in this matter of Palestine, the Mussalmans of the Bombay Presidency are prepared to stand by its decision and make any sacrifice demanded of them."

The above resolution was passed at a public meeting held at Kaisar Baug on Friday night under the presidentship of Sir Currimbhoy Ebrahim.

The meeting was held in pursuance of a resolution of the All-India Muslim League Council to hold public meetings to demonstrate the sympathy of the Indian Muslims with the sufferings of the Arabs in Palestine. "Palestine Day" was observed in Bombay on Friday.

Sir Currimbhoy narrated the events which led to a partitioning of Palestine, and the subsequent horrors perpetrated on the Arab people.

Maulana Fazlullah said the sacrifices of the Palestine Arabs were worthy of praise.

The British who condemned bombing in China or Abyssinia were themselves resorting to aerial bombing in Palestine.

Muslims, Bare-headed, March To Jumma Masjid In Heavy Rain

BOMBAY, Friday.

In observance of a Palestine Day, fixed for today by a resolution of the Council of the All-India Muslim League, a procession was taken out from the "C" Ward office of the League, at Curtay Road, this morning.

Earlier the flag hoisting ceremony was performed.

Wending its way through Bapukhote Street, Duncan Road, Grant Road, the procession which was escorted by the police reached J. J. Hospital from where it turned towards Ibrahim Rahimtulla Road.

The bare-headed processionists drenched themselves in the rain and appealed to those who stood on the kerbs to close their umbrellas.

It was past 2 p.m. when the procession reached the Jumma Masjid where a meeting was held preceded by prayers led by the Khatib of the Jumma Masjid, who also, made reference to the sufferings of the Arabs in Palestine.

City Godown Theft Arrest

The Princess Street Police arrested one Shivambharam in connection with the sensational theft of 26 bales of cotton from a godown in Dabholkar wadi on Monday last. The goods have been traced to Benares.

Inspector D. V. Raje of the section is in-charge of the investigation.

FATAL ELECTRIC SHOCK.

Govind Balaram (21), a barber who was removing an electric bulb in Srinadh Building, Kika Street, received a shock and succumbed subsequently. Inquest will be held on Saturday.

NO-CONFIDENCE MOTION LOST

RANGOON, August 26.

The no-confidence motion against the Council of Ministers moved by U. Aye, Whip of the Patriotic Party, in the House of Representatives to-day, was defeated by 66 votes to 61.

The European Block voted with the Government.

The Indian Group, which is a component section of the Government Party, also voted with the Government.—A. P.

I Shall Be In Office Or In Prison

NAHAS PASHA'S PROPHECY

(From Our Own Correspondent)

CAIRO, (By Air Mail).

Either this propaganda by the Wafd papers against the officials of the Palace should cease or we shall insist on suspension of the constitution and a dictatorship will be announced. The criticism and the bitterest campaign by the Wafdists against us are unbearable, we must find out how to check what is called freedom of the press in this country, so declared a high official in the Palace to Nokraashi Pasha, the Minister for the Interior, in an interview, according to a report published in the paper "Akher Sah" here. It is understood that since the departure of the Prime Minister, Mohamed Mahmoud Pasha, to London last month, and since a modification was made by the Premier in the Anglo-Egyptian treaty without a real consultation with the Wafd, the hostile attitude of the Wafdists towards the higher officials of the Palace, who, the Wafdists allege, are behind Mohamed Mahmoud Pasha and his Government, has become very strong.

Nahas Pasha, on the other hand, also declared to a responsible member of the Wafd party before he left for a short visit to London, that the campaign will continue in the same manner, and by summer next year he would either be in office or in prison.

Foreigners In Germany

Police May Take Action Against Undesirables

BERLIN, August 25.

A new law regulating residence of foreigners in Germany, is published in the official Law Gazette. From October 1 only those foreigners will be allowed to stay in Germany "whose personality and occupation guarantees that they are worthy of German hospitality".

The police will be authorised to take necessary measures against undesirable foreigners in the interests of the general public. The new law nullifies all previous local regulations and will not make any difference to the majority of foreigners in Germany but make uniform the regulations controlling foreigners in Germany including Austria—Reuter.

SIMLA:—The Council of the All-India Kisan Committee meets in Bombay on September 22 under the Presidentship of Swami Shahajanand to consider the fate of Tenancy Bills awaiting Governor's assent and the position of Kisans in different Provinces and their struggles in certain places.

ASSEMBLY INTERPELLATIONS

(Continued from page 1)

ed the desirability of calling tenders for supply of labour.

Calling it "scandal" Mr. Manu Subedar went on to ask whether this contract which was expiring on March 1939 had been renewed and during the past eight years, the total amount of contract was one crore eighty lakhs.

Mr. Clow replied, "The Member has more information than I have."

Mr. B. D. Pande cried: "Are the Bird Company an irremovable body?" Mr. Joshi suggested the direct employment of labour by the Port Trust but Mr. Clow replied, "It is not a matter for Government to consider."

Mr. Manu Subedar then asked whether Government would assure the House that they would take either that Indian firms were given a full, free and equal chance for taking the work of the Port Trust failing which they would change the constitution and increase the number of Indians on the Port Trust.

Mr. Clow replied, "That is the request for action". The same member protested that it was not a sound principle not to invite open tenders or call for quotations from rival firms but go on reducing by way of rebate their old rates and asked whether Government had made any recommendations.

"No recommendation has been made" said Mr. Clow.

SPECIAL SESSION OF CENTRAL ASSEMBLY?

For Consideration Of Income-Tax Amendment Bill

SIMLA, Aug. 26.

The "United Press" understands that a special session of the Central Assembly which will be convened for discussion of the Income-Tax Amendment Bill will commence in Delhi on November 10 and continue till about December 16.

The Select Committe on the Income-Tax Amendment Bill will sit in Delhi about October 12 and it is expected that they will conclude their work by November 5. Although the Government move to Delhi takes place in the third week of October, officials concerned with the Income-Tax Bill will go down earlier to be in Delhi in time for the Select Committee.

Lobby talks indicate that general debate on the Motor Vehicles Amendment Bill will continue till Tuesday next and consideration of the Bill clause by clause is expected to be finished by September 8. The third reading will probably be passed on September 12.

It is hoped that other outstanding business will not necessitate the session to continue beyond September 16 upto which time the Assembly is scheduled to meet.—United Press.

CHINESE ADMIT FALL OF JUICHANG

HANKOW, Aug. 26.

Chinese Military communique admits the fall of Juichang and states that Chinese troops withdrew after the demolition of Chinese defences by artillery and aerial bombardment, but at present they are launching a counter-attack from positions southwest of the town where they were reinforced.—Reuter.

Toll Of S. I. Ry. Train Disaster

BOMBAY, Aug. 26.

The Chief Transportation Superintendent, S. I. Railway, Trichinopoly, wires that according to information received by him upto 10 a. m., to-day regarding the train disaster between Ayyalur and Vadamadura, twenty-four persons were killed at the site of the accident and nine died subsequently of wounds, the total number of deaths being 33.

There are four in-patients at Dindigul, while the number of in-patients and patients at Madura is 36 and 15 respectively.—United Press.

Non-Official Day In Central Assembly

Discussion On Kazmi's Bill Facilitating Divorce For Muslim Women

SIMLA, August 26.

The presence of a number of women in Burqa in the public galleries, which were full, reflected the interest aroused by Mr. Kazmis Bill to consolidate provisions regarding divorce for Muslim women, which was the first of the private bills on the agenda today

The need for the bill is explained by the fact that there is no provision in the Hanafi code of Muslim Law enabling a married Muslim woman to obtain a decree from the courts dissolving her marriage, in case her husband neglects to maintain her, makes her life miserable by deserting or persistently maltreating her or absconds, leaving her unprovided for and under other circumstances.

The absence of such a provision has, according to the statement of objects and reasons, appended to the bill, has entailed unspeakable misery to innumerable Muslim women in British India. The Hanafi jurists, however, have clearly laid down that in a case in which the application of Hanafi Law causes hardship, it is permissible to apply the provisions of the "Maliki" Law. As the courts are sure to hesitate to apply the "maliki" law to the case of a Muslim woman, legislation recognising and enforcing the above mentioned principle is called for, in order to remove the suffering of countless Muslim women.

EFFECT OF APOSTASY

Another important point dealt with by the bill relates to the effect of apostasy on the marriage tie. Courts in British India have held in a number of cases that the apostasy of a married Muslim woman 'ipso facto' dissolves her marriage. This view has been repeatedly challenged at the bar, but the courts continue to stick to precedents created by rulings based on an erroneous view of the Muslim Law. Ulemas have issued fatwas, supporting non-dissolution of marriage by reason of the wife's apostasy. The Muslim community has, again given expression to its supreme dissatisfaction with the view held by the courts. The bill, therefore, embodies a clause providing that conversion of a married Muslim woman to a faith other than Islam shall not by itself operate to dissolve her marriage.

MOVE FOR SELECT COMMITTEE

The Bill has come back from circulation and Mr. Kazmi's today moved its reference to a Select Committee. Mr. Kazmi dealt at length with the opinions received on the provisions of the bill, and said that a majority was in favour of it, though some provisions, particularly those insisting on trial by a Muslim officer, had encountered strong criticism. He explained that the object of this provision had nothing communal about it. It was not, as some had stated, an attempt to increase the Muslim personnel in the Judiciary. It was merely an attempt to approximate under present conditions to the prescription under Muslim Law that these cases shall be decided by Qazis

Bhai Parmanand said he supported and opposed the bill. (Laughter). He supported it to the extent that it provided for divorce of Muslim women. If Muslims wanted to revive or reform any custom of theirs, that was their affair, and if they agreed to have any change, he would not stand in the way; but he opposed the bill, as it would adversely affect the non-Muslims. Clause five and also clause six which dealt with trial by Muslim judges had evoked strong difference of opinion, if not universal condemnation even among Muslim judges who had expressed their views on this bill.

PLEA FOR WOMEN ASSESSORS

Mr. Asaf Ali giving his qualified support to the bill made it clear that the Congress Party would only give its final opinion on it, after it emerged from the Select Committee.

Speaking for himself, he expressed general agreement with the mover, in so far as the bill affected the dissolution of Muslim marriage. The provisions, however, were in his view somewhat vague in many respects. While agreeing with the suggestion that in the case of a non-Muslim judge being called upon to try such suits, a panel of jurors or assessors might be called upon to assist him, he favoured a pre-ponderance of women on the panel.

Mr. Nauman characterised the bill as a piece of social legislation, which he felt, was absolutely necessry.

BAJORIA'S WARNING

Mr. Biajnath Bajoria claiming to voice the orthodox Hindu opinion, declared that he had no objection to Muslims having "divorce made easy" for themselves, but he strongly opposed provisions which adversely affected the non-Muslims. He objected specially to clause five and six, and asked that the Select Committee should be charged to delete them. He was sure the bill would increase communal dissensions in the country.

Mr. Ghulam Bhik Narang emphasised that the bill aimed at relieving distress among Muslim women, who in many cases, were ill-treated by their husbands.

He had not concluded, when the House adjourned. When the House reassembles on Monday, the Assembly will resume discussion on the first reading of the Motor Vehicles Bill.—A. P.

HOW TO END AUTOCRACY

Sardar Patel's Advice To Rajkot Public

RAJKOT, Aug. 26.

"It is your sacred duty to shape out your future programme, with an unflinching determination to die fighting in the act of fulfilling your brother-workers' just demands. Don't cut any fresh ground without any resolve to die in doing your duty".

This was the gist of the message by Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, which he delivered to the workers of Rajkot on his way to Karachi.

Referring to the decline of cordial relations between the ruler and the ruled, since the death of the late Sir Lakhaji Raj, the speaker declared that instead of the State functioning in the interests of the subjects, the latter were labouring under repressive measures for which the State authorities were responsible.

HOW TO END AUTOCRACY

After citing various instances of the State's autocracy, he proceeded to appeal strongly to the people to prepare such a scheme as would make the State see to the interests of the subjects, to convene the Rajkot People's Conference at the earliest and to submit "definite proposals embracing a full grant of Responsible Government". The scheme, he added, should be submitted to the Thakore Saheb of Rajkot with a reasonable time limit for translating it into practice.

Concluding he hoped to attend the Rajkot People's Conference on his return from Karachi.—A. P.

No "Interim" Govt For Rajkot

RAJKOT, Aug. 26.

Enquiries made by the "United Press" in official circles show that the report published in certain section of the Press that an 'interim' Government will function in Rajkot State before the Thakore Saheb of Rajkot has announced publicly the inauguration of a responsible government in the State, is incorrect.—United Press.

BAN ON MEETINGS IN SRINAGAR

SRINAGAR, Aug. 26.

The District Magistrate of Srinagar (Kashmir) has promulgated Section 144 in Srinagar for a period of one month from to-day banning all public meetings and processions, other than religious ones.

Further the Srinagar Municipality has been directed to fence the plot known as "Azad Park," where public meetings are usually held. —United Press.

Police-Like Ceasar's Wife

Jhabvalla's Bill To Amend City Police Act

POONA, Aug. 26.

"A police officer must be like Caesar's wife, above suspicion," says Mr. S. H. Jhabvala, explaining the objects of the Bill tabled by him to amend the City (Bommay) Police Act of 1902.

The Bill seeks to prevent a police officer from taking any betting at a race course and provides for complaints from the public regarding any grievance being received with all due civility with a register to record them and prompt action under the law.

The Bill further provides for a public register being maintained at the head police station to record complaints against any police official in respect of his duty the Commissioner of Police shall institute an enquiry therein and take necessary action thereon. The Bill has received the sanction of the Governor and has been admitted by the Speaker to be moved in the Bombay Legislative Assembly.—A. P.

ARMING WITH SPECIAL POWERS

(Continued from Page 1).

ernment to attach and take possession of printing presses that disseminate seditious literature or publications calculated to aid the object of unlawful associations or tend to encourage disobedience of law and order. Appeal is allowed in such cases to a full bench of the High Court which is the Highest Court of Judicature in the State.

Conviction under any provisions of the regulation entails disqualification in some cases, especially in the case of Presidents and Vice-Presidents of Municipalities Judges of the Panchayat or the Bench Magistrate Courts, Honorary Magistrates, teachers and managers of grant-in-aid schools and colleges and members of the legal profession.

Provision is also made for realisation of fines imposed on conviction of minors under the legal provisions of the regulation from the guardians including persons in charge of such minors.—A. P.

Gulf Between Ruler And People

TRIVANDRUM, Aug. 26.

Mr. G. Ramachandran, a member of the All India Congress Committee, has issued a statement to the Press in the course of which he says:—

"The Travancore Government this morning declared the Travancore State Congress illegal and a proclamation analogous to the British Indian Criminal Law Amendment Act is being issued. The result of the new measures will be to create deepest resentment and to terrorise the people by the police. The present policy will create a gulf between the people and His Highness the Maharaja to whom the people are deeply loyal".—United Press.

A SHORT STORY

Interesting Town

BY KARL GRAYSON.

No, Gary Haycock was not crazy. He was merely—shall we say—nuts! He had queer ideas about doing things to amuse himself. For example, one day this summer he was stopping at an inn in a very small town in New England for no better reason than that he liked inns in small towns. Usually, if you were curious enough and bold enough you could find interesting things.

Gary found one in an old book. The book was a history of the small town, and on page 12 he found where, back in the late 70's, a law has been incorporated into the town code whereby it was unlawful to kiss your wife or any other woman on Sunday. Gary was a bug on these archaic laws. He decided to put this one to the test. He knew just the girl he would kiss. She was a red-head with blue eyes and a lovely mouth. She, apparently, was also staying at the inn, but she must have come there for the quiet atmosphere, for all Gary's attempts to strike up an acquaintance hadn't been successful.

Gary found the red-head on the wide, tree-shaded verandah reading a book. Without preamble he approached and said, "Miss Bowland, I am going to ask your help in a very serious matter. Perhaps you don't know it, but I am a nut on archaic laws."

"I didn't know you confined it to archaic laws," said Miss Bowland.

"Ahem," said Gary. "You have a law in this town prohibiting men from kissing women on Sunday. Now I am going to kiss you and then I am going to hunt up the town constable and demand to be arrested. Naturally he'll want to know the charges, and I can imagine his expression when I tell him."

And forthwith Gary kissed Miss Bowland smack on the mouth, and liked it. Miss Bowland obviously did not. She rose from her chair and smacked Garry in return, also on the mouth, but with her open hand.

"You will not have to hunt up the town constable," she said. "Here he comes now. He is my father. Father," she called, "help!"

This was a turn that Gary did not expect. He took one glance at the approaching constable and decided that ye arm of ye law might consider the charges were adequate, and actually clamp on the bracelets.

Forthwith Gary cast one grieved look at Miss Bowland, vaulted the wide, tree-shaded verandah railing and sprinted for a nearby patch of woods. Behind him the town constable yelled, "Stop that man! Stop him, I say!"

Two golfers looked up from their game, saw a running man and a pursuing officer and decided it was their duty to join the chase.

Catching his second wind, Gary put on speed across the field, and discovered he was treading on some young strawberry plants. Almost at once he heard the enraged shout of a farmer, and realized that one more had been added to the list of pursuers.

Some boys playing basewall in a nearby pasture heard the shouting and decided here was sport far more exciting than the national pastime. Besides, they were all equipped with slingshots.

Gary plunged into some woods, burst through a clump of evergreens and fell over a vat of maple syrup in the process of being boiled, upsetting the contents. Two enraged syrupers bellowed at him and were close on his heels when the town constable and his volunteer posse burst into the clearing.

Gary puffed up a hill, nearly exhausted, and sat down to rest. For the time being he seemed to have thrown off the bloodhounds. Then he heard them again, heard a shrill voice shout lustily that the quarry had been sighted. A pebble from a slingshot zinged by his head. Gary got up and ran.

Descending the hill he found a logging road winding along its base. He turned right and moved at a dog trot. He hoped the pursuers would turn left. Things were getting a little too hot. He grinned to himself. You sure found interesting things in small New England towns if you were curious enough.

Far, far behind he heard the shouts of the posse. He increased his pace. Presently the logging road gave way to a gravelled country lane. He turned right again, slowing to a walk. Sounds of an automobile came from up ahead. Gary stepped off the road and concealed himself behind some bush

The automobile approached slowly. It was a roadster with a single occupant. The occupant was a girl. Miss Bowland. She kept looking from right to left. When she came abreast of where Gary was hiding she stopped the roadster.

"Come out of there," she said. "Your tracks are plain as day in the mud caused by last night's rain."

Gary emerged, looking sheepish, but grinning cheerfully. "Hello," he said. "You get the reward. I'm tired of running. Rush me to the lock-up so there won't be a lynching."

"Get in here." Gary got in. Miss Bowland was very serious. Instead of turning around, she continued along the gravel road. After a mile they came to a concrete highway. She turned left and headed away from town. Presently they came to a railroad junction. "Get out," Miss Bowland said. "There's a train in half an hour. I'll ship your luggage."

"But look here," Gary expostulated. "I mean, can't we talk this over"? He was eager.

"No," said the girl, "we can't. I'm letting you go because we've enough nuts back in town. Another in the jug would give the place a bad name." "Besides," she added, and for the first time, she smiled, to-day is Saturday, not Sunday."

(Copyright).

CONGRESS PARTIES AMALGAMATE

CALCUTTA, Aug. 26.

At a joint meeting of the Congress Parties in the Bengal Assembly and the Bengal Council held this evening, with Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose in the chair, it was decided to amalgamate the two bodies.

Babu Sarat Chandra Bose was unanimously elected President of the combined body, Babu Sarat Bose will also continue as Leader of the Party in the Lower House.

The selection of the other office-bearers of the Congress Parties was left to Babu Sarat Bose.—United Press.

MUTT AND JEFF—We'll Have to Get Mr. "Capricious" Corrigan to Settle This Argument — By BUD FISHER

AVIATION TODAY IS NOT WHAT IT WAS TWENTY YEARS AGO! PEOPLE TODAY ARE BECOMING AIR-MINDED!
AND I STILL CLAIM MAN'S PLACE IS ON THE GROUND! HE'S NOT A BIRD!
MY DEAR FELLOW, WE AIRMEN OF TODAY CAN DO ANYTHING AND MORE THAN A BIRD CAN DO!
OH, YEH? WHAT FOR INSTANCE!
WE CAN DO A COMPLETE INSIDE AND OUTSIDE LOOP! CAN A BIRD DO THAT? NO!
HOWARD HUGHES FLEW AROUND THE WORLD IN FOUR DAYS! CAN A BIRD DO THAT? NO!
WE CAN FLY UPSIDE DOWN! CAN A BIRD DO THAT? NO!
CAN YOU TAKE A BATH IN A SAUCER?
NO!
8-8
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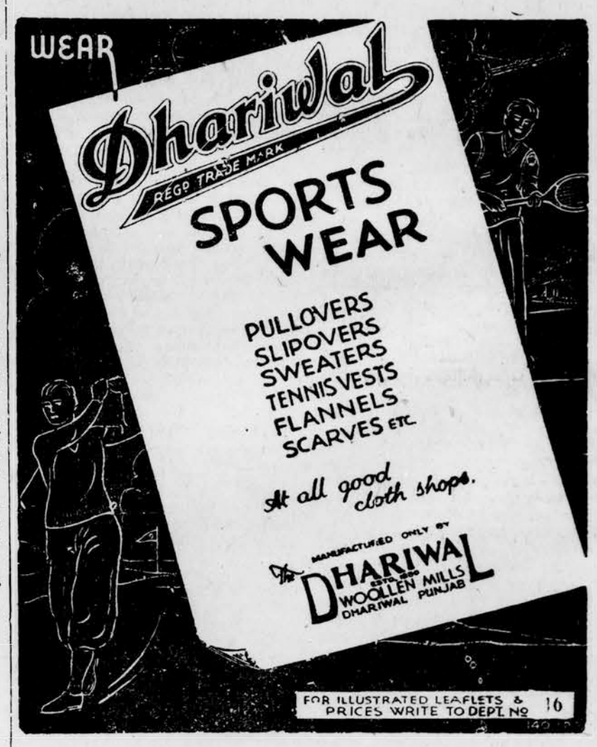

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ANTI-DRINK CAMPAIGN GOING STRONG

Prohibition Dept.'s Work To Make Scheme Successful

The Director of Information Bombay, writes:—

The monthly report of the Prohibition Department after describing the celebration of Prohibition Day in Ahmedabad on July 20 says that about 201 meetings were held by officers of the Department in various localities. There were besides 8 meetings of mill workers in the mill area. A meeting in Asarwa addressed by the Honorary Prohibition Commissioner was attended by 10,000 persons.

The Department has purchased a set consisting of an electric gramophone, a radio and microphone with loud speakers, etc., for the purpose of entertainment and instruction at the meetings held in various localities.

The literature section continues its work of collecting songs, stories, medical opinions, extracts from religious books bearing on the question of drink and drug evils and preparing literature for publication.

ANTI-DRINK SONGS

Leaflets in large numbers were published entitled 'How to make a Prohibition a Success', 'Summary of the Prohibition Scheme,' etc. by the publicity section of the department during the month and distributed all over the city. Special slides were prepared by the department which were screened in all Cinema Houses of the City on Prohibition Day.

A small booklet containing anti-drink songs has been compiled and published by the department and distributed free.

A huge procession of children was organized with the help of the department by Bansiwala Maharaj in which nearly 3,000 youngsters took part, carrying placards containing words of appeal to make Prohibition a success in the City.

During the month 201 Committees were formed in various wards of the city making the total number of such committees 643 in all, up-to-date. The number of members on these Committees added during the month was 523 making the total of 1,650 members in all.

The number of volunteers registered during the month was 43 making the total of 61 till the end of the month under report. The contact organisations now number 618.

ILLEGAL ACTIVITIES

Reports regarding illegal activities continue to be received by the department and these number 63 in all. Out of these 17 have been sent to the Excise Department for taking necessary action and the remaining 46 were handed over to the Inspectors for further inquiry and verification.

The department has collected upto now a list of 229 habitual drunkards and 32 suspects.

Steps are being taken to obtain a plot of land for setting up a recreation centre to be administered by the department.

The department has collected in all 51 reports portraying the actual condition of families found to be victims of the dink-evil. These reports will be utilised in preparing literature for propaganda and educative purposes.

In all 289 permit applications were received during the month. The Sub-Committee dealt with 82 applications, out of which 68 were recommended for the issue of permits, eight were refused and six were withdrawn.

SUCCESS OF YOUNG PARSI ARTIST IN LONDON

Miss Meher Dubash's Paintings Attract Attention

Miss Meher R. Dubash, daughter of Mr. Rustomji D. Dubash, of Panchgani, is due to arrive in India shortly after a successful career at the Royal Drawing Society's College at London.

After taking her Cambridge School Certificate with first class and the Teacher-Artist Certificate of the Royal Drawing Society, from the Kimmin's High School, Panchgani, she proceeded to England for special training in Commercial art, poster, fashion, textile, designing, book illustrations, etc.

She was the recipient of a silver medal and other honours for her exhibits at the Presidency Art Exhibitions and a silver medal and the Sir James Knowles Memorial World Prize (a gold medal)—the first time that this prize has been won in India—for her paintings at the R. D. S. Exhibition, last year, at the Guildhall, London.

Again, one of her water-colours won a Silver Medal at the same Exhibition in London this year. Some of her paintings were sent to Their Majesties the King and Queen for private exhibition and later to the Empire Exhibition at Glasgow, where they were particularly appreciated by the Duke and Duchess of Kent.

CONGRESS SESSION AT LAMETAGHAT

G. I. P. Rly. To Make Better Arrangement For Transport

JUBBULPORE, Aug. 23.

Preparations for the 52nd session of the Indian National Congress to be held at Lametaghat, about eight miles from the railway station of Madanmahal, are afoot.

In co-operation with the Reception Committee the G. I. P. railway authorities at Jubbulpore have planned elaborate tentative arrangements for the convenience of delegates and visitors to the session.

These include additional waiting rooms, accommodation for all classes of passengers, special booking offices, a post and telegraph office, police and first-aid arrangements, food stalls, waiting sheds and bathing places and latrines.

In addition to all these, an island platform will be constructed which will provide for receiving three trains simultaneously, as also a foot overbridge connecting the platforms and incidentally providing a safe passage for persons, other than passengers, from Napier town.

The question of installing electric lighting at Madanmahal is also under consideration, as also the question of cheap return tickets. A tentative programme for a special train service has been drawn up which includes the running of about a dozen additional regular daily trains. The time-table of this service has been submitted to the Congress authorities for their consideration and approval. The railway will, in addition, run specials if necessary.

Interviewed in this connection Mr. Hervey, Divisional Traffic Manager, Jubbulpore Division, said that the railway authorities proposed to provide about 30 per cent. more accommodation than on the occasion of the Faizpur Congress session. He added that the programme that had been drawn up at present would be able to deal with 10,000 passengers daily in either direction.

The railway authorities were keeping in close touch with the Congress authorities and all proposals by the latter were carefully considered by the railway authorities whose proposals were always submitted to the Congress for their approval.—United Press.

Three Processions To March To C. P. Assembly Chamber

(From Our Correspondent)

NAGPUR (By Mail).

There are persistent rumours in the city that a non-Congress member of the Provincial Assembly will move a resolution of no-confidence against the present ministry in the forthcoming meeting of the Assembly. Although there is not a ghost of a chance of the resolution being passed, in view of the fact that the members of the Congress Party in the Assembly will solidly vote against it, if need be, speeches will be made on the political situation leading to the break up of the first ministry. It is needless to add that even the supporters of and including Dr. Khare will not take part in the discussion and will vote 'en bloc' for the present Congress Ministry.

3 Marches on Assembly

The opening day of the Provincial Assembly, which meets on the 15th September, will be lively. Three separate processions will, it is understood, be taken out to the Assembly Chamber to register protest.

Some citizens of Nagpur will march as a protest against the circumstances leading to the resignation of Dr. N. B. Khare from the leadership and break of the last ministry; the Muslims will lead a procession to express to the Provincial Government their strong resentment against the Vidya Mandir Scheme; and the Nagpur Mill workers will march to the Chamber to lodge their protest and disapprobation against the Government's labour policy.

MR. J. S. VARMA IN NAGPUR

A Nagpur correspondent writes: "Mr. J. S. Varma, National Headquarters Commissioner, Seva Samiti Boy Scouts' Association, India, has come down to Nagpur to see the Provincial Headquarters and to give help in the organisation of Seva Samiti Girl Guiding in the province. He will also go to Bilaspur and Jubbulpore to meet local workers and see the Scout Units in those places."

Baroda Letter

"MILITARY DRILL FOR INDIAN YOUTHS"

Scouting Should Include Better Forms Of Training, Says General Sindhe

(From Our Correspondent.)

BARODA, (By Mail).

Under the joint auspices of Baroda Sahitya Sabha and Students League, General Nansaheb Sindhe, delivered a public lecture on "what I saw in Europe," R. B. Govindbhai H. Desai, presiding. General Sindhe referred to the Boys' Camp, Labour Front and Allied Movements of Germany and Hitler's all pervading efforts for raising the economic status of every German. He also referred to the compulsory military training in Italy and Germany. He described Hitler and Mussolini as saviours of Germany and Italy. After referring to Czechoslovakia's Sokol Movement, he urged Indian youths to take to military drill and training for serving the country in times of need and suggested the widening of the nature and scope of scouting to include better forms of training. With a vote of thanks to the chair and the learned lecturer, the meeting terminated.

SARDAR TO PRESIDE

A meeting of the Working Committee of Baroda District Prajamandal passed resolution (1) protesting against repression in Rajkot, (2) urging abolition of Okha Protective duty in Mehsana District, (3) and suggesting names of Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Mr. Chunilal Shah and Mr. Pranlal Munshi for the presidentship of the forthcoming session of Baroda State Prajamandal to be held at Bhadran at the end of October.

JUDGMENT CONFIRMED.

The District and sessions Judge, Mr. Mithabhai Z Patel, delivering judgment in a defamation case filed by a police officer, Mr. Gokhle, against Mr. Chunilal Shah, Secretary of Baroda State Prajamandal, acquitted him and ordered refund of fine. The High Court had quashed the judgment of the Sessions Judge confirming the sentence of fine, and ordered the appeal to be re-heard by the Sessions Judge Mr. Patel. Consequently Mr. Shah was aquitted on the re-hearing of the appeal.

Our London Letter

(Continued from Page 6.)

fifteen years ago. Who was at the back of this performance we do not know. But the Imam of the Woking Mosque has told pressmen in London that he entirely disapproves of the method of the demonstrations and that he considers them undignified and futile. He said that at the time the book was published he had noticed the passage in question, which contains Mr. Wells' estimate of Muhamad and had formally protested against it. But he did not believe in burning the book or the effigy of Mr. Wells or in staging a march of protest to Mr. Wells's residence near Regents Park and that none of these things was done with his approval.

Colour Bar In England

From time to time some of the more high-brow papers in London open their columns to a discussion of the colour bar. This time Mr. Edward Thompson has availed himself of the hospitality of the correspondence columns in the "New Statesman and Nation" to express his alarm at the position. He declares that in his opinion colour prejudice has been increasing and that there is more discrimination against Indians today in hotels and boarding-houses, etc., than there was a few years ago. He refers in his letter to the case of an Indian gentleman, who I happen to know is a son of an eminent judge, who happened to be visiting Edinburgh recently with his wife. When they went into a restaurant, they were first insulted by the manager demanding to see their marriage certificate—he refused to believe that an English lady accompanying an Indian gentleman could be his wife. Subsequently he was good enough to inform them that he could serve them tea only if they agreed to sit at different tables. Mr. Thompson's letter has been followed by another in the "New Statesman" this week in which the writer contrasts conditions in France with those in England, very much to the disadvantage of the latter; and he gives an example to prove his contention. It appears that sometime ago a Negro and an American found themselves at the same table in a Paris cafe. The American who shares the well-known Anglo-Saxon reluctance to treat darker peoples as human beings demanded that the African gentleman should be ejected from the cafe and, unwilling to displease a wealthy patron, the manager of the hotel complied. It turned out, however, that the African gentleman was a high official in the French Colonial Service. A few days later, a representative of the Paris police called upon the cafe manager and warned him that if any similar incident were to recur and coloured people insulted in that cafe, its licence would be revoked forthwith. The correspondent who recounts this in the "New Statesman" points out quite truly that it is inconceivable that anyone in authority in London should take such firm measure as this, but in his opinion the press at least, if it is mindful of its responsibilities in a democratic country, should be vigilant and have the courage to protest against such incidents. As though to prove once again, if proofs were necessary, that the colour bar is rampant in England, to-day's newspapers report that three Negro sisters from America on a visit to London have failed to find accommodation in over twenty-hotels and furnished flats in the West End. The newspaper which reports this fact, however, carefully refrains from adding any word of protest or condemnation. While coloured people are subjected to insults in this manner in the Metropolis of the Empire, it is significant that in some of the Colonies and, of course, in India there is a strong movement to put the White man in his place. Just recently we have had the news of the Mayor of a large city in the West Indies resigning office rather than consent to the appointment of an Englishman to a post which could be filled competently by Negroes. The Mayor himself is a coloured man and his stand has been widely applauded by all progressive people here.

Sikhs In Afghanistan

Concentration In Jalalabad: Questions In Assembly

SIMLA, August 26.

As far as the Government are aware, the Afghan Government have ordered the concentration of Sikhs from the border villages of the eastern province in the town of Jalalabad. Government have no information regarding their expulsion from Afghanistan, stated Sir Aubrey Metcalfe replying to Seth Govind Das and Mr. Satyanarain Singh.

Sir Aubrey added: The Sikhs affected by these orders are, so far as the Government of India are aware, all Afghan subjects and no representations can, therefore, be made on their behalf by the Government of India.

Replying to Mr. A. Chettiar Sir Aubrey stated 22 raids by tribes on Northwest Frontier have been made in Bannu and other British Indian territories in the last three months. The main reason is the hostility of the Faqulr of Ipi who is the chief instigator of all raids and outrages committed by tribesmen from Waziristan.

Seven Muhammadans and six Hindus have been killed, and two Muhammadans wounded. The value of cash and property looted amounts to Rs. 1,33,830 including Rs. 1,32,464 on account of the Bannu riot. No compensation has so far been paid, but the question is understood to be under the consideration of the Provincial Government.

As regards the question of relaxing the Arms Act in these districts, the matter is one for the Provincial Government, but the Government of India understand that arms licences have been liberally granted in the Bannu and Dera Ismail Khan districts, which are chiefly affected to meet the menace of raids. In addition the Government understand that the number of Government village defence rifles has been greatly increased.

Post-Card Revenue.

Mr. A. G. Clow informed Mr. Satyamurti that the latest calculations made by Government on the financial results of reducing the value of post-cards to six pies showed that the revenue could be affected by about Rs. 59 and a half lakhs of the existing traffic remained unaffected.

No representation demanding the repeal of the Frontier crimes regulations has been received by the Government from the people of Kurram Agency, said Sir Aubrey Metcalfe replying to Mr. Abdul Qualyum, the reason why local self-government has not been introduced in this Agency is that the present system is more economical and more suitable to tribal conditions.—A.P.

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THE ATTENTION OF THE PUBLIC is particularly drawn to the change in timings of sailings to Mangalore & Bhavnagar.

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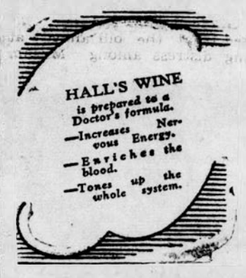

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Ahmedabad Letter

VICE-CHANCELLOR INSPECTS L. S. LAW COLLEGE

Congress Workers Consult Sardar During 3-Hour Stay In City

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, August 23.

Mr. Chandavarkar visited the Commerce College building in the morning yesterday and seemed to be disgusted with the sand on the road leading to the College. There are complaints from the students and professors of the College against the road, and the best efforts of the Educational Society cannot mend matters. The Society has spent some money to improve the road, but it cannot be satisfactory until the Town Planning Board and the Municipality prepare the roads laid down in the Town-planning Scheme in this area. The Vice-Chancellor was, however, assured that a pucca road will be prepared by the Municipality before the advent of the monsoons next year. Mr. Chandavarkar and the University Committee inspected Sir Lallubhai Shah Law College, yesterday, and the Committee along with the registrar, Mr. Dongerkery, were treated to tea in the Law College compound in the afternoon. The Committee left for Surat last night.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel came down from Bardoli at 5 a.m. yesterday and left for Karachi by Sindh mail at 8 a.m. During his three hours' stay in Ahmedabad he was consulted by local Congress workers and by the workers of Rajkot, Vala and Kathiawad. He would stop at Ahmedabad again while returning from Karachi, and decide his line of action as regards Rajkot and other States.

LATE MR. K. N. DESAI.

Sjt. Krishnalal N. Desai, M.A., LL.B., passed away on Sunday in the afternoon in a one-day attack of paralysis. He was a prominent citizen of Ahmedabad about 20 years back and wielded much influence. He was an elected Councillor of our Municipality for about nine years and was connected with various activities of the city. Loss of wealth however pushed him in the background but he retained his affable manners and smiles, in spite of adversity. He was liked by all who were acquainted with him, and was so obliging that his advice was sought by the managers of the local Labour Union, the Vanita Vishram and several other institutions as well as by his large circle of friends and relations. He was practising as a lawyer and used to earn his living from the profession. He was about 58. The local Bar and Bench paid a tribute to his memory yesterday and everyone prayed for peace to his soul!

'Blockade' Stays: Paul Muni Week At Broadway

Madelline Carrol and Henry Fonda in 'Blockade' at Eros.

"Marie Walewska" At Wellington

Greta Garbo With Charles Boyer

Mounted with a spectacular lavishness, directed with that perfection of detail for which Clarence Brown has become famous, the latest Garbo drama, "Marie Walewska" in which the incomparable Swedish actress is co-starred with Charles Boyer, comes to the Wellington this week as one of the most powerful and moving photoplays the screen has offered in a decade.

In this poignant and convincing story of a romantic epoch in the life of the power-impassioned Napoleon Bonaparte, the brilliant Garbo demonstrates once again her power to mould herself into a totally different characterization. As the patriotic Countess Marie Walewska who enters Napoleon's life first in order to win him over to the side of her beloved Poland, and secondly because she falls in love with him, Garbo exceeds in vividness and warmth any role she has ever previously portrayed, including her trimphant "Camille."

Boyer shares her current triumph for his Napoleon is a role not soon to be forgotten. Bearing a striking and almost uncanny resemblance to the famed Corsican, the French star etches out his character and personality to the life, revealing both his unrivalled strength and his petty weaknesses.

The story of "Marie Walewska" opens in 1806 when Napoleon on a trip to Poland to discuss Polish co-operation in return for protection from Russia, meets the Countess Walewska, youthful wife of the octogenarian Count. The love that develops between them, her sacrifice of a home and reputation to be his devoted follower, the tragedy which occurs when Napoleon through exigencies of national politics is forced to marry the Hapsburg princess, Marie Louise—all have place in the compelling story which ends at Elba where the Countess visits Napoleon for the last time, accompanied by their four-year-old son.

"Marie Walewska" has been both beautifully and spectacularly mounted and staged. Its settings are always eye-arresting, including the great Pontiatowski ballroom in Warsaw, Finckenstein Castle in Prussia where Napoleon and the Countess Walewska lived, Napoleon's headquarters on the island of Elba, and the stirring scenes of the emperor's retreat from Moscow.

LAUREL AND HARDY IN "SWISS MISS"

In Combination With Della Lind

Beautiful settings, picturesque costumes and tuneful melodies provide a rich and varied background for the antics of Laurel and Hardy in their new extravaganza, "Swiss Miss" which opened at the Metro, Bombay, yesterday. The Alpine setting allows for the introduction of many novelties of entertainment such as folk dancing, bell-ringing, yodelling and flag-throwing. All of these offerings add to the appeal of the production without any distraction from the familiar but always welcome drolleries of the stellar pair.

In this picture they are seen as American mouse-trap salesmen bent on ridding the cheese producing districts of the Alpine republic of its rodents. As salesmen their efforts are unavailing but as comedians Laurel and Hardy have seldom had a vehicle better suited to their antics.

Laurel and Hardy in a scene in "Swiss Miss" at Metro.

Supplying the romantic interest and singing the special songs written for the new production are Della Lind, beautiful blonde Viennese who is making her American debut in this film, and Walter Woolf King. Both possessed with rich and appealing voices, the musical interludes of the "Swiss Miss" reach unusual significance. Eric Blore the English comedian, is another member of the cast meriting praise. The picture was directed by John G. Blystone.

Beethoven's Sweetheart marries his rival at the New Empire

Life And Loves Of Beethoven

Harry Baur's Great Role At New Empire

"The Life and Loves of Beethoven" is a self-explanatory and sufficiently inviting title for the film about the great German composer's life, which is being shown at the New Empire from yesterday.

Beethoven is played Harry Baur, the great actor who played Jean Valgean in "Les Miserables." The dialogue is in French but suitable English titles are given to make the picture fully intelligible to people not knowing French. The plot concerns itself with the identity of the "Immortal Beloved," unknown lady to whom Ludwig von Beethoven wrote a tempestuous love letter on July 7. Abel Gance, author and director of his production, places her as Juliette Guicciardi.

M. Gance believes the heartbreak of losing Juliette was one of the two great tragedies in Beethoven's life. The greatest, of course, was his deafness, that terrible isolation, that separation from his beloved music, that constant loneliness even when surrounded by friends.

The picture tears at the heart with the scenes in which the composer realizes that sound is gone from him forever. Beethoven himself is responsible for the power in those scenes. It is his music, accompanying Harry Baur's performance, which carries the real emotional force of the production. M. Gance has done well with his direction here, silencing all sound when the camera turns to Beethoven, releasing it again as the other characters speak. The audience, along with Beethoven, realizes what silence can mean. As memory of sound, little sounds, great sounds, floods through the composer's mind, rousing once more his musical imagination, another of his symphonies swells forth.

The picture is episodic, choosing those moments when music and drama most closely combined. M. Baur, a fine actor, has the role Leopold Stokowski, a fine conductor, has always wanted to play. M. Baur, looking unexpectedly like the composer he portrays, plays without too much emphasis upon sentimentality, a restraint not shared by all his fellow actors. Although M. Baur's performance is sensitive and understanding, the Beethoven score is still the star. This is a picture to make one understand those lines of Wagner's with which the film closes: "I believe in God and Beethoven."

Morning Show On Monday At Broadway

"The Clutching Hand", Craig Kennedy's greatest adventure, the most amazing mystery story from the pen of Arthur B. Reeve, will be shown at The Broadway, Dadar, on Monday morning at 10-30 a.m. being Ganesh Chaturthi festival.

"Mysteries Of Paris" At Pathe

The Pathe will show "The Mysteries of Paris" on Saturday and Sunday morning at 10 a.m. It is Eugen Gue's unforgettable French classic brought to the screen and is said to be on par with "Les Miserable" of Victor Hugo. The dialogue is in French but suitable English titles are given.

Sabu as Frontier Prince in the "Drum" with his pal at the Excelsior.

Anti-War Film At Eros

Spanish Soldiers' Reaction To Wanton Killing And Bombing

The "Blockade" is being continued for another week at the Eros Theatre. This film is based on the civil war situation in Spain, about which we have recently heard from Mr. Mulk Raj Anand and Dr. Atal in the light of their personal experiences.

The "Blockade" is a story in which you actually see the bombing of the Spanish towns and countryside and torpedoing of a ship laden with food and you feel the monstrosity of the whole thing because a moment earlier or a moment later you find the crowd of men, women and children awaiting morsels of food for their hungry stomachs.

You never know, in so many words, whether the Republican Spain or Fascist Spain is in the wrong—so cleverly has the story been done by William Dieterle the director of "Emile Zola" and "Florence Nightingale." He takes no sides but just condemns the atrocities which are inseparably associated with wars and the warmakers.

Against this background is built the love story of a couple, played by Henry Fonda and Madeleine Carroll. The conversion of the heroine from a spy into a kind-hearted, natural woman, trying to mother the whole population of a Spanish town is a sight to see.

"Road Back" was the last anti-war picture shown lately by the Management of Eros. It was more propagandist in character. But "The Blockade" does the same thing more cleverly and openly in the closing words of the hero and here they are:—

"Peace! Where can you find it? Our country has been turned into a battlefield. There's no safety for old people and children. Women can't keep their families safe in their houses—they can't be safe in their own fields. Churches, schools and hospitals are targets. It's not war—war is between soldiers. It's murder. Murder of innocent people. There's no sense to it. The world can stop it.—Where's the Conscience of the World?"

PAUL MUNI WEEK AT BROADWAY

The great character-actor of the film-world Mr. Paul Muni, takes the screen at the Broadway, for the whole week beginning today.

Four Paul Muni features have in all been chosen. "Bordertown", "Dr. Socrates" and "The story of Louis Pasteur", will be shown two days each; and the last one—the story that rocked the world "I am a fugitive from a Chain Gang" will be shown on Friday, the 2nd September.

These four pictures are evidence that the winning of the Academy Award by Mr. Muni when he acted Emile Zola, was no mere chance, but the cluminating triumph of a magnificently rich career.

"Disraeli" At Wellington

On Sunday morning at 10 a.m. "Disraeli" in which George Asliss plays Lord Beaconsfield will be shown at the Wellington Talkies.

"The Saint In New York"

Mysterious Detective Drama At Regal

One of the most popular detective story characters of recent times is known as "The Saint". He is the creation of Leslie Charteris, a mystery writer who has been referred to as "The second Edgar Wallace." In his presentation as an entirely new type of film hero in R.K.O. Radio's "The Saint in New York".

"The Saint" becomes even more colourful and exciting than he was in a score of the author's popular novels. Charteris who first became interested in detective fiction while attending Cambridge University and sold his first book at the age of nineteen has a unique explanation of a character's origin. "When I was ten years old", says the author, "I was the editor of a magazine. I was also, the printer, publisher, illustrator and all the contributors. Nothing I offered it was ever turned down. I wish there had been something permanent about this. The magazine had a net certified circulation of two copies, one of which I sold to my mother. My father bought the other one. In this publication, astutely anticipating the American Sunday newspaper supplement and the advertisements for soap, I ran a pictorial serial. The characters had little round heads (sometimes distinguished by varieties of whiskers) and straight lines for their bodies and legs and arms."

By the addition of a halo Mr. Charteris transformed one of these early skeleton figures into the symbol of "The Saint", and caused his hero to use it as a signature. It appears throughout the film version of "The Saint In New York", employed by Louis Hayward, the young British actor who portrays the title role. Kay Sutton, Sig Rumann, Jonathan Hale and Charles Halton are other players who have important roles in "The Saint In New York."

Peter Lorrie in "Mr. Moto's Gamble" at Capitol.

THE "DRUM" AT EXCELSIOR

The "Drum" is a story of Frontier warfare between the tribes and the British. 'Sabu" the Elephant Boy figures in this film as a Frontier chieftain's son. He makes friends with a British girl, a Colonel's daughter and a Tommy. He appreciates the benefits of making peace with the British and later is installed as a Prince, because that was his rightful place.

The picture reproduces the Scenery of the Frontier, the rugged mountains the Pathans in their thousands and Frontier was scenes, with a Frontier usurper playing a fascinating, ambitious role. Alexander Korda has produced the picture and it is released through the United Artists.

Excelsior Reopens On September 1 With "The Drum" On Screen

The Excelsior Theatre which was closed about a month for remodelling of seats and other general improvements reopens from September 1 and shows 'The Drum' on Thursday and Friday. The picture will be simultaneously shown at Excelsior and New Empire for some days.

Kay Sutton and Louis Hayward in "The Saint in New York" at Regal.

"SALLY, IRENE AND MARY"

Hysterical Comedy At Pathe

The funniest acts on stage or screen are those of people who appear to be fumbling or missing their cues. Nothing seems to appeal to the public more than a pair of acrobats who are trying their best to do an intricate act but manage to step in each other's faces.

Yet few people realize that this type of comedy calls for an expert performer who can do the trick the accepted way... and then has so perfected his skill that he can "clown" it.

Behind this kill is the secret of Fred Allen's great popularity on screen and radio.

Always taking a funny story or situation one step further so that he appears to be confused, or at least the butt of some one else's smarter wit, Fred writes his own material, rehearses it and spots his laugh-making sallies with the dexterity of an orchestra conductor.

The deft way in which he creates the impression that he is "dropping the ball" or getting hopelessly involved is best demonstrated in "Sally, Irene and Mary," 20th Century-Fox's downright uproarious musical opening .....at the Pathe on Saturday. Alice Faye and Tony Martin head the cast with Fred.

Fred plays the part of a theatrical agent who starts out to get three girls big jobs on Broadway. They settle into the comparative comfort (?) of manicure work as a result of his big time efforts.

Again in the firm Fred provides a hilarious scene when he is dispossessed for non-payment of office rent. The manner in which his office fixtures scattered over the sidewalk provides the audiences with scenes that border on hysteria.

A scene from "Sally, Irene and Mary"—a musical at Pathe.

"Mr. Moto's Gamble" At Capitol

Mystery Master, Peter Lorre's Detective Story

The mystery master stakes his life to play a dangerous game against a phantom killer in "Mr. Moto's Gamble," which opens today at the Capitol Theatre. This 20th Century-Fox drama provides you detective story fans with your most exciting murder thriller. Guns without bullets silent, invisible and deadly with 20,000 witnesses unable to tell how death struck in the midst of a packed fight arena, provide Peter Lorre, the star with an entirely different and far more exhilarating type of "Who-done-it" drama than the star ever has given before.

To add still further intriguing elements to this 20th Century-Fox hit, Keye Luke, playing his famous role as Charlie Chan's Number One Son, helps Mr. Moto clear up the strange case of a prize-fighter's death. Directed by James Tinling, with John Stone associate producer, the 20th Century-Fox mystery thriller is an original screen play by Charles Belden and Jerry Cady, based on the character created J. P. Marquand.

SPECIAL ATTRACTION

A special feature—attraction this week is the personal appearance on the Stage of the world-famous character baritone John Valentine—the star of such stage productions as "The Student" "Prince", "Rio Rita" and "The Merry Widow". He is a modern Gipsy who travels not by caravan but on the wings of song! He will entertain you for over half an hour in a special programme of selected variety items from his large repertoire.

Latest Gallops At Poona

Diamond Shower, Advance And Legion Impress

The following gallops were noted through the week. Horses with big engagements have been in solid work.

ZUYDER ZEE (Malone) shaped satisfactorily in the company of THE NUN (Black) over six furlongs in the monsoon track. Can be made a lot fitter.

MANCLARE (Hutchins) went an easy five furlongs on the monsoon track. He is fit and well.

DIAMOND SHOWER (R. Boy) had FIELD MARSHAL (E. Britt) beaten in a dash over the six. A smart display.

GAY LOVER (Brace) and SARASON (R. Boy) did a fast six furlongs. Both moved well.

INFLATION (Rook) had BRELAN (Selby) for company in a six furlongs dash. They shaped well.

TORQUEMADA (R. Boy) and KARAWAY (Clarke) were well together at the end of six furlongs dash.

DANTE (Selby) was superior to MARK YEN (Rook) in a six furlongs burst on the tan. Note the former.

REMARQUE (R. Boy) was always going too well for GALUMPH II (R. Boy) in a six furlongs run.

ADVANCE (Northmore) and MONOCLE (R. Boy) gave a speedy display for five furlongs. Former is in good trim and the latter makes steady improvement.

ROSE MARIE (Selby) and SCHOOL FOR SCANDAL (Clarke) put in smart work over the six. Fit horses.

SPILT WINE (Harding) showed good speed in a spurt over the half mile. Keep an eye on this one.

RESOLVE (Webster) went well for six furlongs. Fit and well.

HOW'S THAT (R. Boy) and WHAT'S WHAT (J. Britt) were about level at the end of a fast six.

DEVONIAN (B. McQuade) moved smartly over five furlongs. Must be thereabouts on Monday.

FRED STEPHENS (Webster) pleased in a fast six.

ACCIDENTAL (Meekings) showed up well in a dash over the six.

CARTOON (Rook) gave an attractive display when sent six furlongs on the tan.

PAPER BOY (Meekings) shaped well over the five. One to follow.

FLIPPANT (Whiteside) beat GOLDEN BEAM (R. Boy) in a fast five. She has come on well since last saddled for a race.

MONTE CARLO (R. Boy) came fast over seven furlongs. Back her again.

DANCING COMET (Donnelly) beat JOVIAL PRINCE (Black) in a run over the six. Former is a fast improving sort.

SUN MAIDEN (Brace) travelled six furlongs on taking style. She is fit and well.

FATA KASHAF (Selby) strode out freely over a brisk mile. He is in good trim.

GOLDEN TICKET (Britt) covered ten furlongs at a strong pace. Must be scoring again.

GREAT STAR (Britt) went six furlongs very well. He has improved.

KARAM ALLAH (Fletcher) moved smoothly over nine furlongs. Add him to your list.

LEGION (Whiteside) had JAHAN ARA (Marrs) beat in a run over the ten. He will be seen to advantage over a distance.

JIRNAS (R. Boy) strode out resolutely in a mile gallop.

DHIYAB (R. Boy) pleased in a mile pace mile spin.

NAJAIMAN DHABBI (R. Boy) went a strong pace mile gallop and gave satisfaction.

Note:—VANDYKE, SCHOOL QUAD, GLANELY WHO'S WHO.

"Misrepresentation" To Secure Administration

HIGH COURT ORDERS RESTORATION OF ASSETS TO WOMAN

The notice of motion taken out by Jayluxmi, widow of one Amritlal, came up for hearing before Mr. Justice Engineer at the High Court.

By this notict of motion, the lady prayed that the Court should set aside the order made on July 15 last at the instance of Ratilal Durlabhdas, who was her sister's husband, by which the Administrator-General was authorised to collect and take possession of Amritlal's estates and to hold and invest the same in accordance with the provisions of the Administrator-General's Act.

The order had been made under Sec. 11 of the Act on the representation of the petitioner Ratilal that since Bai Jayluxmi was in mourning on account of her husband's death, she could not go out and was not in a position to manage her husband's estates and, therefore, there was an apprehension that the estate was likely to be wasted or misappropriated.

ALLEGED MISREPRESENTATIONS.

Bai Jayluxmi, the widow, now approached the Court requesting that the previous order be vacated, as it was obtained by Ratilal by misrepresentations.

She stated that after the death of her husband in May last, Ratilal had been managing the estates, and he did not comply with her request to render an account of the estates and hand over to her the title deeds, moneys, etc. which he had in his possession.

It was as a result of this dispute that Ratilal had obtained the order by misrepresentations. His conduct, she alleged, was "male fide" and was inspired by the motive to harass her. She, therefore, prayed that the previous order be set aside and her husband's estates be restored to her.

At the hearing of the notice of motion, one of the points urged by Ratilal was that the notice of motion against him was misconceived, because he dropped out of the matter as soon as the order under Sec. 11 of the Administrator-General Act was made and that since that time he was no longer concerned with it.

JUDGMENT

This argument, his lordship observed in his judgment, was tantamount to saying that if the petitioner (Ratilal) had, by an abuse of a process of a law, succeeded in obtaining an absolutely wrong order, he would not be required to account for it. The argument, therefore, must fail.

Coming to the facts of the case, his lordship observed that Ratilal's statement was not made from honest motives when he had said in his petition that Bai Jayluxmi was not in a position to manage the estate of her deceased husband. There was also nothing to justify his other statement that the estate was likely to be misappropriated or wasted.

ORDER SET ASIDE.

On a proper consideration of all the circumstances, his lordship came to the conclusion that Ratilal's petition was not "bona fide" and was not meant to protect the estates of the deceased and that the allegations on which he had obtained the order were not true.

His lordship, therefore, set aside the order of July 15, 1938, and directed that the Administrator-General should restore to Bai Jayluxmi the assets which came into his hands under the previous order.

Ratilal was ordered to pay Bai Jayluxmi's cost of both proceedings.

JEDHE CONTRADICTS DELHI REPORT

Maharashtra Solidly Behind Congress Cabinet

SIMLA, Aug. 26.

In a statement to the Press on the news published in a Delhi newspaper that the Maharashtra members of the All-India Congress Committee, in league with the members from the Punjab and Central Provinces, propose to move a no-confidence motion against the Working Committee, Mr. Jedhe, M.L.A., President of the Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee said: "I am fully aware that the whole of Maharashtra is behind the Working Committee. A section—a small section—whose only life mission has been to abuse the Congress is backing the anti-Congress agitation. But Maharashtra believes in discipline; and I am amused at this news appearing in the press."—A. P.

NO QUARTER TO COMMUNALISM

C. P. Premier's Warning To Mischief Makers

JUBBULPORE, Aug. 26.

A stern warning that the Government would not tolerate communal disturbances and would take steps against those responsible for fomenting trouble was given by the Hon. Pandit R. S. Shukhla, Premier, addressing a public meeting last night in the Victoria Town Hall.

Thakur Chedilal, M.L.A., President of the Mahakoshal Provincial Congress Committee, presided.

The Premier said that the Government's latest decision withdrawing the prosecution of those responsible for the Holi riots and the granting of amnesty to those convicted in the Dusserah riots should not be taken as indicating Government's docility. He added that the Government had ample resources at their disposal to quell such disturbances.

He assured that every citizen was free to enjoy civil liberties under the Congress regime as the Congress stood pledge to same.

He appealed to the public to become Congress-minded and make the forthcoming session of the Congress a success.

NOT GOOD POLITICS

It was not good politics, he continued, to break the discipline of the Congress and then gather applause from those who had never been within the orbit of the Congress organisation, as such a course can neither satisfy the conscience of a honest man nor influence those still within the Congress.

CHALLENGE TO DR. KHARE

Pandit D. P. Mishra, who also addressed the gathering, referred to the Khare episode and declared that if Dr. Khare produced a charge-sheet against the present Cabinet before the A. I. C. C. and proved even on a single charge, the present Cabinet would not only resign but would also meet any punishment meted out in a penitent spirit.

The meeting passed a resolution complimenting the Working Committee "for impartially solving the C. P. Ministerial crisis, condemning Dr. Khare for his virulent propaganda against the Congress."

The meeting further passed a resolution expressing the confidence of the people in the present Cabinet.

An old Muslim, father of a released Muslim convict, who was sentenced to ten years' rigorous imprisonment during the Dusserah riots also addressed the meeting expressing his gratitute to the Government for granting amnesty.—A. P.

PAPER TARIFF BOARD

(Continued from Page 6)

it enabled the manufacturers to keep up prices unfairly high. This finding of the Board is obviously untenable being in contradiction of their own admission implied in para two that internal prices adjusted themselves and had to correspond to the prices of the imported articles. They also found that in 1931 Indian prices had fallen to an extent greater than the amount of surcharge, on account of the economic (and predatory) devices.

Self-Sufficiency.

Effective protection must mean self-sufficiency. But while India produces merely a fraction of her present demand of paper and pulp India's competitors enormously assisted by their states, satiate their domestic needs and export their surplus stock because export is the life blood of manufacturing countries.

Until India attains the capacity of filling her entire wants fully and till her products win their way in outside markets against competing products, Indian protection cannot be deemed sufficient. So long it is definitely not over-protection over-protection, a false bogey.

When the Board justifies the removal on the ground of eventual over-production, they forget the facts that on the population and culture basis, India is yet an under consumer of paper. They ought also to know that most of the school books are yet printed on foreign paper and so are many of the dailies and journals. India even yet consumes about two lacs tons of paper of which 75 per cent i.e., 1 lac and sixty thousand tons are all imported foreign stuff while she makes only 48,000 tons merely 25 per cent. of her total demand. The country is consequently exploited to the extent of one crore and forty lacs of rupees year in year out. Even of the very protcted quality of paper about Rs. 25 lacs, enters India surmounting the surcharge. In the present assuredly there is no over-production even of the inferior stuff and the bogey thereon raised is merely a phatasmagoria and is anti-national economically.

Over-production v. Over-Importation

But if the eventual over-production is not in the interest of the industry, as the Board aver, will not over importation, easily let into India by the lowering of the import walls, have the same adverse effect on the industry? During the very year of grace have not Liverpool, Hamburg and Italy begun again to rush in table salt as soon as protection to India's own salt was reduced? Should this lesson have been lost on the Board?

But better it is that internal healthly competition adjusts prices to economic levels than that foreign over importations sabotage India's nascent industries and stifle all enterprise for fresh ventures.

Indian Business Acumen Underrated

Either the Board could not appraise properly or were ignorant of the acumen of Indian businessmen. They do not rush into new establishments and capital developments for the moment's large returns or high level of dividends paid—They under-take new ventures after critical and very conservative calculation of the long range future prospects of the industry. The Board's cares in their behalf were mere misapprehensions and a make-weight argument

Conference In Allahabad

Ministers And Police Officials Confer

(From Our Correspondent.)

ALLAHABAD, August 25.

A mysterious conference of Police Officers is reported to have been held at Lucknow, two days ago.

The Conference was attended by the Inspector-General of Police, Deputy Inspector-General of Police and Superintendent of Police from each Range, the Premier and the Minister of Justice.

It is said that the Conference was called by the Premier in order to make certain enquiries regarding the attitude of police officers towards Congressmen and public generally.

It is alleged that confidential circular was issued by the Inspector-General of Police some time ago to Superintendents of police asking them not to show any special consideration to Congressmen or Congress leaders and that they should be treated as they had been usually treated before the Congress Ministry came into power. Loud complaints were made by Congressmen at the Congress party meeting regarding this circular which has hitherto remained unchallenged and uncontradicted.

Amazing treatment was meted out to the depressed class Congress M. L. A by a Junior Sub-Inspector of police at Allahabad and subsequent developments seem to have brought into notice the question of relation between police and Congressmen and public on one hand and police and Congress Ministry in U. P. on them.

It is stated that the Premier at Lucknow Conference did give a bit of his mind to the officers assembled and asked them to cultivate better relations with public.

S. O. S. TO MAHATMA

Ahmedabad Hotels And Harijans

AHMEDABAD, Aug. 26.

The President of the Hotel Owners' Association, Ahmedabad, has addressed a letter to Mahatma Gandhi in the course of which he says that the entry of Harijans into the hotels has endangered their economic conditions. Some hotels are closed and the others are likely to follow suit. The statement of Gandhiji and the appeal of the Harijan Sevak Sangh have not improved matters.

The President of the Association further says that tension in connection with the Harijan entry into hotels is increasing day by day. He seeks Gandhiji's advice as to what they should do if the Harijans, as stated in the pamphlets issued by the Harijan Yuvak Mandal, bring organised attacks on hotels.

The letter requests Gandhiji to give a definite lead and advice through the "Harijan".—United Press.

EAT HEARTILY!

...Without Worrying About Your Stomach!

BiSoDoL—the modern, fast-working antacid—efficiently combats indigestion due to acidity, and the nausea and pains that are the inevitable consequence of such stomach disturbances.

Doctors recommend BiSoDoL because it is a quick, safe way to end stomach pains due to acidity—its results have been *proved!*

BiSoDoL quickly relieves the effects of over-indulgence in food, drink or tobacco and purifies the breath. B312

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EMPIRE OF INDIA

LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LTD.

ESTABLISHED 1897.

A FEW FEATURES OF THE

41st ANNUAL REPORT

INCOME	.. Rs.	84,62,000
NEW ASSURANCES	.. Rs.	1,87,28,000
ASSURANCES IN FORCE	.. Rs.	14,03,93,000
ASSETS	.. Rs.	5,06,87,000

HEAD OFFICE:

EMPIRE OF INDIA LIFE BUILDING.

BOMBAY.

CLEVER YOUNG BROKER'S TRAGEDY DUE TO NIGHT STARVATION

YOUR FATHER WON'T CONSENT TO OUR MARRIAGE. HE SAYS I DON'T EARN ENOUGH. IF ONLY I COULD GET THAT CONTRACT THROUGH WITH THAT JUTE FIRM.
YOU MUST HURRY. FATHER WANTS ME TO MARRY THAT RICH MERCHANT FRIEND OF HIS.
I'M SO TIRED AND EXHAUSTED THESE DAYS. I HAVE NO VITALITY AND ENERGY, I EVEN WAKE TIRED. I MUST SEE A DOCTOR.
AT THE DOCTOR'S
FEELING TIRED AND LIMP IS OFTEN A SIGN OF NIGHT STARVATION—OF NOT REPLACING USED-UP ENERGY DURING SLEEP. I STRONGLY RECOMMEND YOU TAKE HORLICKS EVERY NIGHT. YOUR VITALITY AND STRENGTH WILL COME BACK IN A SHORT TIME
and I got that jute firm to sign the contract. Oh, darling, what a wonderful change has come over me! I am full of life and vitality. I know I owe it to Horlicks—
3 MONTHS LATER
ALL MY DREAMS HAVE COME TRUE NOW. IT IS WONDERFUL TO BE MARRIED AND TO HAVE A GOOD BUSINESS.
YOU ARE SO CLEVER, AND SO FULL OF VITALITY!
HORLICKS
Special Reduced Offer!
Horlicks tastes best when made in the Horlicks Mixer. Just send the disc from the top of any Horlicks pack with As. 8/- (for the large Mixer) or As. 4/- (for the small Mixer) to P. O. Box 2229, Calcutta.

If you wake tired, if you suffer from 'nerves', enervation, depression and that dreadful feeling of exhaustion

GUARD AGAINST

"NIGHT STARVATION"

(Savarni Kamjari)

take HORLICKS

— you sleep soundly — wake refreshed — and have extra energy all day

W. I. A. A.

Spot The Cars Contest

LAST DAY for entries is TO-DAY!

WANTED AGENTS

Wanted agents in Bombay Presidency for the Sale of well-known world-renowned "BATA" Boots & Shoes

Apply:— DAWOOD & CO. Carnac Road, Bombay 2. 'Phone 23298.

TURNS BACK THE CALENDAR

Regains the vigour of his youth

There is a certain old gentleman here in India who has taken on a new lease in life. Passed middle age, he was becoming weak, feeble; felt that life held little more in store for him. Then came his awakening. A friend advised Waterbury's Compound. What a difference it has made for him—new vigour, new strength, new enthusiasm. Waterbury's Compound is famous for its health-building, strengthening effects. Its iron, copper and other minerals nourish the system, promote health. Its liver and malt extracts enrich the blood, bring new vigour and glowing vitality. Keeps you feeling vigorous, buoyant and fit.

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VICKS VAPORUB

World Of Sports: Home And Abroad

England's Stock Goes Up In Cricket World

(BY "LOOKER ON.")

In the Fifth Test at the Oval England's stock went up tremendously high in the world of cricket. During the last three or four years, England had very lean time, suffering defeats at the hands of Australia, West Indies, South Africa and Australia again in turn. It is true West Indies and South Africa won the rubber by the snap victory in a single Test. But the fact remained that England could even not do• what the others did. It was a terribly bad luck on the part of the "Mother Country." Other causes, including the captaincy, contributed not a little towards her misfortune. The Final Test wiped out all those dark records and restored England's reputation and confidence in a large measure.

LUCKY CAPTAIN

In "Wally" Hammond England has found a very lucky skipper. He beat Don Bradman every time in the spin of the coin. The first and the final Tests gave ample evidence of its great initial advantage. In fact it is declared everywhere that if the Don had won the toss every time, instead of Hammond he might have won all the Tests despite the time-limit. That he could win a match even when handicapped in this matter gave positive proof of the strength of his side. However, England's captain deserves to be highly complimented on his initial success. Well begun is half done, as they say. And he took full advantage of it.

COLOSSAL FIGURES

England put up the colossal figure of 903 runs for the loss of 7 wickets only. It eclipsed all previous records. So far the highest total was 729 recorded by Australia for 6 wickets at Lord's in 1930. England's total was 636 registered at Sydney in the 1928-29 series. The Oval record for the rival teams was 701 by Australia and 576 by England put on in 1934 and 1899 respectively. It is such a stupendous figure that it will take many a year, if ever, to touch it again. The batsmen chiefly responsible for it were Lew Hutton, the 22-year-old Yorkshire player, Maurice Leyland and Joseph Hardstaff who scored 364, 167 and 169 not out respectively. This trio cannot be praised too highly for their great contributions. Hutton's feat was indeed unparalleled. Not only did he perform the almost impossible task of beating Don Bradman's record of 334 runs, registered at Leeds, in 1930, but actually stood at the wickets for a period of 13 hours and 20 minutes defying all bowlers. Here is another record which even the great Don will not find easy to outstrip in the near future.

AUSTRALIA'S MISFORTUNES

Australia was unlucky from the start. They were unable to field McCormick on whom they mainly relied for their fast bowling. If they had another bowler of his type, Australia would not have fared so badly. Then there was Barnett's failure to stump Hutton when he was in the early forties. What a costly mistake it was! Finally, Fingleton and Bradman became incapacitated and were unable to bat for their side at all. But for these unfortunate happenings Australia might have put up a much better fight and even won the match. Waite and McCabe were not of the class of McCormick nor of Farnes and Bowes. Consequently the task of O'Reilly and Fleetwood-Smith was almost heartbreaking. They received no support from the wicket nor from their colleagues. The home batsmen, careful and cautious as they were, succeeded in mastering them gradually. What a Herculean task Waite, O'Reilly and Fleetwood-Smith had may be gauged from the fact that they had to bowl for 72, 85 and 87 overs in all.

NO FIGHT

After England amassed that huge total and tired the visitors out of their lives and with Bradman and Fingleton out of the batting list, it was more or less an easy job for England to overpower their opponents. They made most use of the factor which Bradman lacked, namely express bowling. Bowes and Farnes completed the task which Hutton and Company had so wonderfully begun. They took 7 and 5 wickets respectively at the cost of 74 and 117 runs. All that Australia could collect was 201 in the first innings and 123 in the second. Brown, Hassett, Barnes and Barnett were the only batsmen who tried to do some justice to themselves. But they were up against the impossible and had no heart to fight it out to the better end. Praiseworthy as the efforts of the home bowlers were there is no denying the fact that the Australians gave up the fight sooner than they should have. Although England has failed to regain the Ashes, they have certainly regained their lost confidence and reputation. They would now go to South Africa with a much brighter outlook than before. It is needless to mention, that the duration of the future Tests in England is now sure to extend to five or more days.

BOMBSHELL FROM FINLAND

Indian Hockey world has been shocked to learn that Finland has decided to omit hockey from the list of games at the next Olympiad. The reason for it is that the time at the disposal of the Finnis Association is too short to arrange for the games which come under the category of optional. As India, being the World Champions, is most interested in it strong representations are being made on behalf of this country to have this game included in the list. It is hoped that other countries who are interested in hockey would also join with India in persuading the Olympic Games Committee to include it. India's chief interest lies in this game as far as the Olympics are concerned. And if this is excluded it will hardly be worth our while to participate in the 1940 Games.

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LISTERINE THE SAFE ANTISEPTIC

Problems Before Co-operators

Prof. V. G. Kale's Advice To Representatives Of Central Banks

A Conference of Central Co-operative Banks in the Presidency was held on Friday when in the absence of Sir Chunilal V. Mehta, cy of improvement and progress.

In the course of his address Prof. Kale said:—

Whatever we may think of the activities of the Agricultural Credit Department of the Reserve Bank of India and the latter's attitude towards the co-operative movement in general, the bulletins and the report issued by them should receive our careful consideration. There are a number of suggestions made in them and should be discussed with a view to their adoption wherever practicable and desirable. We can always derive some benefit from criticisms of outsiders and those coming from a body like the Reserve Bank, deserve to be respectfully treated. Even the amended Companies Act is calculated to suggest certain improvements in the working of our banks. This subject requires special attention particularly in view of the recent banking crisis in the South.

The orders recently issued for the winding up of two central co-operative banks in this Province should bring home to us the serious importance of the problem of taking adequate measures for strengthening our banking institutions and rendering them more secure and efficient.

WHAT PEOPLE WANT.

It is a matter for satisfaction that Government have declared on a careful inquiry that the position of the central banks in our Province is perfectly sound. It would have been better, to my mind if Government had told us the causes of the failure of the two banks in question, so that people could have tried to take a warning and learn a lesson.

An important question strikes me here and it is: while Government is giving assurances to the public about the soundness of the banks and the steps to be taken to maintain them in that sound condition, where do we stand, we the united body of co-operative banks in the Province. While we are thankful to Government for their kind assurances, have we no "locus standi" and no duty to perform? This, I feel, only betrays the utter weakness of our organization and the absence of a sense of common responsibility.

Doubts are being expressed as to the utility of the existing system of supervision of societies. Though it has been only recently adopted in its new shape, it is complained wildly that it is costly without being useful. The system is complicated and not very effective.

I think the time has now come when banks, both central and urban, should seriously review the situation in which they are placed and chalk out a co-ordinated policy of improvement and progress. Faith, unity, loyalty and active work ought to enable us to carve out our destiny.

STANDING COMMITTEE'S WORK.

The Secretary presented the Report of work of the Standing Committee of the Bombay Presidency Co-operative Banks' Conference. In the course of the reported it was stated:—

References were made to the Committee on various matters arising out of the Report on Reorganization submitted to Government last year by the Registrar and Mr. V. L. Mehta. The Committee has communicated its views on the draft bye-laws of banking unions and on the arrangements for selection of professional auditors. The Registrar has accepted the Committee's view that the selection may be made by a sub-committee of the Council appointed for the holding of the Examinations for the Government Diploma in Co-operation and Accountancy. The question of an audit federation for the City of Bombay was referred by the Committee to the Bombay Divisional Co-operative Institute, while that relating to the creation of co-ordinating agency for co-operative banks in the Province was first referred to all banks and is now placed for consideration by the Conference. Certain questions of general financial policy such as the arrangements for the collection of interest were referred to the Committee and its detailed views have been communicated to the Registrar in the light of the opinions which had been collected from various banks. A similar reference was dealt with during the year regarding the issue of shares at a premium by co-operative banks. A communication was addressed to the Reserve Bank of India regarding the payment of brokerage on loans floated by the Government of India and Provincial Governments.

The Standing Committee decided to publish a list of Co-operative Banks in the Bombay Presidency. The volume contains a coloured map.

FOOTBALLER'S DILEMMA

To Play Or Not To Play As "Outsider"

BOMBAY, Aug. 26.

A controversy has arisen between the I.F.A. and the Bangalore Muslim Football Club, over a letter from the former, rescinding the permission they granted a few days earlier, allowing Oosman Jan of the Mahomedan Sporting to play for the Bangalore Muslims XI in the Rovers Cup Tournament this year.

It appears, that after obtaining the permission of the Mahomedan Sporting and Delhi Football Association, to which Oosman belongs, the Bangalore Muslim Club approached the I.F.A who gave their consent in a letter dated the 6th August, 1938, according to which Oosman was permitted to play for the Bangalore Muslims in the Rovers Cup Tournament this season. In another letter dated the 15th August, 1938, the I.F.A. rescinded the permission without stating any definite reasons. Feeling that the probable reason why he was not to be allowed to play for the Bangalore Muslims was that he was not a resident of Bangalore, Oosman wrote a letter to the I.F.A., in which he cited another team, which had included "outsiders" and asked the Association to consider his case as identical.

The Association wired back saying that it was impossible, and that the cited team was affiliated to the Bangalore Muslim Club also communicated with the W.I.F.A. upon the matter, who replied saying that they had no objection to Oosman playing for their side.

In view of the dispute, and the consequences Oosman has so far refused to play for the Bangalore team.

Steps are to be taken, it is understood, to settle the matter amicably.—A. P.

Bradman Won't Play In Present Tour

LONDON, Aug. 26.

Bradman will not play again during the tour. A further examination to-day reveals torn ligaments in the right foot. Rest should enable him to be fit to play, when he reaches Australia.—Reuter.

Bhowal Sanyasi Case Echo

CALCUTTA, Aug. 24.

Applications were made to-day before Mr Justice M. C. Ghose and Mr. Justice Mukherjee on behalf of Sreemati Bibhabati Devi, Ramnarayan Roy and Ananda Kumari Devi represented by the Manager of the Bhowal Estate under the Court of Wards, and Sreemati Bibhabati Devi in her individual capacity, for an order directing Kumar Ramendra Narayan Roy, (better known as the Bhowal Sanyasi), to furnish further security for one lakh of rupees in accordance with the court's order dated December 18, 1936.

Their Lordships directed the application to be heard on the reopening day of the High Court after the long vacation on November 7.—A.P.

9 GOALS VICTORY FOR ALL BLUES

Happy Union Trounced In Rovers Cup

BOMBAY, Aug. 26.

The slippery turf, at the Cooperage, due to heavy rain throughout the day, proved to the undoing of the Happy Union, from Bangalore, who, were trounced by the 'All Blues,' Jamshedpur, to the tune of as many as 9 goals, without a reply, in the Rovers Cup Football Tournament, on Friday evening.

STRONG COMBINATION.

The winners, a strong combination, in all departments of the game, gave an impression that they will be a hard team to beat and are likely to go far, in the Championship of the coveted trophy.

The visitors from Bangalore, most of whose players played barefoot, were at sea, due to the deplorable conditions underfoot.

The 'All Blues' crossed over with a lead of 3 goals, to which they added 6 more in the second half of play.

The goal-scorers were Blower (4), Mills (2), Judge (1), Henderson (1) and Driscoll (1).

Result:—

'ALL BLUES' ..... 9 goals.
HAPPY UNION, BANGALORE ..... Nil.

TEAMS:—

ALL BLUES:—Jardine; Carvey and E. Carvey; Henderson, Lumsden and Foran; Driscoll, Blower, Mills, Earl and Judge.

HAPPY UNION, BANGALORE:—S. Swamy; Maduraimurti and Chendra; Naga Rathan, Chinnaswamy and Nanjurdamurthi; Isak, Abdulla, Savaitipathi, Krishna Murthi and Kanga.

REFEREE:—Mr. L. Hibbert.

To-day's Matches

4-30 p.m. Hyderabad XI vs. Muslim F. C., Quetta.

5-45 p.m. Cheshires vs. Aryans, Calcutta.

World's Javelin Record Broken

HELSINKI, Aug. 26

Nikkanen (Finland) has established world's javelin throw record of 77.87 metres. The previous record was 77.23 metres by Jarunen (Finland).—Reuter.

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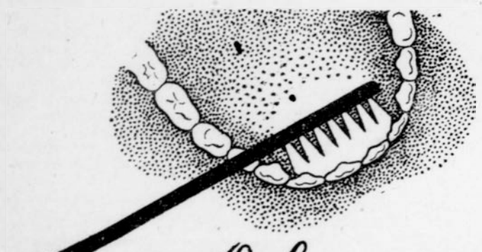

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HINDU WOMEN AND THEIR DISABILITIES

Bombay Presidency Women's Council's Memorandum To Govt.

A memorandum has been sent by the Bombay Presidency Women's Council to the Government of India regarding Hindu Women and their disabilities under existing Hindu law. The memorandum was prepared by the Parliamentary Sub-Committee of the Council, in consultation with Mr. Tanubhai D. Desai, solicitor its legal adviser, Mr. Gokhale, advocate and Justice Patkar.

My Council need not stress that the present position of women under the Hindu Law with reference to their rights and disabilities with regard to ownership and disposal of property, inheritance and succession thereof, rights of marriage and divorce etc., are not in consonance with the spirit of the time and that they act as great hardships and are in need of urgent reform.

Since the last few years, there has been an awakening amongst the people at large and the disabilities are being felt acutely. Attempts have been made from time to time to reform and vary and modify the law but as is usual and effective with piecemeal legislation, the same has not been very useful and it is the considered opinion of my Council that the work of removing the disabilities mentioned above would be very much facilitated if the Government of India takes up the work in earnest of framing legislation on the lines mentioned hereunder. My Council further feels that before the legislation on the lines mentioned hereunder is framed for introduction in the Legislature, it would be appropriate and desirable that a Committee of non-officials be appointed consisting of a Chairman and six other members of whom not less than three shall be women to examine the whole question and report thereon. My Council further feels that if such a Committee is appointed, then the Committee can take evidence if necessary, and consider the whole matter and advise the Government on the question properly and thereafter, the Government can arrange to introduce the necessary legislation in the Legislature.

The Council feels that the following lines should be adopted for the purpose of legislation. They have been presented in an abridged and concise form:—

I. MARRIAGE:

(1) Prohibition of polygamy.

(2) Differences of castes and sub-castes should not make marriage illegal or invalid.

(3) Provision should also be made to prevent marriages between persons of unequal ages, e.g., a bridegroom of 55 years marrying a bride of 15 years.

(4) Previous notification of marriage before celebration and consequent registration of marriage.

(5) Removal of the restriction on a widow who is a minor and whose marriage is not consummative to take the consent of her guardian, just as there is no restriction on a widow who is a minor and whose marriage is consummated to take the consent of her guardian.

(6) On remarriage of a widow, she should not lose the rights in her husband's property unless the husband otherwise so expressly directs in writing.

(7) If a father is dead, lunatic or otherwise unfit to act as the guardian of the minor, the mother shall be the guardian of her minor children for marriage unless the Court for sufficient reasons such as immorality or acting against the interest of the minor by taking money and/or making arrangements for an unsuitable match, think fit to remove her and appoint someone else.

II. DIVORCE.

A wife or a husband shall be entitled to divorce a husband or a wife as the case may be, viz:—

(1) If he or wife, is lost, and heard of for seven years.

(2) Changes religion.

(3) Is adjudged to be a lunatic.

(4) Commit Adultery.

(5) and further that a wife should be entitled to divorce if a husband habitually ill-treats and neglects to maintain.

III. GUARDIANSHIP.

Mother should not be deprived of minor children's guardianship simply because of her re-marriage unless the Court especially for reasons recorded in writing desire to remove her.

IV. INHERITANCE.

Firstly: The right which a widow or female gets in the property of a person whether female or male, whether joint or separate should be her absolute property.

Secondly: A daughter should get a right of inheritance or share in the joint or separate property at least to the extent of 1/3rd of the share of a son.

A widow or a daughter after the death of the deceased husband or father should share the right to demand partition.

My Council in this connection desires to draw the attention of the Government to the fact that progressive States like Baroda and Mysore have also tackled similar problems by appointments of Committees to consider the problem and advise the Government, and my Committee feels that it would be in the fitness of things and highly appropriate that the Government of India should act in the matter as suggested in this Memorandum.

"The giving of retrospective effect to become a qualified protected tenant is certainly a handicap to those who have been indulgent to their tenants. Except that the legislators are in haste there is no justification for this provision. The landlord is deprived of the right, without any compensation, of levying any cess, tax or service which has been lawfully possessed by him. The provision as regards the fixing of rent will not fail to give rise to complications and undesirable practices.

CREATING CLASS WAR.

"Apart from these matters of differences of opinion the principle on which the whole legislation is based has become antiquated by force of circumstances. The present measure will certainly create constant struggle between two classes and lead to discontent on the part of an influential section of the society. No Government should make light of the discontent of any section much less of one which is influential.

"It may be enacted that sustenancies shall always be for a period of not less than 12 years. Holders of alienated villages may be given the right to have nome farms proportionate to the area of the entire village.

"Holders of alienated villages should be given the right to collect their own revenue and should be endowed with some powers to do so. The principle of competition may be preserved in the matter of fixing the rent."

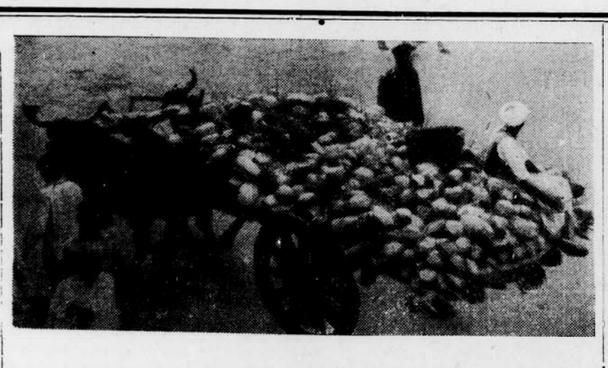
The president concluded by hoping that the above suggestion will contribute to the easing of the situation.

"UNJUST AND UNFAIR."

The conference then passed resolutions stating that the Tenancy Bill is "of an expropriatory character, is against the terms of Sanads, grants and agreements legally entered into between the Government and the landholders that Government is committing serious injustice by introducing the 'unjust and unfair legislation' which is in contravention to the several Acts of the Provincial and Central Governments, promises and assurances of the High Government officials like the Governor, the Viceroy and the Secretary of State for India, and the reports of several responsible officials and Government resolutions."

The conference further held the Bill as expropriatory because "it deprives the landholder of his inherent right of chosing the tenants, and fixing the rent; it derogates from his inherent right of determining the tenancy; it confers on the tenant the hereditary right of the use, occupation, possession and enjoyment of the land; it leads to serious depreciation of the land value and it deprives the landlord of his right without providing for adequate compensation, to levy any cess, tax, rate of service."

The conference disapproved the haste in bringing forth the legislation without thorough and satisfactory public enquiry in spite of repeated requests from all quarters, and appointed a deputation authorising it to represent the case of landholders to the Government. It earnestly and respectfully requested the Governor not to accord his previous sanction to the introduction of the Bill.



A cocoanut vendor arriving in the city from the suburbs with a cart-load of tender cocoanuts which will be in great demand during the ensuing Ganpati festival.

RIGHTS OF STUDENTS' GUARDIANS

French India Govt. Promulgates New Decree

PONDICHERRY, Aug. 25.

A decree formulating the legal rights of the parents or guardians of students in the various educational institutions in French India, has been promulgated.

According to the new decree the civil responsibility of the students so long as they remain within the premises of educational institutions, will be vested with the Government and not with the teachers as hitherto, that is, all legal responsibilities will be borne by the State directly in cases of any offences committed by the students or against them. Under no circumstances, the teachers or the staff of the institution should be dragged into a court of law. But the Government have got the option of taking action against the teachers themselves. The teachers should not even be cited as witnesses before a court of law.—United Press

FAMINE THREATENS BARODA PEASANTS

(From Our Correspondent).

BARODA, Aug. 25.

Sequel to scarcity of rain in many places of Baroda State and the recent dry period of about fortnight there are all possibilities of famine if the same condition continues for a few more days. People of Amreli District are hardly hit due to scanty rainfall.

An amendment in the State Servants Rules has been made recently and a candidate appearing before the Services Committee ought to be over 18 years of age and should not more than 25 years, if he is a matriculate or a graduate and should not be more than 28 if he holds a double degree.

Revd. Mr. F. W. Pledger has been appointed as a member of the State Industries Board by co-option. Mr. Pledger is the Principal of a Theological School, Baroda Camp.

The Debt Conciliation Act has been applied to Patan and Harij Talukas of Mehsana District and it will come into operation from 1st September.

MINISTERIAL PARTY COMMITTEE REPORT

CALCUTTA, Aug. 25.

The Special Committee appointed at a meeting of the Coalition Party in the Bengal Assembly yesterday, submitted its report to the Leader of the Party, Mr. A. K. Fazlul Huq, this evening.

As regards the question of an addition to or change in the personnel of the present Cabinet, the Committee, while admitting the necessity of some changes, has recommended that the consideration of the matter be deferred till a later date (at least a month hence) and that a sub-Committee be appointed to get in touch and carry on negotiations with the seceders from the Coalition.

The Committee expressed its opinion against the proposal accepting the identity of any separate group in the ministerial coalition.

These recommendations of the Committee will be discussed at a meeting of the Coalition Party to-morrow morning when office bearers of the party will also be elected.—A. P.

BENGAL CABINET RESHUFFLE

CALCUTTA, Aug. 26

A special meeting of the Ministerialist Coalition Party, held this morning at the Party's office at Gora Chand Road, considered the recommendations of the Special Committee appointed by the Party on Wednesday last.

The meeting accepted the Committee's recommendations for the immediate appointment of Parliamentary Secretaries, and the postponement of consideration of the question of any addition to or change in the present Cabinet in Bengal, as well as the recommendation for the appointment of a sub-committee to get into touch and carry on negotiations with the seceders from the Coalition Party.

It also accepted the proposals that no one, who is not a member of the Coalition Party, should be appointed as a Minister.—A. P.

BENGAL ASSEMBLY PROROGUED

CALCUTTA, Aug. 25.

After a heated debate, lasting over two hours, the Bengal Legislative Assembly this evening adopted a non-official resolution moved by a member of the Ministerialist party, seeking to fix the percentage of appointments in various branches of Public Service and Civil Posts, temporary and permanent, as follows:—Muslims 60, scheduled castes 20, and the rest 20.

The House was thereafter prorogued.

The Congress Party, the Independent Scheduled Caste party, the unattached members and two Europeans remained neutral.—A.P.

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NATURE'S OWN BODY-BUILDER

Seen at the Central Cinema:

THIS CALF THAT STRAYED INTO THE CINEMA COMPOUND AND HEARD (or overheard) KRISHNA'S FLUTE.

Boy! How it jumped with joy!

'Gopal Krishna'

(HINDI).

STARRING:

★ SHANTA APTE

★ RAM MARATHEY

(AND A FLUTE),

★ PARASHRAM

It's Prabhat's!

Daily: 5-15, 8 & 10-30 p.m.

To-day, Tom., Mon.: 2-30 p.m.

SEVENTEENTH WEEK AT

CENTRAL

CINEMA:————:GIRGAUM

PLAZA Talkies
DADAR
COMPLETE SERIAL
"MYSTERY MOUNTAIN"
SUNDAY, 28th August, MORNING 10 A.M. SHOW.

'TARZAN-KI-BETI'
—:IN HINDI:—
A mighty Jungle Picture replete with Thrills and Romance
from TO-DAY at
PLAZA—Dadar
Sat., Sun. & Mon.: 4 Shows: 2-15, 5, 7-45 & 10-30 p.m.

7th WEEK of
Splendid Success!
MINERVA'S
MAGNIFICENT SOCIAL:
"Jailor"
STARRING:
SOHRAB MODI
(DIRECTOR)
LEELA CHITNIS,
SHEELA, SADIQALI.
—TENSE DRAMA;
—MOVING PATHOS;
—HILARIOUS HITS;
—MELLOW MUSIC!
Daily: 5-15, 8 & 10-30 p.m.
To-day, Tom. & Mon.: 2-30 p. m.
WED. 31ST ZENANA SHOW 2 P.M.
KRISHNA
TALKIES....DUBASH THEATRE
Songs from this Film will be available on TWIN Records.

WELLINGTON
DAILY: 3-30, 6-30 & 10 P.M.
INCOMPARABLE
.....is Garbo.....as the woman who won—and lost—the heart of the great Napoleon!
M.-G.-M.'s MIGHTIEST TRIUMPH
CAST OF THOUSANDS!
GRETA GARBO
CHARLES BOYER
IN
"MARIE WALEWSKA"
THRILLS:
A Conqueror Makes the World Stand Still.... To Beg A Woman's Surrender! Lovers Part! Napoleon's Armies are shattered! The Retreat from Moscow!
DAILY MATINEE RATES: 3 annas, 4 annas, 9 annas and Re. 1-2.
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Sunday Morning Show at 10 a.m.
GEORGE ARLISS
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JOAN BENNETT
IN
"DISRAELI"

Welcome Revival!
HUNS PICTURES'
Scatting Social Satire
'Dharma-Veer'
(MARATHI)
with
BABURAO PENDHARKAR, INDIRA WADKAR, WINAYAK, RATNAPRABHA
Daily: 5-15, 8 & 10-30 p.m.
To-day, Tom. & Mon.: 2-30 p.m.
WED., 31st: ZENANA SHOW: (As. 9 and As. 4): 1-45 P.M.
MAJESTIC
CINEMA:————:GIRGAUM
SUNDAY MORNING: 10 A.M.
"WOMEN OF ALL NATIONS"

PAUL MUNI
CAPTURES BOMBAY
4 BEST SELECTED AT
The BROADWAY
KINGSWAY:————:DADAR
SATURDAY and SUNDAY Only: AT 4, 6-30 and 10 P.M.
MUNI
The Adventurer, Master of emotional drama, bringing his brilliant career to its peak with this, his most appealing portrayal of all.....
"BORDER TOWN"
with BETTE DAVIS
To-morrow Morning at 10-30 a.m.
SAGAR MOVIETONE'S
SUCCESSFUL TAMIL TALKIE:
"JALAJA"
—"The GLORY of the DANCE"—
2nd Day by Special Request.

7th WEEK
FROM TO-DAY
GENERAL FILMS'
GREAT SOCIAL HIT
which lays bare the inmost emotions of the Human Heart in a picture packed with:
—ROMANCE — SPECTACLE — EXCITEMENT — COMEDY — — SONGS —
BAGHBAN
BAGHBAN
Directed By:—:A. R. KARDAR
Starring:
BIMLA KUMARI & NANDREKER
with
SITARA, YASMIN, NAZIR, ASHRAF KHAN, LALLA YAKOOB, K. N. SINGH, WASTI, MIRZA MUSHARAFF and Others
—THE BEST SHOW IN TOWN—
IMPERIAL
CINEMA
Daily: 5-15, 8 & 10-30 p.m.
Matinees: 2-30 p.m. To-day, Tomorrow and Monday.

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FOR
Thursday, Sept. 1st
WHEN
BOMBAY'S FAVOURITE THEATRE
THE EXCELSIOR
WILL HAVE ITS
GALA RE-OPENING
AS
BOMBAY'S NEWEST THEATRE
TO BE GRACED BY
India's Own Star
SABU
IN
"THE DRUM"
"THE DRUM"
the GREATEST Film yet made by ALEXANDER KORDA
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GLORIOUS TECHNICOLOUR
BRINGING YOU
THE COLOUR AND POMP, THE SPECTACLE AND SPLENDOUR THAT IS INDIA!!!
A UNITED ARTISTS' SUPER RELEASE
By arrangement with WESTERN INDIA THEATRES LTD.
PLANS OPEN from SUNDAY: AUGUST 28TH.
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Merry—Go—Round!
WINAYAK
THE PERENNIAL PURVEYOR
in the
MOST HILARIOUS HIT OF HIS CAREER
BRAHMACHARI
with
the NEW HUNS find
MEENAKSHI
Damuanna Malvankar, Salvi, Jog, Nurjehan, Bapurao Pavar, Javdekar.

HUNS' Story of a SLOGAN RUN AMOCK!
SATURDAY Next
AT
MAJESTIC

HIGHLY APPRECIATED BY THE PUBLIC!
LURE OF THE LAND OF LAMAS, vividly portrayed in a film of unusual interest.
BHAVNANI PRODUCTION
YANGRILLA
A drama full of action, suspense and Thrills that will hold you from start to finish.
Director: M. BHAVNANI.
DEVIL DANCES.
LAMAS' BLACK MAGIC.
KUSTI FIGHTS.
SCENES OF NATURE.
that will enthrall you.
STARRING:
ENAKSHI RAMA RAU with PURI, GYANI, DAVID, FATTY PRASAD, RAIMOHAN, BROWN, and Others.
SEE TO-NIGHT or DURING THIS WEEK
AT
SUPER TALKIES
Saturday, Sunday & Holiday 2-30
Daily: 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

CIVIL LIBERTIES IN BHOPAL

Some Questions

Mr. Shakir Ali Khan, Secretary, Bhopal State People's Association, writes:—

A few articles have recently been published in an accommodating paper of Lucknow under the name of "Our Own Correspondent" with the avowed purpose of justifying the tactics adopted by the Bhopal State authorities in order to repress the people and suppress their civil liberties. The writer of these articles has heartily indulged in the pleasure of passing scandalous and libellous remarks against the accredited local leaders of public opinion. In the opinion of this mysterious and misrepresentative "special correspondent," neither the Bhopal State People's Association nor the men at the helm of it have any following, and therefore, to him the whole agitation of ours is manufactured. I feel reluctant to say anything in reply of this effusion, but behind the scene, I would, in all humility, request the Bhopal Government kindly to give unequivocal and categorical answers to the following few queries:—

1. Is it not a fact that public meetings are not allowed to be held without the previously-obtained licence of the District Magistrate?
2. Were not a few men arrested about a year ago for protesting against this order and offering 'Satyagraha' in defiance of this?
3. Are not ninety per cent of the requests for holding political meetings rejected by the Magistrate?
4. Did not many a time the Magistrate himself rush all the way to disperse political meetings suspected to be held in any part of the town?
5. Is it not a fact that two years ago the licence granted to hold public meeting in order to mourn the death of late lamented Dr. Ansari was given under the clear understanding that no speaker would make any reference to political conditions obtaining in the State?
6. Is not the circulation of more than a dozen papers of the British India banned in the State at present?
7. Had not about a dozen local papers to suffer forced discontinuation due to heavy securities demanded of them?
8. Are not the local printing presses harassed in private not to publish anything unpalatable to the State Government and, hence, is it not a fact that all the local printing presses refused to print even the membership forms of the Bhopal State People's Association?
9. Is it not a fact that a few months ago when some men of public opinion arranged to meet in a hotel in order to discuss the objective of responsible Government, the Magistrate took objection to this meeting and when the conveners of it protested against the attitude, the manager of the hotel was threateningly asked not to allow the men shelter under his roof?
10. Is it not a fact that a few months ago a meeting decided to be held within the four walls of a house in order to discuss a new taxation on profession and industry was prohibited by the Magistrate?
11. Much capital is made out of the recently held Hindu Conference, but is there any denying of the fact that the president and the secretary of the Conference were granted audience and thus taken into confidence by H.H. the Ruler before getting permission to hold the Conference? Besides this, did not the permission hold the following conditions obligatory on the conveners: (1) peasants and (2) labourers would not attend it, (3) no procession would be arranged, (4) no drama would be staged, and (5) no man living out of Bhopal would address it.
12. Is it not an open secret that two weekly papers with the names of "Nadeem" and "Payam" are being published at present entirely by the State subsidy?
13. Is it not a fact that at present there is no public press in Bhopal?
14. Were not heavy securities demanded of many a journalist before accepting their declaration and thus many a journal being nipped in the bud, nay, before it?
15. Is it not a fact that many an application for declaration of papers are rejected outright?
16. Is it not a fact that here is a censor on films, too, and the exhibition of no patriotic film is allowed, or allowed after cutting off unagreeable portion of it?

A very lengthy questionnaire may easily be prepared in this connection. I, however, go a step further and say: Are the State authorities prepared to hold an independent inquiry in the matter under the pain of severe punishment to me and my colleagues if the above allegations are not definitely proved? I go a little further and ask them: are they prepared publicly to notify that (1) no licence is necessary for holding public meetings, (2) no searching scrutiny would ever be made in regard to every article, parcel and packet "imported" in Bhopal, (3) steps shall be taken to liberalize the present administration in order to pave the way through stages for full responsible Government, and (4) conviction on political grounds would not be held as disqualification for contesting seats in local bodies or the Legislative Council? It is interesting to note that at present such men even lose their right of vote.

Are the State Government prepared for this?

ENQUIRY INTO CAUSES OF CORRUPTION

Corporation To Consider Proposal In Its Ensuing Session

The agenda of the Municipal Corporation for September contains several interesting items. Mr. P. D. Shamdasani wants the regulations for the conduct of business to be amended. He will therefore move:

That the meetings of the Corporation shall be held at three o'clock (Bombay Time) in the afternoon of every Monday and Thursday in each week unless otherwise specially ordered by the Mayor. The Corporation may if they think fit, adjourn over any period.

That every member of the Corporation attending a Meeting of the Corporation shall sign his name in the attendance book kept for that purpose.

Mr. I. S Patel wants a committee to be appointed to investigate into the causes of alleged corruption in various Municipal Departments and to report as to the measures that should be taken for checking the same.

Mr. Mohanlal M. Desai does not think it desirable to change the names of the existing streets and roads in the City of Bombay, unless there are exceptional circumstances to do so.

But he thinks it advisable to give the names of eminent Indians, who have rendered very useful service, to the new roads which may be constructed from time to time.

Dr. G. R. A. Sheikh, will move: That the Commissioner be requested to recommend the B.E.S. & T. Co., Ltd., to consider the desirability of so modifying their policy of charging the monthly meter-hire rental as to discontinue the rental of a meter after a consumer has paid by monthly rental the full purchase price of the meter allowing for reasonable interest being charged thereon, and to report to the Corporation the result of his negotiations with the Company in the matter.

HAPPY HOME FOR THE BLIND

The Hon. Secretaries, Happy Home for the Blind, write:—

The Parsi festival of New Year will come and go. These will be the days of rejoicing not for the community alone, but for the vast suffering humanity of our city. The beggar in the street will receive sunshine in his hitherto unhappy life, but alas! it will not last long. For the rest of his days he is as miserable while he plods on in his undesirable profession.

Has it ever occurred to you that all unorganised charity only encourages poverty. Every time you help a street beggar with a coin, you only encourage him to beg without ameliorating his lot.

The amount you spend annually in helping the street beggar to beg may well be spent in helping us to make an useful citizen out of a blind beggar. Our Happy Home for the Blind takes care of the blind beggar boy picked up in the street by the Police. We volunteer to turn this putrid and putrifying humanity into a healthy, active, useful and industrious people.

Note the happy arrangement of things. That the Happy Home for the Blind provides all home comforts for its blinds. It sends them as day pupils to the Victoria Memorial School for the Blind for their education and keeps its inmates in the N. S. D. Industrial Home for the blind at Worli Chawl No. 52, as paying boarders. We just invite you to come and see our Institution once.

While many are taken care of in the Happy Home for the Blind there are still hundreds of young blind beggars, to whom the privilege of a normal existence is denied. Week after week, month after month they live their poor drab lives. They do not complain but they have their dreams as well.

But our funds alas is very meagre, and many are left uncared for. Help is still needed desperately, and we beg of you, those of you who can afford it to send something, however small, immediately to Mrs. B. H. Pesikaka, Honorary Secretaries, The Happy Home for the Blind, South Villa, Wodehouse Road, Colaba.

DHRANGADHRA STATE PROBLEM

Permission For People's Conference Withdrawn

(From Our Special Correspondent)
AHMEDABAD, Aug. 24.

The problem of Dhrangadhra State has been a complex one and the people of Indian States are surprised at the unreasonable attitude of the State authorities for move of postponement to hold a public meeting at Dhrangadhra which was called to ascertain the sense of the public for calling the second session of the Dhrangadhra Rajya Prajamandal.

At one time the authorities gave due permission and at the last minute, for reasons unknown, the authorities requested the conveners of the meeting to postpone it a later date. The organisers, in order to give due deference to the wishes of the Maharaja, have postponed it but insisted on State authorities to give permission at a very early date.

The members of the Working Committee of the State Prajamandal have returned to their respective places as a protest against the dilatory tactics of the State and have written to Darbarshree Gopaldas, Sjt. Dhuber and Sjt. Fulchand Shah, appraising them of the whole situation and requesting them to give a proper lead.

The whole of Kathiawar is now seething with political activities and Sardar's blessings to Rajkot public has electrified the political atmosphere of Kathiawar, Limbdi, Bhavnagar, Wadhwan and other places demand responsible and popular governments.

The Vice-President of Dhrangadhra Rajya Praja Parishad has sent to-day a telegram to Darbarshree Gopaldas at Rajkot urging him to consider Dhrangadhra problem and give a proper lead.

It is hoped saner counsels will prevail upon the State authorities at Dhrangadhra and other places to meet with the popular demands.

B. B. & C. I. Ry.'s New Venture

A new feature has been adopted by the B. B. & C. I. Rly. to render the people in village area the possible assistance to enjoy the city amusements which are harmless in their nature.

A special train was run on 20th inst. from Daman Road leaving it at 13-0 hours, stopping at Udvada, Pardi and other level crossing gates reaching Bulsar at 14-0 hours, where special arrangements were made with the Palace Talkies to exhibit the picture "Duniya-Na-Mane."

About 500 passengers took advantage of this train as the fares were reduced to only mail-and-a-half fares plus a nominal amount of Re. 0-2-0 for the cinema show.

The return train left Bulsar at 17-30 hours and people returned to their homes early in the evening.

A Novel Scheme

Here is now an experiment that eschews all such alleged disadvantages of rail transport. A parcels van, of a carrying capacity of 100 maunds, is to be let out on hire of Rs. 35-0-0 for the trip between Hissar and Delhi, a distance of 141 miles. What is more, the van will be attached to the fast train, the "Haryana Express." The contractor has complete freedom to load just what he likes (save dangerous and offensive goods and excepted articles) and to charge his constituents just what he can.

This is by for the most daring experiment that has ever been conceived by a railway and there is evidence that success will wait upon the enterprise.

Champion Swimmer In Hyderabad

(From Our Special Correspondent)
SECUNDERABAD, Aug. 25.

Mr. P. K Ghosh, champion swimmer of Bengal and party reached Hyderabad yesterday evening 'en-route' to Bangalore.

The party will give a number of demonstrations in swimming prior to their departure for Bangalore.

Mr. Ghosh who has arrived in Hyderabad by car is expected to leave for Europe next November with the object of attempting to cross the English channel.

METRO
DAILY AT 3-30-6-30-10 P.M.
TELEPHONE 31045

A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Picture
—EXTRA FEATURES—
CRIME DOES NOT PAY
PETE SMITH SPECIALITY
TECHNICOLOR CARTOON
BRITISH MOVIETONE NEWS
Plans open for next attraction.

STAR FLASHES

by CHARLES BRUNO

PATSY KELLY LOST 45 LBS. IN 7 WEEKS FOR HER ROLE IN "THE LADY AND THE COWBOY."
MARY ASTOR ORIGINALLY GOT HER START IN FILMS WHEN SHE WON A "FAME AND FORTUNE" CONTEST CONDUCTED BY A MAGAZINE.
TODAY I YAMA MAN
ELEANOR POWELL REHEARSED HER DANCE ROUTINES 10 HOURS A DAY FOR "HONOLULU" HER LATEST PICTURE.
MICKEY ROONEY FIGURES THAT HE IS NOW A GROWN-UP SINCE HE RECEIVED HIS FIRST MARRIAGE PROPOSAL IN HIS FAN MAIL.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Unauthorized Interview

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Under the head lines, "The casual deaths were due solely to toddy" 'Babasaheb Deshmukh's Interview,' my cursory talk with Mr. Vakhare of Nagpur on the roadside at Shegaon has been published in "Maharashtra" of 24th instant as an interview. I do not know what convention or courtesy warrants the publication of a cursory talk as interview without the permission of the speaker!

Moreover, the report is misleading. Due to giddiness I had abrutly to sit down near the roadside where Mr. Vakhare and one or two persons were sitting. By way of civility I asked Mr. Vakhare as to whether they would address a meeting at Wardha that evening (the 21st of August).

Mr. Vakhare:—"We have no concern with the meeting. It has been called by the Socialists, which we are not. We are Congressmen. We would proceed straight to the station and entrain for Nagpur."

In the course of further extempore conversation he asked: "Are the recent deaths at Wardha due to 'Neesa' (the fresh Toddy juice)?"

I said:—"I do not positively know. People say, they are due to metallic poison; some say tin, others say copper."

Newspaper reading public should particularly note that this was not a regular "Interview." Hence to dub it as an 'interview' is mischievous. Even casual conversation would be impossible if it goes forth, without sanction and sense of sanctity, as interview, and that too in a misleading form. The fact is I myself was bedridden and could not stir abroad when the attacks and deaths under reference occurred. Nobody authoritatively communicated anything to me in this regard since some casual visitors only spoke to me, I have no personal direct or authoritative knowledge about these accident. Hence the statement under reference should not be credited as authoritative.

I hope, under the circumstances the so-called interview of mine in "Maharashtra" should not any further mislead anybody.

No question of prohibition was raised at all.—Yours, etc.,

NILKANTHRAO DESHMUKH,
Vice-President.,
Nagpur Provincial C. C.

Ramnagar-Wardha, Aug. 25.

India's Defence

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—It is obvious that the Government have failed to appreciate the Indian point of view about India's defence. All Indian patriots desire that India's defence should be entrusted to the sons of the soil. In all countries Defence loans were floated for the country's defence. Let the Government of India float an India defence loan of a hundred crores of rupees and at the same time formulate a five years' scheme to evolve an Indian army, Navy, and air force thoroughly modernized and manned and officered by Indians. Of course the present method of recruiting men for training as officers must be scrapped. The same methods that obtain in other countries in this behalf must be adopted. It is quite certain that with one year's intensive training all persons whatever their original physical handicaps can be developed into strong and sturdy individuals. Thereafter a three year's course is quite adequate to train officers and a further one year of practical experience will complete the training. Thus within a period of five years India can have a well organized army, Navy and air-force, manned and officered by Indians. Let the Government first prove by formulating such a scheme their honesty and earnestness to make Indians responsible for India's defence and then to them rest assured that Ogilvie's Criminal Law Amendment Act would be passed unanimously—all the three readings of it—in the Central Assembly at one sitting.—Yours, etc.,

KUNJAVIHARI S. TALPADE.

Santa Cruz, Aug. 22.

Children's Ticket At Metro Cinema

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The management of the Metro Cinema has thought it good to depart from the long-established usage uniformly observed by all the other local cinemas. It is that children and even babes in arms accompanying their parents are not admitted free. This has not unnaturally caused a flutter, especially among the poor and middle class people whose means are very limited.

What strikes me as strange is the fact that children, including babes in arms, are charged the same rates as adults. In these hard times it is, indeed, a great strain on the pecuniary resources of parents to have to book seats for their little ones who as a matter of fact, do not accupy separate seats, but sit on their parent's laps.

Will the management kindly look into the matter and come into line with all the other cinemas by cancelling the existing arrangement which is not popular with people at large?—Yours, etc.,

KAIKHOSROW P. R. PATELL.

Food Planning For North Kanara

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—The poverty of the Kanara coast tract manifested itself, during the tour of the district by the Hon'ble Minister of Revenue and Agriculture, when the famine-stricken people begged of him free grant of the talipot trees for food purposes. The Minister was pleased to consider their request and at the Forest Conference at Supa, on 21st May last and it was decided to allow the talipots free to those who were known to be poor and deserving. The Forest Department were selling the trees at Rs. 2/- per tree and the poor of Honavar and Kumta talukas and Bhatkal petha had the benefit of the trees; the poor of the othed coastal talukas went without the food because the talipot forest, situated in the Honavar taluka, was far distant to them.

The talipot flour is known to be very poor in food value. For the most part it consist of indigestible woody and fibrous parts of the tree the flour has neither flavour nor taste and is good only as a thickening to economise foodstuffs that are used for making gruel. It is no exaggeration to say that even a hungry dog does not care to eat the feeds made with the talipot flour! The people who are accustomed to its use have attenuated limbs and low vitality.

It is high time that the Department of Agriculture and the Dt. Administration attend to the problem of production of subsidiary foodstuffs, that are not unknown to Kanara altogether. What is all wanted is concentrated attention on the great problem and intensive propaganda in which the workers of the district are sure to join.

The Travancore State with its teeming poor population has long solved the food problem and the poor in the State have found great solace since being shown the use of the Tapioca by the grand father of the present Maharaja, years back. In order to popularise the tapioca food the Maharaja himself is known to have made it a point to make use of tapioca in his daily fare. The Travancoreans, wherever they go to settle, are seen to be keen on the cultivation of the tapioca and other tuber crops like the yams, sweet potato and the elephant-foot root (suran) which they liberally partake of during all months of the year. They love to grow their own vegetables. These subsidiaries help them cut down their grocer's bills and large quantities of the vegetables they partake of keep them in fit condition. Their habits are frugal.

Not less than 24 varieties of the Tapioca are known to the Travancore State people and of these only 3 or 4 are favoured kinds. The method of propagation of the tapioca is by cuttings of the stem of the plant: The planting is done just before the monsoon starts and the tubers are ready for gathering by ensuing December. The plants are left undisturbed until approach of the next monsoon when the whole root crop is collected and the tubers are pared and thinly sliced before being well dried in the sun for being stored for use. The slices yield, a white flour containing starch in a liberal proportion while the small body position found mixed with the starch is not without its own food value. This is hundred times better food than the talipot flour to which our Kanara poor are habituated, merely out of necessity. The tapica is met with in part of Kanara mostly as hedge plant, while its food value still remains to be well advocated. Suran, yams and a kind of the potato much like the sweet potato but without the sweetness, can be cultivated a scale in Kanara during the monsoon, to meet the food problem, provided the Agricultural and also the Dt. Revenue authorities attend to it in all earnestness. Workers of the district do need to be led.

Another food to which I am partial is the Breadfruit which is met with in Kanara, being long introduced into the district and all along the West coast by the islanders of the Divi group which comes in the jurisdiction of the South Canara Collectorate. The islanders cannot grow anything else than the cocoanut and the breadfruit. They get their rice supply, at so much rice per capita, in exchange for the coiryarn which is claimed by the Madras Government under an agreement, several years old. The breadfruit is used by the islanders liberally and that helps them economise their rice supply; Cocoanut is also their much prized food.

The propagation of the breadfruit is by its root cuttings which germinate under favourable conditions. The species needs pretty liberal watering and yields fruit twice in the year, stretching over a period of nearly five months. It makes many dainty preparations, from curries to sweet dishes, but the people of Kanara are not accustomed to use the fruit as liberallly as the Divi islanders do. This is no reason why its extended use has not been advocate. Its cultivation on an extensive scale would go a long way to solve the food problem of the poor. On Kanara coast there would be no difficulty for a poor householder to plant and irrigate a couple of the breadfruit trees; the surplus fruit yield would bring him money because the fruit has always a demand.

Considered any way it is most desirable that the official and non-official workers take up the food problem, without further loss of time, and cautiously proceed to wean the poor from their dirty habit of using the talipot flour, by degrees. My one fear is that it would be never possible to influence the Kumri Marathas to give up the use of the talipot because their settlements are either in the talipot forest area or on the fringe of the talipot forest and according to Colonel Anderson's Talipot Scheme, admittd by Government, many years back the Kumri Marathas are privileged to get their talipot trees free. Of all the poor of Kanara the Kumri Marathas have the lowest vitality: The talipot flour enters their dietary liberally. They are no doubt skilful cultivators and are used to grow many of the tuber crops but their infatuation for the talipot would never lessen.

I am sending these lines to the Press anticipating the Minister's Order on the free issue of permits for the talipot, to benefit the poor, so that due caution may be taken timely by the Kanara public and the officials concerned.

I have compiled reports on the analyses of the Sweet-potato, yams, suran and the tapioca and have already submitted the breadfruit and the talipot flour to Dr. Aykroid at the Food Research Institute at Coonoor for analysis. It is my idea to publish a brochure on the supplementary foodstuffs for the information of the Kanara public.—Your etc.,

B. M. BASRUR.

Prohibition

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—Much has been said about the policy of prohibition of the Congress Government which they are trying to introduce and it appears that a partial prohibition will soon be experienced in Bombay, where two Dry Days of the mill pay day will be enforced from August next.

In this respect without touching the underlined principle I have to state that unfortunately in trying to protect mill-workers from drinking, a considerable number of people who are drinking very moderately and who have nothing to do with mill industry will be thoroughly handicapped. The decision of the Government is very strange for the fact that all the club licensees, hotel licensees and railway refreshment room stall licensees will be allowed to sell foreign liquor to one and all. It is a fact that in clubs members are generally served liquor and they sign for the same but in most of the clubs guests are permitted without restrictions and that even those who are connected with mills will get liquor in clubs if they are members or as guests of the members to their hearts content.

It is strange that even hotel licensees will be allowed to serve drinks to one and all if they participate meals, therefore people who will require drinks will have to send for a dish of food and that even mill employees will have food and drinks in such hotels. Even in Brandon at Victoria Terminus and at Central Station the bars are so situated that one can get liquor and food without even purchasing a ticket. Even if the tickets are checked on those days most of the persons living outside Bombay travel by trains and have their season tickets and naturally they can enjoy drinks without any restriction whatsoever. From this it is apparent that there are opportunities for one and all to drink and even for poor mill-workers who cannot afford foreign liquors will travel by bus or train to Bandra or Kurla hardly even a mile and that they will have even country liquor, toddy, etc in any quantity without restriction whatsoever, as all licensees are kept open in superbs.

I write this not with a view to oppose the action of the Government but with a view to draw their attention that whereas number of licensees will suffer terribly owing to closing of shops even big restaurants like Taj, Greens, Monginis, Cornaglia's, Majestic, etc., and that certain privileged licensees will reap the benefits at others' expenses.

I, therefore, appeal to the Minister of Excise kindly to investigate these matters and to give justice to one and all for I am not against the partial or total prohibition but let not few licensees benefit at the cost of others.—Yours, etc.

R. D. B.

INDUSTRIAL HOUSING IN BOMBAY

B. D. D. Chawls To Be Made Habitable: Govt. Plan

The Director of Information, Bombay writes:

With a view to making the Development Department Chawls more attractive and comfortable for the labouring classes to live in, Government have decided to carry out certain improvements estimated to cost about Rs. 10½ lakhs in all, out of which a sum of Rs. 4½ lakhs will be spent during the current year and the balance in 1939-40. These improvements will be carried out gradually in all the chawls at the four centres. viz. Naigaum, DeLisle Road, Worli and Sewri and comprise the following items of work:—

(1) Changing the position of window shutters in the chawls.

(2) Provision of weather shades to windows and corridor openings.

(3) Provision of teak wood shelves and galvanised iron pipes in each room, the latter for drying clothes.

(4) Provision of additional storage tanks to remedy the present inadequacy of water supply on the 2nd and 3rd floors of each chawl.

(5) Provision of electric lights in the corridors of each chawl and also in the rooms of certain chawls, for which latter Re. 1 extra will be charged for the consumption of electrical energy.

(6) Provision of iron grills to windows and corridor openings.

(7) Provision of Reinforced Cement Concrete slabs with small openings in the water closets to suit children.

(8) Treatment of the terraces of the chawls with colas and cement washing of all exposed surfaces with a view to preventing rain water from entering the rooms.

(9) Provision of inter-connecting doors between rooms in some of the chawls.

MORE STORAGE TANKS

In addition Government have provided a sum of about Rs. 1,25,000 for the provision of additional storage tanks on occupied chawls at the four centres to ensure adequate water supply to these chawls.

As regards transport facilities to the Worli Chawls. the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Company, Limited. are already running two services from the Chawl centre—one to Lalbaug and the other to Mahalaxmi Railway Station. The fare charged on both these routes was anna 1 hitherto for a single journey. The Company have from the 17th July 1938 issued ½ anna monthly coupons for the labouring classes living in the Worli chawls for journeys from Worli to Lower Parel Railway Station and Currey Road Railway Station or Mahalaxmi Railway Station.

The Bombay Education League has started a middle school recently at Worli to provide educational facilities for boys and girls of the labouring classes, and it is understood that advantage is being taken of it. Two free reading rooms have been opened at the Worli and DeLisle Road centres for the benefit of the labouring classes, and the provision of play grounds for children and of radio sets, etc., is also being arranged at the different chawl centres.

Government have in addition appointed special workers to look to the social welfare work of the tenants.

FINANCES OF LOCAL BODIES

Readjustment Move By C. P. Government

NAGPUR, Aug. 26.

The "United Press" understands that the Government of the Central Provinces and Berar have intimated the municipalities in the province that all fines under Section 34 of the Indian Police Act, Public Gambling Act, Heckney Carriage Act, Indian Vaccination Act, Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act, C. P. Village Sanitation and public Management Act, C. P. Primary Education Act, C. P. Local Self-Government Act, C. P. Municipalities Act, Provincial Cotton Markets Act and the Nagpur Improvement Trust Act, sums realised under Sections 13 and 16 of the Cattle Tresspass Act, and tolls, rents and compensations under the Northern India Ferries Act, so far assigned to local bodies will not be so credited from April 1, 1939.

It is pointed out that the allocation of these fines, fees or receipts to local bodies is inconsistent with the provisions of the Government of India Act regulating appropriation of provincial revenues. These sums will, therefore, cease to be credited to the local bodies from the above-mentioned date.

Orders are expected to be issued regarding the payment of compensation of the loss of income to local bodies by means of a grant-in-aid of otherwise.

The Government have already decided to allow by way of compensation half the income from the sale proceeds of revenue stamps used for municipal purposes to the local bodies.—United Press.

Punjab P. C. C. Accepts Satyapal's Resignation

LAHORE, August 26.

The Working Council of the Punjab Provincial Congress Committee met this morning under the presidentship of Lala Shyamlal, M.L.A. (Central) and accepted the resignation tendered by Dr. Satyapal, President of the Provincial. Congress Committee and its Working Council.

The Council also accepted the resignations of five other members and ordered bye-election in the case of all seats fallen vacant. The Council fixed October 15 for a general meeting of the Provincial Congress Committee when the President will be elected. Meanwhile Lala Shyamlal will act as President.—United Press.

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Mr. MAHMUD HUSSAIN
C/o Mr. H. Fakhruddin,
MAINPURI CITY.

KARACHI AREA
Mr. JANGI LAL,
c/o Mr Jagannath Hiralal,
JAMMU

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DRAFT RULES DEBATE

Kher Smashes Opposition

Commons' Example For Bombay Assembly

Jamnadas Challenges Progress Party's Claim To Be Non-Communal

(FROM OUR SPECIAL REPRESENTATIVE)

POONA, August 26.

THAT ALL GROUPS IN THE OPPOSITION EXCEPTING HIS OWN WERE COMMUNAL WAS THE ASSERTION MADE BY LEADER AFTER LEADER OF THE OPPOSITION GROUPS IN THE BOMBAY LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY TO-DAY DURING DISCUSSION OF DRAFT RULES OF PROCEDURE.

THE OUTCOME OF THE DEBATE ON THE RULE REGARDING THE NUMBER OF MEMBERS REQUIRED TO STAND IN SUPPORT OF AN ADJOURNMENT MOTION WAS THAT PARTIES IN OPPOSITION IN THE ASSEMBLY WERE COMMUNAL GROUPS DIVIDED ACCORDING TO THE COMMUNITY THEY BELONGED TO.

Discussion of Sir A. M. K. Dehlavi's amendment seeking to reduce the prescribed figure required in support of the adjournment motion to 25 led to the analysis of the composition of Opposition.

COMMUNAL TO THE CORE

The leader of the Opposition himself stated that his party consisted of 25 members. That was possibly the reason why he wanted the number to be reduced to 25.

Rao Bahadur G. K. Chitale who averred that his party was above communalism was attacked both by Mr. Jamnadas Mehta and Sir A. M. K. Dehlavi as the solitary exception in a communal party, namely, European—it was communal to the core.

Mr. B. G. Kher, Prime Minister, was his usual self to-day and his short but telling speech in reply to the debate reminded one of his first speech in the Assembly on the Salaries Bill. Possibly due to heavy responsibility or due to overwork he has not been in his elements recently. To-day, however, he once again impressed that he can smash the Opposition with his inimitable smile on his face. Lack of unity and communal factions in the Opposition was more telling when Mr. B. G. Kher said that it seemed to be a misfortune of Congress Party that they were organised, disciplined and never made lengthy speeches.

"MERE MOONSHINE"

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta subjected the Bill to amend Village Panchayats Act to a searching examination and his analysis of the same was masterly. He pointed out that if proper provisions for financial help were not made other provisions in the Bill would be mere moonshine.

Another notable contribution of to-day's debate was by B. K. Gaikwad of Independent Labour Party. His attack on the provision to confer judicial powers on Panchayat was a fine sample of Marathi oratory.

PROCEEDINGS IN DETAIL

The draft rules of procedure were taken up for discussion when the Bombay Legislative Assembly resumed discussion this morning in the Council Hall with Mr. G. V. Mavlankar in the chair.

Sir A. M. K. Dehlavi, Leader of the Opposition revealed the fact that political wires were being pulled and he was not sure whether the strength of his party would be reduced or increased while moving the amendment to the rule regarding adjournment motions to be moved in the House.

The draft rule provided that at least 30 persons should stand in their seats if a motion were to be allowed to be discussed.

Sir A. M. K. Dehlavi wanted that that number should be reduced to 25. He contended that in the past Councils provision was that in a House consisting of 114 members, 36 should stand up in favour if leave for discussion was to be granted. Prime Minister Kher had agreed to reduce the figure to 30 in the present House of 175. Out of this figure the majority belonged to the Congress party and they were bound by party discipline. Party feeling in the House ran rampant and it would be difficult to get 30 members to stand in favour of any adjournment motion though it had been admitted by the Speaker who applied the test whether motion was urgent and was of public importance. The chance of moving a resolution regarding such matter was not safe as resolution may not be reached at all and hence the safest way of raising question was by adjournment motion.

DEHLAVI'S STRENGTH

Sir A. M. K. Dehlavi at this stage informed the Speaker that he happened to have 25 members in his Party. Political oscillations were going on and he was not sure what that number would be after some days whether 24 or 26. However, what he was arguing for was a reasonable minimum. He felt that getting a chance to argue on an adjournment motion should not be considered that that the motion had been passed. In Party Governments constituted as the present Government was, it was democratic to give a chance to the least possible number to move adjournment motions.

CHITALE OPPOSES

Rao Bahadur G. K. Chitale opposed the amendment. He said that there was no doubt that the Opposition was composed of communal groups and there was also no doubt that if there had not been communal groupings, the Opposition would have been stronger than at present. His Party namely, Progressive Party, was against communalism and communal wrangles on the floor of the House. All questions of public importance would certainly get support of other members of the Opposition. He felt that communal questions should not be responsible for an apple of discord in the House. The Leader of the Opposition had been carried away by sentiment and had advanced no reason for reducing the number. Questions should not be looked at from communal viewpoint as the discussion over such motions gave a very unhealthy impression to the public.

MR. MEHTA'S SYMPATHY

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta said that he had every sympathy with the Leader of opposition who had moved the amendment. He endorsed his sentiments regarding the present government. Personally he assured them that in all matters of public importance he would give support to any adjournment motion He could not withhold admiration for the Prime Minister who had reduced the number from 36 to 30. After all the quorum required for conducting business of the House was 30 and no motion could be discussed with only 25 members. He requested the Prime Minister not to oppose all motions for leave of the House to move adjournment motions as is the habit of the Government.

Replying to the arguments of Rao Bahadur Chitale he stated that the statement that his party was not communal could not go unchallenged. Excepting for Rao Bahadur Chitale all members of the Progress Party by statute itself were communal. He felt that from the Opposition of about 20 members if they could not get together 30 in support of an adjournment motion it was a reflection on the calibre of opposition itself than anything else.

Mr. S. H. Jhabvala opposed the amendment as he felt that the figure of 30 was very reasonable. So did Mr. Ali Bahadur Khan.

Mr. Ali Bahadur Khan stated that there had been occasions when scare rumours were set afloat and attempts were made to adjourn the House. He felt that moving adjournment motions should not be made very cheap.

Mr. W. W. Russell of Progress Party refuted allegation that his Party was communal. He defied anyone to show that their politics were communal. Were members responsible if they had to be elected from communal electorates? He asked the Progress Party was always in favour of grievances being ventilated in the House.

Mr. A. V. Chitre opposed the amendment.

GOVT.'S STAND

Mr. B. G. Kher, Prime Minister, giving the Government viewpoint on the question stated that while in the last Council, which was smaller, 36 persons had to stand up in their places, Government had reduced the figure to 30 in the present House, which was much larger. This had been done on principle, namely, that the quorum required was thirty. A similar rule obtained in the House of Commons. For example in the Punjab Assembly, which consisted of 175 members, 40 members were required to stand up in support of a motion while in the Bengal Assembly, consisting of 250 members, one-fifth of the number had to stand up in their places. Mr. Jamnadas Mehta had promised his support to the Amendment and Mr. Kher felt that the mover of the amendment would have been happier without that support.

AN EYE-OPENER

The reasons advanced in favour of the Amendment were really surprising. They were that the Congress Party was disciplined and that it was organised. Congress Party was uncharitable and would not allow adjournment motions to be moved. Possibly it might surprise the Leader of the Opposition that the first motion of adjournment, which was moved, came from a member of the Muslim League Party and it could not get the necessary support. Congress members offered to stand up in favour of the motion with a view to see that the motion was discussed but the Speaker ruled that the question could not be put again. That was an example of Government's uncharitableness. It was possibly for these reasons that the Congress Government was accused of trying to gag or choke.

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta interrupted to add "muzzle".

Mr. Kher continuing stated that muzzle had possibly been left out. The sin of the Congress Party was that it was disciplined and organised and its members did not make long speeches.

DEHLAVI'S REPLY

Sir A. M. K. Dehlavi replying to the debate stated that the reason for his moving the amendment was to help the Opposition. It was unfortunate that this amendment had not been viewed from a practical point of view. Whether he was a communalist or not it was for the House and the public outside to decide.

A voice: "it has already been decided".

Continuing Sir A. M. K. Dehlavi stated that he had not moved the amendment with any communal motive. If trying to safeguard the interests of Muslims in the House was communal, then he felt that every member in the House was communal.

Shouts of "no, no".

He did not know whether Rao Bahadur Chitale who belonged to a communal party had felt awkward or not. At least the members of that party which he considered to be a European party, should have felt it awkward to have him as Deputy Leader. He averred that the Progress Party was communal to the core and that would be known when their shoe pinched. In view of the opposition of friends of Opposition he was helpless in the matter.

KHER ON GOVERNMENT'S OBJECT

Mr. B. G. Kher Prime Minister said that he expected the Leader of the Opposition to acknowledge the offer that the Congress Party made to help the motion for adjournment brought forward by members of his party. Unfortunately his expectations seemed to be based on wrong premises. The object of the Government was to help the Opposition in bringing adjournment motions if they were really of great public importance. That had been proved by the past action of the party.

OUT OF MUTUAL DISLIKES

Referring to the speeches delivered on the amendment on behalf of different parties Mr. Kher said that the spokesman of each party was trying to say that his party was not communal though other parties in the Opposition were. (Laughter). That was the point that was being driven home as a result of the debate. As regards the attack on Rao Bahadur Chitale, the Prime Minister felt that it was a case of extremes meeting. It was not out of mutual likes but out of mutual dislikes. He felt that it seemed to be misfortune that Congress Party should be organised, disciplined and its members did not make long speeches. The amendment was put to vote and lost without division.

FOR CENSURE OF MINISTERS

Earlier Mr. R. N. Mandalik moved an amendment to the effect that it should be enough if 40 members stood up in their places in favour of the censure motion against Ministers instead of 50 provided in the rule. Mr. B. G. Kher accepted the amendment

Dr. M. D. D. Gilder moved another amendment to the same rule to the effect that such motion should be discussed within seven days of its notice being given instead of the provision that it should be discussed within 10 days.

Both the amendments were carried.

The House adjourned for lunch half an hour earlier to enable Muslims have their Friday prayers.

PANCHAYATS BILL

Reassembling after lunch, the House took up for discussion the Village Panchayats Bill motion for first reading of which was moved by Mr L. M. Patil Minister for Local Self-Government yesterday.

Mr. Russel supported the motion and expressed happiness on behalf of the Party at the fact that the Bill was based on the principle of centralisation more or less on the same lines as Primary Education Act.

Khan Bahadur Abdul Latif Hajrat Khan supporting the motion for the first reading offered some remarks about the principle of the Bill. He criticised the provision about the control over Secretary of the Panchayat being in the hands of the Government. He also was in favour of having Panchayats for villages having a population of thousand and over and wanted Government to reduce limitation from 2,000 to 1,000.

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta supporting the motion said that it was known that when the Central Governments crumbled down Village Panchayats remained. With the advent of Britishers it was crushed and the House would welcome any attempt to revive the old system. He was told that the defect of the old system was that these Panchayats were far too autonomous resulting in Central Government crumbling down now and then.

As per provision in the Bill, there would be at least 1,000 villages in the Presidency which will have Panchayats to start with. That would mean that twenty lakhs of people will get lessons in Local Self-Government.

PANCHAYAT EXPERTS

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta opposed the provision that the Secretary should be appointed by Government. He felt that Secretary would act as mother-in-law of the village and since he was connected with Government in Bombay there was the possibility of leakage in village Panchayats. Instead of Government appointing secretaries, he suggested that they should appoint Divisional Inspectors who would advise verify and guide and help Panchayats as experts. He criticised the Government for provision for reservation of seats on the communal basis. He considered it to be a reactionary provision. There ought to be no communal destinies. The history of the last 12 months had given no hope to the public that this Government had conquered the devil of communalism.

Continuing Mr. Jamnadas Mehta observed that the powers vested in village benches were not final. He asked why Government should not take a bold experiment and give them final powers. The old system of giving rough and ready justice ought to be allowed to have sway at least for some time. He opposed nomination of the Chairman of the Bench by Government as he was in favour of Chairman being elected. There ought to be as little appeal from these Benches as possible. They ought to be homogeneous self-contained bodies within themselves. The habit of litigation should be systematically suppressed as mere prevention would not solve the problem.

HOUSE TAX LEVY

Concluding, Mr. Mehta stated that unless the financial resources of these Panchayats were properly established no purpose would be served by establishing democratic constitution and the like. For Example, there was provision for levy of House tax. Most of the houses in villages were constructed out of straw and mud and amount that could be realised would be meagre. According to his calculation, there would be 400 houses in these villages and 350 of them would not be worth taxing. As regards the provision of one-fifth of cess amount, he gave figures to show that each village would get about Rs. 50. House tax would not be more than Rs. 5 and out of this amount were they to pay the Secretary or build bridges as expected of them. The whole thing sounded like child's play or like making bricks without hay. What right had Government to appropriate to themselves three crores and twenty lakhs of land revenue which was got out of these villages. He suggested that 160 lakhs out of this amount should be spent on these villages. If that were done he could visualise a time when villages would be places smiling, happy and contented and villagers feeling that after all they were self-governing.

VILLAGE TAXES

P. K. S. Firodia (Congress) said that speakers on the bill had given fair support and had made several suggestions for improvement. Mr. Mehta had complain-

(Continued on page 18, col. 5)

"BUT my dear—you've only met him once before."

"But he really seemed quite interested. He's asked me out to dinner next Thursday—and he danced with me nearly the 'whole' evening at the Wakefields'. I do hope he likes me—even a little."

"You think you could make him like you more. Ah—if Youth but knew!"

"Ruth—you're only three years older than I am. Anyway, I'm sure I could get on terribly well with David."

"I'll give you three hints my dear from my superior wisdom as an older sister. Before you see David on Thursday—force daddy to buy you a new frock, instead of that black net. Borrow my flask of L'Aimant and use it very discreetly, and change to a slightly more orange shade of lipstick."

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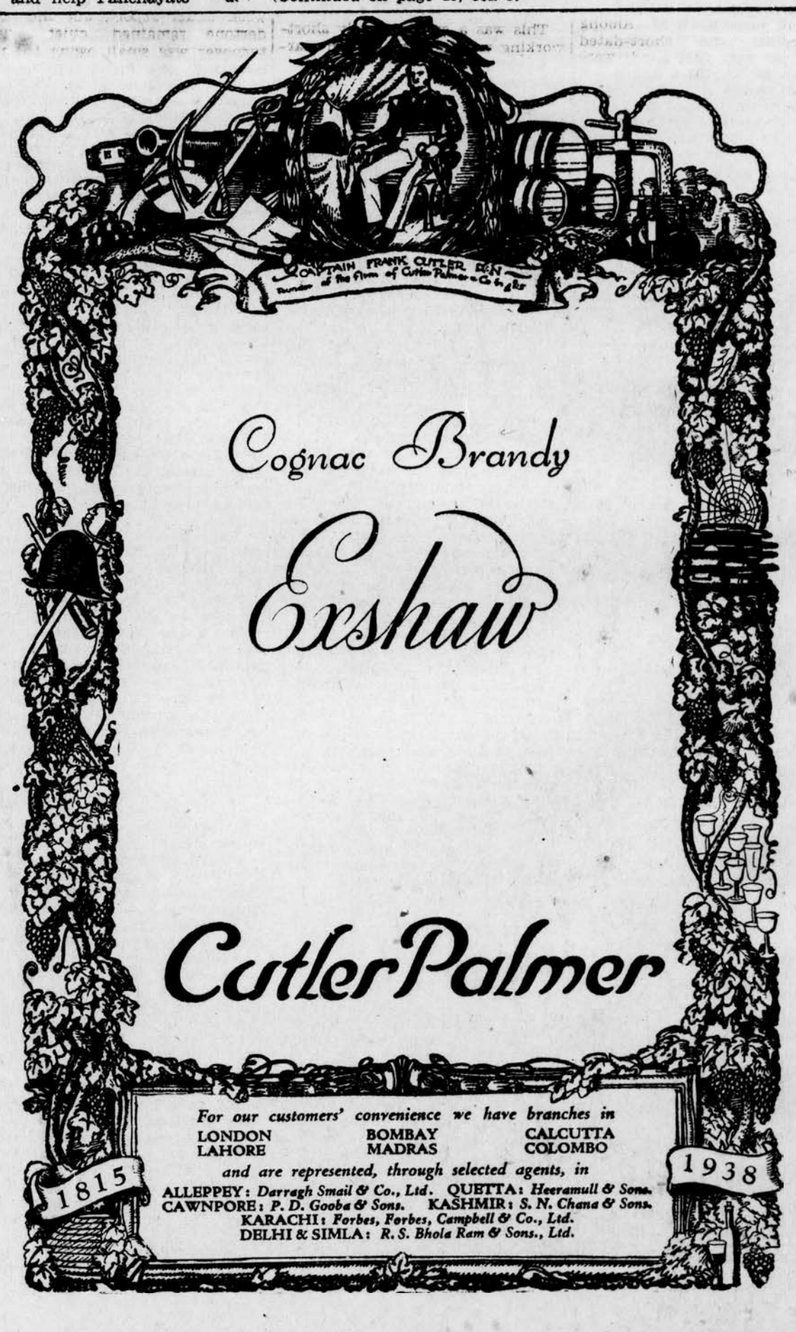
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TRADE AND FINANCE

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Narrow Movement In Shares

WEEKLY MARKET REVIEWS

(From Our Special Correspondent)

BOMBAY, Aug. 26.

MONEY.

Call funds continued to be freely available at 1/2 per cent. throughout the period under report. The statement of the Reserve Bank of India made upto August 19, 1938, shows a decline of Rs. 68.74 lakhs in Bank Deposits, while Government Deposits are up by Rs. 168.31 lakhs. On the other hand. Government borrowings under 'Ways and Means', are down by Rs. 33 lakhs to Rs. 8 lakhs and 'Balances held abroad' have also decreased by Rs. 87.21 lakhs. Note Circulation is up by Rs. 144.18 lacs. The statement of the Imperial Bank of India of the same date reveals a continued slackness in demand for money. Cash Credits and Overdrafts are down by Rs. 42.52 lacs, while Bills discounted show a decline of Rs. 27.59 lacs. The Bank Security Portfolio has increased by Rs. 148.45 lacs. Fixed Deposits and Current Accounts show a decline of Rs. 17.85 lacs. Tenders to Government for three months' Treasury Bills amounted to Rs. 2.53 crores, whereof Rs. 2 crores were accepted at a fractionally higher rate of Rs. 0-9-11 per cent. per annum. Maturities amounted to Rs. 65.25 lacs as against renewals of Rs. 2 crores. Fixed deposit rates were practically unchanged at 1-1/4 per cent. for six months

GILT-EDGED

Gilt-edged were inclined to be steadier during the week, and although 3-1/2 per cent. India Sterling Stock remained unchanged at £94-1/4 throughout, 3-1/2 per cent. Rupee Paper, after opening at Rs. 99-2, steadily advanced to Rs. 99-8 at the close. Redeemable scrips also recorded fractional gains. Among long-dated scrips, 2-3/4 per cent. 1948-52 loan, after opening at Rs. 100-8, improved at the end to Rs. 100-10. 3 per cent. 1963-65 new loan was dealt in at Rs. 98-6; while 4-1/2 per cent. 1955-60 loan and 4 per cent. 1960-70 loan were unchanged at Rs. 119-6 and Rs. 112-14 respectively. Among the medium and short-dated scrips, 3 per cent. 1941 bonds were stationary at Rs. 103-5 and 4 per cent. 1943 bonds at Rs. 108-10. 3-1/2 per cent. 1947-50 loan changed hands at Rs. 106-7. 5 per cent. 1945-55 (Tax Free) loan at Rs. 118 and 5-1/2 per cent. 1938-40 loan at Rs. 100-8. 5 per cent. 1939-44 loan was, on the other hand, offered at Rs. 103-3 and 5 per cent. 1940-43 loan at Rs. 106-11.

EXCHANGE

Sterling exchange opened quietly steady around the previous close, buyers of spot T. T. quoting 1s. 5-29/32d. and sellers 1s. 5-7/8d. Towards mid-week, however, in the absence of fresh business for export of gold and on some inquiry for remittance abroad, the market declined to 1s. 5-27/32d. for buyers and 1s. 5-13/16d. for sellers. After declining further to 1s. 5-53/64 for buyers, the market closed steadier on some business for export of gold and gold coins being booked. At the close, sellers of spot T. T. were quoting 1s. 5-13/16d. and buyers 1s. 5-27/32d. Showing of merchandise export bills was very small.

Among the foreign exchanges in London, selling pressure on the sterling and the franc was comparatively small, and the sterling/dollar cross-rate was almost pegged around 488 cents with small variations on either side. The premium on three months' forward dollars moved between 0.70 cents. and 0.66 cents. The sterling/franc rate, after opening at frs. 178.96, improved to frs. 178.32 at the close. But interventions of the Control was reported to be necessary to support the market. The discount on three months forward francs, which was frs. 5.31 at the opening, narrowed consistently and closed at frs. 3.78. The guilder moved between 8.93 and 8.91-1/2 for spot, while the premium on three months' forward position, after touching 2.50 cents mid-week, narrowed towards the end to 2.18 cents. The belga fluctuated between 28.99-3/4 and 28.90-1/2 and the Italian lira between 92.75 and 92.70. Among the Far Eastern exchanges, the Shanghai dollar firmed up from 8-5/32d. to 8-3/8d. at the close while the yen was pegged around 1s. 2d. throughout.

GOLD

This was a comparatively short-working week for the bullion market, Friday and Monday being holidays. After opening at Rs. 36-0-3 for spot, gold declined to Rs. 35-14-9 in absence of any appreciable buying. The backwardation also narrowed on continued good arrivals from upcountry and in the absence of fresh exports, September and October settlements being quoted at level rates against spot. Towards the close, however, fresh appearance of export demand for gold and gold coins was responsible for steadying up the market, spot gold closing at Rs. 36-0-9. In the London market, gold opened at 142s. 5-1/2d. and after advancing to 142s. 6-1/2d., closed a fraction lower at 142s. 5-1/2d. The price for sovereigns declined from Rs. 23-7-6 to 23-6-6 in sympathy with gold, but improved and closed at Rs. 23-7 both for spot and forward. Floating stocks of gold in the local market are estimated at about 1,50,000 tolas, while arrivals from upcountry average some 12,000 tolas a day. The offtake is about 1,500 tolas a day. Imports during the week amounted to Rs. 52,666 in gold bullion and coins, while gold worth Rs. 20,27,693 was shipped to London per s.s. "Rawalpindi" last week. The highest and lowest rates touched during the week were: Rs. 36-0-9 and Rs. 35-14-9 for all the three positions, Spot, September and October Settlements.

SILVER

Opening steady, silver declined after the holidays on a wave of selling by option dealers. Quieter advices from London accentuated the fall and mid-week, the quotation for spot silver, which had opened at Rs. 51-3/6, declined to Rs. 50-7. The market showed good resistance at the lower level and at the close spot was quoted at Rs. 59-13. September settlement was quoted at a discount of one anna six pies under spot and October settlement at four annas under spot. In the London market, spot silver, after opening at 19-3/8d., declined to 19-5/16d. and later to 19-1/8d., closing better at 19-1/4d., while the discount on two months' forward delivery was constant at 1/8d. throughout the week except at the end when it widened to 3/16d. Stocks of silver are estimated at about 2,400 bars, while the offtake is better at 40 bars a day. Imports during the week amounted to Rs. 26,876 worth of silver coins as well as 86 bars. The highest and lowest rates touched during the week were: Rs. 51-4 and Rs. 50-7 for Spot, Rs. 51-2 and Rs. 50-5 for September settlement and Rs. 51-1 and Rs. 50-3 for October settlement.

SHARES

The local stock market was characterisd by comparatively narrow movements during the week under report, but the undertone remained quiet. The turnover was small owing to the incidence of holidays and lack of encouraging advices from outside markets, except towards the close when the New York market showed signs of renewed activity.

In the Steel section, Tata Iron Deferreds ranged between Rs. 1325 and Rs. 1265 and Ordinaries between Rs. 277 and Rs. 264. The Cotton Mill section was almost neglected and prices declined in absence of inquiry: Bombay Dyeings shed about 32 points to Rs. 868, but closed somewhat better at Rs. 875; Centuries improved from Rs. 286 to Rs. 292-8 earlier in the week, but later declined and closed at Rs. 284; Central Indias were done at Rs. 252, but towards the close found sellers at Rs. 243; Kohinoors rose from Rs. 281 to Rs. 285, and after declining once again to Rs. 271, improved towards the end to Rs. 275; New Greats and Gokaks showed a declining trend, the former dropping from Rs. 235 to Rs. 225 and the latter from Rs. 163 to Rs. 158. The shares of the Sholapur Mill were, however, in good demand at hardening rates and the quotation forged ahead from Rs. 2530 to Rs. 3475. The Hydro-electric group was fairly steady during the week; Andhra Valleys moved narrowly between Rs. 1470 and Rs. 1477-8 and Tata Hydros between Rs. 155-8 and Rs. 154; Tata Powers improved gradually from Rs. 1390 to Rs. 1412 but closed lower at Rs. 1395; Bombay Trams were quite firm at Rs. 119 with few sellers. Bank and Railway shares were complely in the background; Bank of Indias were literally pegged around Rs. 143 and Imperial Bank fully Paids at Rs. 1558-12; Central Banks ruled steady around Rs. 31, whilst Reserve Banks, after remaining unchanged at Rs. 7-8 earlier in the week, decline at the end to Rs. 117. Ahmednagar Railway scrips showed practically no change around Rs. 67-8, whilst Tapti Valleys changed hands at Rs. 745-10. In the miscellaneous group, Associal Cements suffered a sharp decline mid-week from Rs. 115 to Rs. 108 following reports to the effect that price of cement had declined by about Rs. 10 per cwt. in Karachi on account competition from the Dalmia factory. Later, however, there was a slight improvement in the quotation to Rs. 111; Sholapurs were fairly well maintained between Rs. 79-8 and Rs. 174, while Bombay Burmas, after touching Rs. 537 on Saturday, steadily declined and closed at Rs. 524. Scindia Steams were almost unchanged at Rs. 19-8.

CALCUTTA.

Jute shares in the Calcutta Stock market ruled steady during the earlier part of the week, prices recording moderate gains. Latterly, however, an easier tone was manifest with the result that some of the earlier gains were wiped off, but prices nevertheless finished well above their previous week's levels. The turnover during the week was much restricted.

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BOMBAY: M. K. Shah & Co., Manhar Bldgs., Lohar Chawl.
CALCUTTA: H. D. Nag, 36 Beniatola Lane.
MADRAS: South Indian Mercantile Co., 12 Mannaru Street.

WEEKLY SUMMARY OF WHEAT, LINSEED AND RICE

Smaller Exports And Prices Irregular

Office of the Agricultural Marketing Adviser to the Government of India, has issued the following market report for the week ending 20th August:—

WHEAT.

The wheat prices during the wee under review moved only withi narrow limits in both the foreign ad Indian markets. At Liverpool, te week opened with an easy tone unde the influence of large shipments ad increased stocks with selling pressre from Australia. Chicago, howeer, displayed comparatively a better endency due to the inquiry from miing interests and scattered buying.

INDIAN MARKETS.

In Indian markets, the wheat rices throughout the week kept praccally above the opening rates and the osing quotations on Saturday were geraly upto 3 per cent. higher than the Monday's openings.

At Karachi, Ready closed at Rs. 2/9/7-1/2, being 10-1/2 pies permaund higher than the last week The future's prices in Bombay showd comparatively a greater advance id the closing quotations for Janua, May and September were Re. -/1/4,Re. -/1/3 and 11 pies per maund higir than the last week's rates, while te Ready rose by 5 pies per maund nly. At Calcutta, the May and September prices gained by Re. -/1/3 nd 3 pies per maund, but there was no change in the quotations for Rea.

GENERAL RISI

In the upcountry marke also there was a general rise in pris except in the case of Cawnpore whe the prices of Dara and Sharbati dropped by Re. -/1/6 and Re. -/2/6 p maund due to entirely local conditis of stocks, etc. At Amritsar, closg rates were Ready Rs. 2/-/6, Asuj Rs. 2/-/2 and Maghar Rs. 2/-/6. Cpared to last week Ready prices gned by one anna, Asuj by 6 pies d Maghar by 4 pies per maund. the Lyallpur market, Ready experced a rise of 1-1/4 annas per maun and the prices for Asuj and Magha appreciated by 6 and 3 pies per mnd respectively. At Hapur, the Read prices for loose wheat experienced e greatest rise and closed at Rs. 79 or Re. -/3/1-1/2 per maund higher an last week, while the quotatio for Ready (pits) (Bhadon and Manir were Rs. 2/3/6, Rs. 2/3/6 and Rs. 3/6-3/4 per maund, i.e. Re. -/1-3/4, Re -/1-3/4 and 9 pies per maund highe only as compared to last week's cing rates.

SMALL EXPORTS.

Stocks position at the important markets remain practically unchanged. The shipments of wheat from Karachi, howew declined considerably and amound to only 6,400 tons for overseas mkets and 1,200 tons for coastal as compred to 14,400 and 1,500 tons respectiv during the last week.

INSEED.

The United Kingdom linseed market continue dull with featureless trading. T prices of Indian seeds remained prically unchanged but the Argenti old and new crops were offered at 3d. and 1s. 3d. down due to favoural reports regarding the progress of he new crop. Some business in La lata (on passage) was done with Antw p at £10/16 per ton.

The clog quotations for the port markets Bombay and Calcutta show a generarise for all positions. At Bombay, old Ready closed at Rs. 5/4/4, bel Re. -/3/11 higher than last week. eptember and May closed at Rs. 5/6 nd Rs. 4/14/6 per maund respectly, i.e. Re. -/3/6 and 3 annas per mnd higher than last week. Howev the appreciation in the price of Rey Brown Small was Rs -/1/10 per mnd only. At Calcutta, Ready closed t Rs. 4/12, September at Rs. 4/13/6 id May at Rs. 4/10/6 i.e. 6 pies, Re. 3 and one anna per maund high as compared to last week closing tes.

DECLINE AT CAWNPORE.

Uke the port markets, the tenden at Cawnpore was rather downwa and the closing rates for Ready Bo and small and linseed oil were 1 an, 2 annas and 3 annas per maund lor as compared to previous week's qations.

EXPORTS.

he exports from Bombay amounted 3,200 tons and from Calcutta to 0 tons as compared to 4,900 and 650 ns during the last week. The lined stocks at Bombay were estimated 23,000 tons, the figure for the last eek being 25,000 tons.

RICE.

At Rangoon, the rice prices moved only within narrow limits. The closing rates for Big Mills Specials and Long are 4 pies per maund higher as compared to last week but the quotations for Small Mills and Sugandhi White show a decline of 7 and 5 pies per maund respectively.

The prices of Calcutta rices show a general rise of 2 to 3 annas per maund due to probably better shipments during the week. The closing quotations for Seeta, Patna, Balam and Nagra are Rs. 4/2, Rs. 3/12, Rs. 4/1 and Rs. 4 per maund respectively. The rice prices at Delhi and Amritsar markets remained practically unchanged.

The exports of rice from Calcutta amounted to 2,323 tons as compared to 1,545 tons last week.

STERLING SHARE QUOTATIONS

Bombay, Aug 26

Messrs. Forbes and Lund have received the following quotations by special tablegram from London to-day:—

Name of Company	Latest prices £
Assam Bengal Railway Ord Stock	81 0 0
Atlas Elect and Genl Trust Ordinary	0 4 0
Bank of London and S America	5 9 0
British South Africa Co Ord	1 6 6
B. B. and C. I. Railway Ord Stock	112 0 0
Borneo Ltd 7 1/2 per cent pref	0 15 9
Cables and Wireless (Holding) Ord Stk	48 0 0
Cawnpore Electric Sup Ord	1 17 6
Lansil Ltd Ord	0 9 9
Crosse and Blackwell New Ord	0 0 9
Foreign Rly Inv Trust 5 per cent Prf Stk	11 0 0
Genl and Coml Invest Trust Defd Stk	76 0 0
Eastern Bank Ltd	6 10 0
Hyderabad Deccan Co. Ord	1 6 3
J. Lyons and Co 'A' Ord	5 9 6
C. and E. Morton 7 per cent Pref	0 6 3
United Serdang Rub Plantn Ord	0 3 6
Salt (Saltaires) Ord	0 3 0
United Premier Oil and Cake Ordinary	0 7 6

For Foreigners Who Wish To Settle In Belgium

The Director of Information, Bombay, writes:—

The Belgian Consul-General in Bombay draws attention to the rules and regulations to be observed by foreigners who wish to settle in Belgium.

All foreigners desirous of settling permanently in Belgium must first provide themselves with the documents prescribed by the International Agreements (identity card, passport, visa). These Agreements are based on the principle of the strictest reciprocity.

Foreigners who wish to settle in Belgium with a view to practise a trade, carry on a business or to be engaged in manual labour, have to apply to the Belgian Consulates for information regarding the formalities to be complied with by them in order to be granted permission to settle in the country.

The applications for "permits de sojour" in Belgium, submitted in due form, are to be considered by the "Surete Publique Belge," who will examine them with care in order to safeguard national economy and public peace.

"SHUDHI" AND "TABLIG" BLAMED

(From Our Correspondent)

HYDERABAD Dn., Aug. 24.

"The reasons why crimes of all classes, and crimes of violence in particular, are not so numerous in the Dominions as in the adjoining British Provinces, are many and varied. In the first place, the density of population is far less than in most parts of British India. In the next place, our borders. Then again the people throughout the countryside are not so virile as the peasants in other parts of India. They are law-abiding and do not usually resort to violence in pursuance of feuds. We have no large industrial towns like Cawnpore, Ahmedabad and Coimbatore where there are thousands of workmen, many of whom frequently get out of hand and commit serious crimes. Finally our Government is ing his administration report of more paternal than in British India, and the people look to it to settle their grievances." Thus observes Mr. S. T. Hollins, Director-General of Police, in present-Hyderabad District Police for the year ending 1346 F. (1936-1937). our proclaimed tribes do not commit crime to the same extent as the corresponding classes beyond

COMMUNAL TENSION

Writing about the goondaism that has become prevalent in the State and the unsatisfactory communal relations which exist between the Hindus and Muslims, the Director-General throws the blame on 'Shudhi' and 'Tablig' movements. He says that these movements are mainly responsible for the tension that prevailed between the two communities.

The Director-General in conclusion refers to various reforms introduced in the Police Administration and hopes to achieve better results in future.

BOHRAS & WAQF ACT

Thanks To Bombay Govt.

MALEGAON, Aug. 25.

In the course of an address, presented to His Excellency Sir Roger Lumley, Governor of Bombay, on Wednesday the Dawoodi Bohras of Malegaon said:—

We the members of the Dawoodi Bohra of Malegaon, most respectfully express our utmost pleasure to know that the Government have rejected the application, made by the representative of the Mullaji Tahair Saifuddin Saheb for granting them exemption from the operation of the Waqf Act, which being against our holy religion and have thus safeguarded the rights of the poor, orphans, widows and the needy persons of our community. For this act of kindness we will ever remain grateful to the Government.

We therefore express our hearty thanks to the Government for the obligation they have put us under.

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Representative for India: R. E. M. PRATT, P. O. Box 31, NEW DELHI.

LATEST

Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON TEN POINTS UP

Good Undertone On Stock Exchange

LINSEED CONTINUES TO RULE FIRM

BOMBAY, August 26

NEW YORK COTTON

The delay in loan announcement curtailed considerable activity in cotton today, but the sentiment remained brighter and confident. All offerings were easily absorbed.

BROACH COTTON

The cotton market derived considerable encouragement from heartening New York cables. Broach improved and closed better at Rs. 157-8.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

Owing to the uncertainty surrounding International political situation markets generally ruled quiet. Internationals, especially, were firmer. Minings also showed some firmness.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

OCTOBER 1938

	New York, Aug 26
Previous closing	8.24
To-day's opening	8.31
Difference	+07
To-day's closing	8.34
Difference	+10

LIVERPOOL COTTON

OCTOBER 1938

	Liverpool, Aug 26
Previous closing	4.54
To-day's opening	4.56
Difference	+02
To-day's closing	4.57
Difference	+03

BROACH EXPECTATION

April May 1939 ..... Rs. 158-8

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, Aug 26

The New York cotton displayed the brighter sentiment following improved Liverpool cables, although delay in loan announcement curtailed activity to a considerable extent. However, the underlying feeling remained confident with offerings easily taken up.

The trading in October began at 8.31 i.e. seven points higher than the last closing. Prices advanced on higher Liverpool cables and scattered trade purchases, but higher levels attracted some hedging and foreign selling with the price later reacting to 8.27.

BOMBAY COTTON

Late Trading

Bombay, Aug 26

In the local cotton market, Broach April/May opened to-night at Rs. 157-4, but declined thereafter to Rs. 156-8. Towards the close, New York October rate was seven points higher. Broach closed higher at Rs. 157-8-0.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Aug 26

The following were the opening ranges:—

October (8.23/8.23) 8.31/8.30
December (8.30/8.30) 8.36/8.35
January (8.30/8.29) unquoted

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Aug 26

American October (4.54) 4.57
American January (4.62) 4.66
Egyptian November (6.60) 6.62
Egyptian January (6.82) 6.86

COMMODITIES

LONDON MARKETS

London, Aug 26

TEAS

Indian Pekoe (0-11 1/4) 0-11 1/4
Indian Pekoe higher (2-9) 2-9
Ceylon Pekoe (1-0 1/2) 1-0 1/2
Ceylon Pekoe higher (1-7) 1-7

JUTE

First Marks C. I. F. Continent New Crop August September (£19 1/4 paid and value) £19 1/4 sellers
Dunlop September (£22 1/2) £22 1/2
Lightning September (£21) £21

RUBBER

Spot (8 1/16 paid and buyers) 8 1/16 paid and buyers
Forward October December (8 1/8 paid and value) 8 1/8 paid and buyers

LINSEED

Castorseed Bombay August September (£10 7/8 sellers) £10 7/8 sellers
Linseed Calcutta August (£12 1/16 sellers) £12 3/16 sellers
Linseed La Plata (£10 15/16 sellers) £11 sellers
Groundnuts Coromandal (£10 5/16 sellers) £10 7/16 sellers

METALS

Tin (£193 1/4 buyers £193 1/2 sellers. Quiet) £193 buyers £193 1/2 sellers. Very steady
Lead (£14 9/16 buyers £14 11/16 sellers. Steady) £14 9/16 buyers £14 11/16 sellers. Steady.
Electrolytic Copper (£46 to £46 3/4) £46 to £47
Iron (112) 112

EXCHANGES

CROSS RATES

T. T. New York On London

New Yokr, Aug 26

Previous closing	4.87 15/16
To-day's opening	4.87 13/16
At the time of New York cotton closing	4.87 5/8

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, Aug 26

Previous closing	4.88.03
To-day's opening	4.87.84
To-day's closing	4.87.68

FRANC RATE

London, Aug 26

Previous closing	178.32
To-day's opening	178.34
To-day's closing	178.34

LONDON EXCHANGE

London, Aug 26

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.87.84 and then fell to 4.87.71 but thereafter rallied to 4.87.78 on some support.

Franc opened at 178.34 and remained very steady without any change.

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-5 27/32) 1-5 13/16
Paris on Bombay (13.241) 13.232
New York on Bombay (36.33) 36.30
Berlin on Bombay (0.90 3/4) 0.90 3/4
London on Milan (92.72) 92.70
London on Shanghai (0-8 1/2 nominal) 0-8 1/2 nominal
London on Kobe (1-2) 1-2

BULLION

Influx (nil) nil
Withdrawal (nil) nil
Gold (£7-2-5 1/2) £7-2-7
Silver (19 1/4d) 19 5/16d

DISCOUNTS

3 months (17/32 to 9/16 per cent) 17/32 to 9/16 per cent
4 months (17/32 to 9/16 per cent) 17/32 to 9/16 per cent.
6 months (9/16 to 5/8 per cent) 9/16 to 5/8 per cent

LONDON SILVER CABLE

Bombay, Aug 26

The following cable regarding silver market was received in Bombay to-night:—

"America and speculators bought. Small offerings. Market quietly steady."

LONDON SILVER

London, Aug 26

Spot	(19 1/4d) 19 5/16d+1/16
Forward	(19 1/16d) 19 1/8d+1/16

LONDON GOLD

London, Aug 26

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£7-2-5 1/2) £7-2-7

WHEAT

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Aug 26

Liverpool wheat opened steady with October 62 3/8 and December 60 1/4. The market was moderately active on scattered purchases influenced by overnight improvement in America, but later the trading was quiet.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Aug 26

Chicago wheat opened steady with September at 0.62 5/8. Prices advanced moderately on scattered foreign purchases influenced by higher outside markets with the price rising to 0.62 7/8.

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotation

Bombay, Aug 26

Wheat September	3 15 9
Wheat January	4 0 9
Wheat May	3 1 6
Linseed September	8 1 3
Linseed May	4 11 9

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Aug 26

U S Common New Stock (dol 60 1/2) dol 61 7/8
General Motors (dol 49 1/2) dol 50
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 35 1/8) dol 35 7/8
U S Steel Preference (unquoted) unquoted

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

Bombay, Aug 26

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £94 3/8

Closing quotations on the previous days were:—

Wednesday August 17	£94 1/4
Thursday August 18	£94 1/4
Friday August 19	£94 1/4
Monday, August 22	£94 1/4
Tuesday, August 23	£94 1/4
Wednesday, August 24	£94 1/4
Thursday, August 25	£94 1/4

INDIAN LOANS

London, Aug 26

3-30 p.m.

3 per cent Indian (£99 1/2) £99 1/2
3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (£94 3/8) £94 3/8
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950-55 (£113) £113
4 1/2 per cent Indian 1958-68 (£117) £117
4 per cent Indian 1949-69 (£107 1/2) £107 1/2
5 per cent Indian 1942-47 (£110 1/4) £110 1/4
3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1945-59 (£103 1/2) £103 1/2

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent Australian Loan 1945-70 (£105 7/8) £105 7/8

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£75 1/2) £75 1/2
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£102 1/8 ex div) £102 1/8
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£105) £105
5 per cent Funding Loan (£114) £114
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£102 7/8) £102 7/8
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£110 3/4) £110 3/4

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Aug 26

The London stock exchange was quiet in absence of any important news.

Giltedged securities attracted interest but business was restricted. Three and half per cent quoted at £94 3/8 i.e. 2 1/2 shillings higher than the last closing.

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (13-3) 13-3
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (57-9) 58-1 1/2
Hydro Electric (dol 4 7/8) dol 4 7/8
Elec Music Industry (12-10 1/2) 12-10 1/2
Princhin Johnson (28-10 1/2) 29-1 1/2
Imperial Chemical (30-10 1/2) 31-4 1/2
Woolsworth New Ordinary (64-6) 64-10 1/2
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rates 1930 (£28 1/2) £28 1/2
Dunlop Rubber (27) 27-3
Unilever Ordinary (38-3) 38-3
Ford Motors (17-4 1/2) 17-4 1/2
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£47 1/4) £47
British American Tobacco Ordinary (102-6) 103-1 1/2
Carreas A (£7 1/2) £7 1/2
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (140) 140-7 1/2
P. and O. S. N. Company Deferred (19-9) 19-9
Distillers (97-6) 97-6
Bredford Dye (4-0) 4-0
British Celanese (3-6) 3-6
J and P Coates Ordinary (37-9) 38-0
Courtaulds Ordinary (31-6) 32-9
Fine Cotton Spinners (3-10 1/2) 3-9
Vickers Limited Ordinary (19-10 1/2) 20-3
Inter Nickels (dol 50 7/8) dol 51 3/4
Indian Iron and Steel Ordinary (48-9) 50

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (18-9) 18-9
Donaro Tea (37-6) 37-6
Empire of India (26-3) 26-3

JUTE SHARES

Barnagore (£8) £8

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (28-10 1/2) 29-3
Gule Kelampong (23-9) 23-9
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (30-4 1/2) 30-4 1/2

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (37-6) 38-9
Burma Corporation (9-3) 9-3
Rio Tintos (£13 3/4) £13 7/8
East Rand Proprietors (53-1 1/2) 52-6
Rand Mines (£9 3/8) £9 3/8

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£17 1/4) £17 1/4
Associated Portland Cement (75-9) 78-4 1/2
Trinidad Leaseholds (101-3) 101-3
Sub Nigel (£11 5/8) £11 5/8
Spring Mines Split Shares (29-4 1/2) 29-4 1/2
Union Corporation (£9 1/4) £9 1/4

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (24-4 1/2) 24-4 1/2
Anglo Iranian (105-7 1/2) 106-3
Burma Oil (93-1 1/2) 93-9
Mexican Eagle (4-6) 4-6
Shell Transport (91-3) 91-3
Royal Dutch (£38 3/8) £38 3/8

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary (£34 1/2) £34 1/2
London Midland and Scott Ordinary (£13 1/2) £13 1/2
London North Eastern Def (£2 3/4) £2 3/4
Southern Def (£12 1/2) £12 1/2
London Transport 5 per cent (£128 3/4) £128 3/4
London Transport 'C' Stock (£73 3/4) £74 1/4

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Closing Quotation

London, Aug 26

Liverpool wheat market closed today at October 62 1/4

KARACHI PRODUCE MARKET

Karachi, Aug 26

To-day's closing quotations:

Ind Cotton January	14	7	3
Punjab January	12	11	0
Desi American January	17	8	0

Tone: Quiet Steady

Wheat September	20	3	3
October	20	6	0

Tone: Easy.

Gram September	24	14	0
October	25	1	3
Tora September	34	2	0
November	34	9	6
Cottonseed September	15	14	6
January	15	10	0

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

Anxiety Over Sir Simon's Statement

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, Aug 26

On the Stock Exchange, although trading was restricted due to anxiety pending Sir John Simon's statement tomorrow on Central Europe, the undertone was good. Giltedged securities and foreign bonds were steady with slight improvement in Home Rails. Industrialchanges were small though the textilesection was depressed due to passing of dividend in Leigh Mills. Katfirs displayed a better tone on Paris and local support in certain issues.

Wall Street opened steady.

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

Indian Irons Very Firm On Good Buying Support

CALCUTTA, Aug 26

In Jutes rather generally ruled at yesterday's levels and business was also very much limited. Coals were very steady and fair volume business was reported. Teas kept more or less unchanged. In the miscellaneous, Indian Irons were very firm and recorded a further improvement on good buying support, also large volume of business took place. Other strong features being Steel Corpn ord and pref, Burn and Co ord, Rohtas Industries both ord and pref, and Dalmia Cement pref. Government securities mained steady.

Government securities: Three per cent new loan 1963/65 98/ three half centum G P 99/6.

Banks: Central 32 xx div small lot; Imperial fully paid 55; Reserve Bank 116.

Hoshiarpur Doab R 101.

Cottons: Muir Mills 220; New Victoria ord annas 15.

Coals: Aldih 4/10; Bhoor and Ramgur 17/11; Borrea pref 113 Burrakur 13/14; Dhemomain 13; East Ian 25/4; Equitable 37/8; Hurriladih 11; Mundulpoor 10/8; New Beerbhoom 8; North Damuda 6/3; Pench Valley 33 small lot; Searsole 4/12; Talcher 1/ Union 27/8.

Jutes: Anglo India pref 49; Bally 143 small lot; Clive six per ct 123; Howrah 45/4; India 239/8.

Miscellaneous: Burma Corpn 6/7 ex div; Indian Copper 2/6; India Cement pref 9/ small lot; Alkali and Chemical pref 112/8; Rawalpindi Elec 3/12; Burn and Co ord 258; Indian Steam Wagon ord 47 small odd lot; Indian Iron 34/10; Indian Malleable Casting 6 7/12; National Iron and Steel 3/12; Steel Corpn ord 8/10; do pref 91; Bengal Flour 11 odd lot; Associated Hotel ord 1/12 small odd lot; Dunlop Rubber ord 5/12; do first pref 127; Indian Cables 4; Macfarlane ord 4/12; do defd 1/7 New Indian Investment 23 disc; Rtas Industries 24/4 do pref 131; Stewart and Co annas 13; Bengal Paper 98/8; Orient Paper 6/14; Midnapore Zemindary 78; Assam Saws One Calcia Landing and Shipping 19/12; Bampore 11/6; small lot; Buland 12/8; Turree Brewery 12/4 small lot; New San Bect; Samastipore 5/41; Tezpore 7/14 ct.

Debenture: Three centum 1937/ Calcutta Improvement Trust 96/8.—A.P.

POONA WEATHER SUMMARY

POONA, Aug. 26

Through of low pressure extends this morning from West Central India to off Circars Coast. Monsoon has been generally active in Bengal, Bihar, Chota Nagpur, Orissa, West United Provinces, Rajputana, East Gujarat, Central parts of the country and Deccan along and near West Coast. Rainfall has also been local in East United Provinces, East and North Punjab, West Gujarat and North Madras Coast and scattered showers are reported from Assam, Southwest Punjab, Mysore, and Southeast Madras.

Chief amounts of rainfall are:—Khandala, Mahabaleshwar 7 inches; Ratnagiri 3; Port Blair, Sutna, Dalhousie, Bombay 2; Darbhanga, Akola, Hoshangabad, Seoni, Dehra Dun, Pachmarhi, Nanamkonda, Mercara 1½.

FORECAST

Until the evening of 27th, monsoon may be generally active in the whole country outside Assam, extreme north, southeast Punjab and Baluchistan.

Heavy rainfall warning.—Locally heavy rain is likely in and around Konkan in the next 48 hours.—A.P.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 26-8-38

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 81.4 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 29.82 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.62 inches

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevationofthe of the instrument above mean sea level.

All India Weather

From Our Correspondent.)

POONA, Aug. 26.

The following are maximum and minimum temperature and rainfall recorded at Poona Observatory:—

	Max. Temp.	Min. Temp.	Rainfall Past 24 hours	Since June 1	Departure from normal
Agra	95	79	T	15.9	—2.2
Amraoti	78	74	0.8	28.0	+7.3
Akola	84	74	1.6	30.5	+10.5
Ahmedabad	86	77	0.1	17.8	—5.2
Ajmer	91	76	0.1	7.9	—6.7
Ahmednagar	84	70	T	22.3	+11.9
Ambala	91	78	—	16.8	—0.7
Allahabad	93	77	0.1	32.4	+5.5
Benares	93	78	0.4	26.7	—
Bareilly	93	79	T	32.8	+4.6
BOMBAY	86	73	2.2	58.5	+4.4
Bangalore	77	67	0.1	20.2	+8.6
Bhopal	85	73	0.2	43.1	—
Baroda	88	76	0.6	32.0	—
Belgaum	75	68	0.2	24.8	—8.2
Bahawalpur	106	84	—	1.1	—2.5
Bijapur	82	71	—	16.4	+8.8
Bellary	84	70	0.3	13.2	+7.6
Bhavnagar	91	77	0.1	16.6	+1.7
Chittagong	89	79	T	66.2	+6.4
Calcutta	87	79	0.5	24.1	—11.1
Cuttack	87	76	1.2	25.6	—8.1
Cawnpore	94	81	—	42.8	+19.5
Calicut	83	74	0.2	95.1	+16.9
Colombo	84	76	0.4	10.4	—5.4
Cheerapunji	76	65	0.6	355.3	+91.7
Cocanada	84	77	T	20.6	+5.6
Cochin	81	78	0.7	55.3	—7.3
Dehra Dun	81	72	1.3	71.9	+12.0
Delhi	97	79	0.1	7.4	—9.5
Debra I. Khan	104	84	—	2.0	—2.5
Darjeeling	70	55	1.0	89.4	+5.5
Desa	81	75	0.1	15.0	—3.7
Dalhousie	—	—	1.9	41.1	—7.8
Fort Sandeman	99	76	—	2.9	—1.7
Gorakhpur	94	77	0.4	38.6	+5.9
Hyderabad (Dn.)	80	70	0.7	16.1	—0.2
Hyderabad (Sind)	100	78	—	2.1	—3.1
Indore	82	72	1.0	40.2	+17.8
Jhansi	90	75	0.4	33.4	+8.1
Jubbulpore	86	76	0.1	45.1	+5.7
Jacobabad	107	86	—	0.7	—1.4
Jaipur	88	78	0.1	11.2	—6.7
Karwai	84	73	0.3	77.5	—16.0
Karachi	82	74	—	2.9	—2.5
Kodaikanal	62	57	T	16.0	+1.3
Khandwa	83	74	0.1	29.5	+10.1
Lucknow	94	80	—	49.5	+24.4
Ludhiana	99	76	0.8	7.9	—8.7
Lahore	104	79	—	6.7	—5.2
Lyallpur	105	81	0.2	5.7	—8.3
Multan	105	86	—	3.4	—1.1
Mysore	80	68	—	8.4	+0.5
Madras	93	80	T	7.9	—1.7
Maymyo	82	66	0.1	19.5	—3.3
Marmagoa	80	70	0.3	62.2	—
Malegaon	83	74	—	11.8	+0.1
Mussoorie	67	60	0.5	49.9	—9.6
Mahableshwar	65	61	7.1	212.1	—4.2
Murree	73	59	1.2	35.7	+6.7
Mount Abu	73	64	—	33.4	—12.3
Masulipatam	82	75	0.3	17.3	+0.3
Mandalay	89	77	0.4	9.9	—2.4
Mangalore	80	74	1.2	102.3	+9.1
Meerut	—	—	T	16.1	—3.5
Mercara	66	62	1.5	98.3	+9.2
Nagpur	85	75	0.2	40.8	+8.6
Ootacamund	62	52	0.1	16.8	—3.5
Patna	91	78	0.9	39.7	+8.5
Peshawar	102	82	—	1.3	—2.4
Poona	81	70	0.4	15.0	—
Pachmarhi	75	68	1.3	64.2	+11.0
Port Blair	79	75	1.9	56.2	+9.8
Quetta	93	87	—	1.0	—
Ranchi	83	72	0.5	30.8	—5.3
Rawalpindi	97	76	—	32.7	+14.8
Rangoon	87	77	0.1	55.8	—1.1
Ratnagiri	83	73	2.7	96.4	+17.8
Rajkot	85	77	—	17.4	—2.6
Sialkot	98	79	—	27.0	+9.0
Srinagar	88	64	—	6.2	+0.3
Sholapur	82	71	0.3	27.0	+14.2
Shillong	78	64	0.3	49.6	+6.6
Simla	63	55	—	37.9	—1.6
Surat	89	77	0.2	32.9	+1.4
Salem	90	74	—	19.9	+7.4
Trichinopoly	93	79	—	10.6	+4.6
Trivandrum	82	74	1.2	22.8	—1.3
Vizagapatam	85	78	—	16.3	+2.7

T indicates rainfall of 1 to 4 cents.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 26-8-1938.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours —.069 inches

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 80.1 degrees

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 77.0 degrees

Maximum temperature during 24 hrs 85.8 degrees 0.7 (above normal)

Minimum temperature during 24 hrs 73.5 degrees 2.2 (below normal)

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 87 per cent

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. WNW

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 17 miles per hour

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 208 miles

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 36 miles per hour

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 10

Rain in 24 hours 2.23 inches

Total rainfall during the month 11.24 inches

Total rainfall during the year 59.83 inches

Other remark: Rain

BOMBAY ASSEMBLY DEBATE

(Continued from page 16).

ed th villagers would not be able traise money enough. Mr. Firodi felt that if taxes levied so far had been collected, even now, there would have been enough money. Unfortunately, taxes levied were not being realised. I personally would not be opposed to Government contributing nothing from revenues realised but he felt that that would not be possible under the existing circumstances. Grants could be given by Government to some of the panchayats. He felt that the time had come when villagers had to learn to tax themselves in their own interests. Money could not come from outside and had to be found from amongst themselves.

Mr. B. K. Gaikwad supported the general principle of the bill but was vehemently opposed to the clause regarding the establishment of village benches vested with judicial powers. There was no possibility of Harijans getting any justice. As it was, he felt that proper persons would not be elected under joint electorates. Experience had shown that even those small officials who had meagre powers treated Harijans very badly and if judicial powers were to be conferred on village benches, they were bound to be misused. It should not be felt that he was opposed to self-government in villages.

PLIGHT OF HARIJANS

Continuing, he said that Mr. B. G. Kher had worked for a long time amidst Harijans and he was aware of their difficulties and sufferings. As a matter of fact, he himself had undergone sufferings and there ought to be some reason for his having approved of a measure like the one before the House. Many possibly did not know the conditions existing in the villages and how members of Scheduled castes were treated. He felt that the present measure would be better termed as Village Bullies Powers Bill than anything else as this would only legalised the activities of bullies.

The House adjourned at this stage. Further discussion was postponed till Saturday.

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVED

Bombay, Aug 26

B I S N ss Bandra of 1893 reg tons, Captain P Savage arrived from Basra via Persian Gulf Ports and Karachi with passengers and general cargo.

Anchor Line ss Britannia of 5276 reg tons, Captain J Duncan arrived from Glasgow, via Liverpool, Gibraltar, Marseilles, Port Said and Suez with passengers and general cargo.

P and O ss Comorin of 8744 reg tons Captain C W Cartwright arrived from London via Tangier, Gibraltar, Marseilles, Port Said and Aden with passengers and general cargo.

P and O S N ss Strathmore of 14112 reg tons, Captain F E French arrived from Brisbane via Australian Ports and Colombo with passengers and general cargo.

SAILED

B I S N ss Gazana of 3191 reg tons Captain E G Kingcome sailed for Calcutta via Tuticorin with local cargo.

B I S N ss Varela of 1926 reg tons Captain A Danbrook sailed for Basra via Karachi and Persian Gulf Ports with local cargo and passengers.

P and O S N ss Comorin of 8744 reg tons, Captain C W Cartwright sailed for Sydney via Colombo and Australian Ports with passengers local and same bottom cargo.

Grahams Trading ss Peebles of 3268 reg tons, Captain W H Howey sailed for London, Liverpool and Marseilles via Karachi with local cargo.

LOADING

The following vessels booked for loading on 26-8-38.

S S Melbourne Maru (O S K) for China Japan Ports via Colombo and Penang.

S S Bahadur (T M) for Negapatam, Madras, Cochin, Coast Ports and Calcutta.

STEAMERS IN DOCKS

ALEXANDRA DOCK

Bombay, Aug 26

1 Karanja 4646 Durban 31-8 M M
2 Reichenfels 4760 Antwerp 30-8 L Edwards
3 Kidderpore 3263 Kobe 3-9 M M
6 City of Canterbury 5290 Karachi 30-8 K Nixon
14 XXIV Maggio 3418 Port Said, 1-9 Ralli Bros.
16 Nalgora 4101 London 27-8 M M

VICTORIA DOCK

3 Baroda 1893 Persian Gulf, 31-8 M M
6 Cambay Star 320 Malabar Coast 27-8 S Hassum

PRINCE'S DOCK

G Sophie Marie 677 Malabar Coast 28-8 Merchant S N
L Ratnagiri 228 N F 27-8 The Indian Co-operative N T Co Ltd.
M Vita 1955 N F N F, M M
O Bhadravati 695 N F N F B S N
Q Rahamani 3291 N F N F T Morrison

Steamers Expected

FROM LONDON

Warfield 31-8-38 M M
Rajputana 1-9-38 P and O S N
Maloja 8-9-38 P and O S N
Burdwan 10-9-38 P and O S N
Viceroy of India 12-9-38 P and O S N
Ranchi 15-9-38 P and O S N
Stratheden 22-9-38 P and O S N Co.
Strathnaver 25-9-38 P and O S N
Ranpura 29-9-38 P and O S N

FROM LIVERPOOL

Circassia 8-9-38 Anchor Line
Haliyons 4-9-38 J Finlay

FROM HAMBURG

Kota Gede 30-8-38 L Edwards
Gaddenfels 2-9-38 L Edwards

FROM GOTHENBURG

Canton 5-9-38 L Edwards

FROM NEW YORK

Pres Adams 28-8-38 F F Campbell
Steel Engineer 3-8-38 M M

FROM TRIESTE

Conte Verde 12-9-38 L Triestino

FROM GENOA

Carignano 2-9-38 L Triestino
India 3-9-38 L Triestino
Victoria 29-8-38 L Triestino

FROM CHINA AND JAPAN

Hakusan Maru 10-9-38 N Y Kaisha
Tango Maru 28-8-38 N Y Kaisha
Conte Rosso 13-9-38 L Triestino
Bangalore 28-8-38 P and O S N
Naldera 3-9-38 P and O S N
London Maru 23-9-38 O S Kaisha
Rawalpindi 19-8-38 P and O S N
Conte Biancamano 1-9-38 L Triestino

FROM BASRA

Bankura 1-9-38 M M
Varsova 3-9-38 M M

FROM SYDNEY

Mooltan 10-9-38 P and O S N
Strathaird 24-9-38 P and O S N

FROM DURBAN

Kenya 17-9-38 M M
Tairea 3-9-38 M M

FROM RANGOON

Jalaganga 2-9-38 Scindia S N
Gamaria 3-9-38 M M
Homefield 30-8-38 M M

FROM CALCUTTA

Chyebassa 27-8-38 M M

Sailing Dates

FOR LONDON

Naldera 3-9-38 P and O S N
Mooltan 10-9-38 P and O S N
Hakusan Maru 11-9-38 N Y Kaisya
Nalgora 27-8-38 M M
Viceroy of India 17-9-38 P and O S N
Stratamore 27-8-38 P and O S N
Bangalore 30-8-38 P and O S N

FOR LIVERPOOL

City of Benares 2-9-38 K Nixon
Castalia 27-8-38 Anchor Line

FOR HAMBURG

Reichenfels 30-8-38 L Edwards

FOR NEW YORK

Hermion 27-9-38 Volkart Bros.
Pres Adams 28-8-38 F F Campbell

FOR TRIESTE

Conte Rosso 13-9-38 L Triestino

FOR SAIGON

Carignano 4-9-38 L Triestino

FOR GENOA

Conte Biancamano 1-9-38 L Triestino

FOR CHINA AND JAPAN

Tango Maru 14-9-38 N Y Kaisha
Rajputana 1-9-38 P and O S N
Conte Verde 12-9-38 L Triestino
Ranchi 15-9-38 P and O S N
Carthage 18-8-38 P and O S N
Victoria 29-8-38 L Triestino
Melbourne Maru 31-8-38 O S Kaisha
Kidderpore 3-9-38 P and O S N
Burdwan 13-9-38 P and O S N

FOR SYDNEY

Maloja 8-9-38 P and O S N
Stratheden 22-9-38 P and O S N

FOR BASRA

Bandra 31-8-38 M M
Vasna 1-9-38 M M

FOR DURBAN

Karanja 31-8-38 M M
Tairea 14-9-38 M M

FOR PORT SAID

Maggio 1-9-38 Ralli Bros.

FOR JEDDAH

Alavi 31-8-38 T Morrison

FOR CALCUTTA

Chyebassa 3-9-38 M M
India 4-9-38 L Triestino

FOR KARACHI

City of Canterbury 30-8-38 K Nixon
Tango Maru 2-9-38 N Y Kaisha

B. P. T. GENERAL LANDING DATES

S S Kalavati 25-8-38

EXPORTS

S S Reichenfels for Hamburg: 26 bags gum A Naranji; 1340 bags gr nut oil cake expeller M B Kaisha; 20 cases cardamoms A P Gupta.

For Antwerp: 2000 pkts copra oil cake A Oomerbhoy; 100 bales hemp raw J Kanji.

For Chios: 9 bales buffalo hides M Abraham.

For Rotterdam: 55 bales ctn waste clean C Jairam.

For Trinidad: 15 bags mustard seed J Hasmukhlal.

S S Pres Adams for New York: 100 bales cotton fly waste M Chandulal; 80 bags gum R Nathalal; 540 bags gum U Mavji.

For Boston: 387 bales cotton fly waste M Chandulal.

For Alexandria: 25 bales ctn piecegoods N Wadia.

For Lisbon: 55 bales raw cotton H Nensey.

For Suez: 25 bales ctn bleached shirting N Wadia

S S Bangalore for London: 50 casks condiments D D Framji; 15 bags isinglass L Dewraj.

For Marseilles: 95 bags turmeric G Gokalchand.

S S Nalgora for London: 14 bags gum E Mahmed; 14 bags gum D Mavji.

For Havre: 1263 bags myrabollams M Chunilal.

For Alexandretta: 55 bales ctn grey yarn A El Ejel.

S S Britannia for Liverpool: 1232 bgs myrabollams J Moolchand; 1333 bags gr nut seed M Bhuta

IMPORTS

S S Melbourne Maru Agents O S K Kaisya from Singapore: 1959 bags betelnuts; 250 bags damar batu; 161 bags gum; 85 pcs slab tin; 143 cases pines; 500 bags cloves; 3468 bags sago flour; 1476 bundles rattans; 379 bundles Poona planks and scantlings; 35 cases pine apples.

From Colombo: 4625 bags copra; 58 bundles mattress fibre.

From Tokyo: 200 bales grey ctn shirting; 190 cases grey mer as ctn yarn.

From Nagoya: 564 cases tiles; 83 cases porcelainware; 77 cases glass bottles; 50 bales worsted weaving yarn; 192 bs grey ctn shirting;

From Wellington: 140 cases tallow.

From Otoru: 450 bags potato starch.

From Mozi: 451 bales straw board; 43 cases earthenware; 148 bales auto tyre; 33 cases ctn goods; 43 cases ground glass; 153 cases window glass; 50 jottas glass beads; 40 cases brass circle; 209 cases sheet glass; 66 pkgs empty glass bottles.

From Osaka: 222 cases porcelainware; 314 cases glass bottles; 770 cases tiles; 429 cases weaving machines; 302 cases glassware; 578 bales ctn piecegoods; 100 bags stone powder; 309 cases glass bangles; 46 cases cell bangles; 213 bales ctn yarn; 88 cases bobbins; 75 cases varnishes; 100 carboys acetic acid.

From Kobe: 42 cases metalware; 62 cases porcelainware; 94 lse weaving and spg machy and ace; 47 cases cell bangles; 379 cases ctn piecegoods; 76 cases ctn and art silk mixed goods; 47 bales wln yarn; 852 cases paint; 264 cases tiles; 50 cases glass bangles; 30 cases bobbins; 140 cases art silk yarn; 96 cases wln piecegoods; 25 cases rayon goods 49 cases silk goods; 91 bags ginger; 43 cases rayon and ctn mixed piecegoods; 80 bags stone powder; 20 cases refined camphor.

Virtual Stabilisation Of American Cotton Prices

TRADERS DISAPPOINTED AT ABSENCE OF LOAN ANNOUNCEMENT

Foreign Selling And Trade Short Covering

BOMBAY, August 26.

American Cotton prices seem to have virtually stabilised around present level and there continues absence of enterprise.

Chief reasons for the present dead-lock are:—

(1) Traders confused by loan announcement uncertainties.

(2) Export subsidy rumours.

(3) European political dangers.

(4) Conflicting reports about the extent of weevil damage.

(5) Ideal weather over U. S. Cotton Belt.

All these factors are responsible for the inaction of cotton markets which are fluctuating within narrow ranges without any definite tendency. However there is more resistance and hedge selling is light.

The New York cotton market continued inactive on Thursday with traders disappointed at the absence of the loan announcement which left the market without any incentive. Business in cotton goods sharply improved after six weeks of inactivity with sales in the last two days estimated nearly fifteen million yards at firmer prices.

NEW YORK MARKET.

The market opened steady the undertone remained steady with near months relatively more firm than distants reflecting the absence of offerings from the South where producers are confident. Trade shorts were inclined to cover. There was moderate foreign selling of distant months. Spot cotton was quiet with textiles active and steadier. The market then steadied up in sympathy with stocks. Finally prices declined partially on realising.

At the opening October was quoted 3 points up at 8.23 and declined one point at 8.22 which was the lowest level. Later on prices advanced to 8.28 but the market reacted and closed at a net rise of 4 points to a decline of one point. Spot cotton prices advanced 4 points at 8.36c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

The New Orleans cotton futures market was fairly steady and closed at a rise of 2 to 5 points. Spot cotton prices advanced 5 points at 8.29c per lb

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened unchanged with October 4.54. In an apathetic market there was hedge selling of outside growths and local Switching operations with professional support. There was Bombay selling. In the afternoon there was New York straddle buying and trade calling. The market closed unchanged to one point down. Middling American Spot cotton prices declined 2 points at 4.71d. per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Giza futures 3 points up to 2 points down and Uppers closed one point higher. The Alexandria cotton market was fairly steady where Sakels closed 1 to 7 points up and Ashmouni futures gained 2 to 4 points. The Alexandria market will remain closed to-day.

NEW YORK REVIEW.

Interest in the cotton market is now centred on the forthcoming Bureau report, and liquidation before this event has sent prices down by one dollar per bale to new low levels for the current movement. Selling has been both on domestic and on foreign account, while demand has come principally from price-fixing on the scale-down. The action of prices would seem to indicate that traders are anticipating a large estimate, although the trade has seldom been more puzzled over what to expect.

NEW LOAN.

Interest in the Bureau report is very widespread, being shown by every branch of the trade here and abroad and by speculators. Much depends on the Government's ideas, which will probably determine the question as to whether there will be a new loan this season, Private estimates so far range from 10,780,000 bales by Messrs. Clement Curtis and Company, to 11,800,000 bales by the "Journal of Commerce"; the average is 11,400,000 bales, and the average guess of members of the Cotton Exchange is 11,380,000 bales. The general impression is that an estimate larger than last season's consumption of 11,250,000 bales would probably be considered bearish.

WEATHER CONDITIONS .

Weather conditions have been unfavourable during the past week in the eastern belt and favourable in the west. Many complaints are being made of rank growth and weevil activities, especially in the east, and there is considerable discussion as to whether the Government will consider the weevil situation more menacing than usual.

BIG YIELD PER ACRE.

Some advices indicate that farmers have been overzealous in their attempts to secure a big yield per acre, using much fertiliser and more rows per acre. Continuous rains have resulted in rank growth and poor fruitage, which are harbouring weevils in many sections. It is pointed out that over the past 68 years, with only one exception, yields of over 200 pounds per acre have been followed by a material reduction in the next season. Traders, however, admit that even a large percentage reduction on last season's big yield might still produce a larger crop than is needed. The action of the stock market has undoubtedly contributed to the decline, traders being impressed by the halt in the upward movement of markets generally. Business conditions have improved, although hardly as rapidly as anticipated.—"M.G.C."

PRIVATE CABLES

N. Y. October Highest (2-26 p.m.)	8.28+08
N. Y. October Lowest (10-4 a.m.)	8.22+02
Liverpool October Highest	4.55+01
Liverpool October Lowest	4.53—01

Messrs. Devkaran Nanjee have received the following telegram from their New York:—

New York:—"Dry goods trade improving. Trade buying near months. Fixing on buyers' call. Hedge selling in distant months. Rather better feeling is caused by business outlook. There is a tendency to expect crop prospects declining slightly."

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cables:—

Their New York friends cabled:—

Liverpool selling on differences met local support. Later eased on local liquidation and some Bombay selling. Loan announcement expected to-day or to-morrow.

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co., Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

Liverpool:—Market appears virtually stabilized. Enterprise completely in suspense. Traders confused by loan announcement uncertainties, export subsidy rumours, European political dangers and conflicting opinions extent weevil damage. Southern weather almost ideal and difficult to believe insect activity serious under prevailing conditions.

New York.—Demand is principally for the near months. Expect a narrow market without much change.

New York.—Continue narrow fluctuations. Trade awaiting loan details. Government Agricultural Bureau's weekly weather report less favourable than expected. Reports of damage to crop by Boll Weevil continue. Cotton goods market—yarn market more active owing to steady prices.

Weather Over U. S. Cotton Belt

Eastern:—Partly scattered showers. Temperatures at Atlanta (Georgia) and at Chralestow (South Carolina) 98 degrees.

Central:—Generally fair, Continued warm.

Western:—Generally fair. Temperatures at Dallas (Texas) and at Oklahoma City (Oklahoma) 100 degrees.

FORECAST.

Eastern:—Partly cloudy and colder.

Central:—Fair in interior sections, unsettled on the coast.

Western:—Generally fair, continued warm.

Liverpool October Lowest ..... 4.53—01

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Aug. 25.

October	8.24+04
December	8.30+02
January	8.29+01
March	8.27+01
May	8.25—01
July	8.23
Middling spot	8.36+04

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, Aug. 25.

October	8.34+05
December	8.39+02
January	8.38+03
Middling spot	8.29+05
11 a.m. Ranges—	
October	8.23/8.23
December	8.30/8.30
January	8.29/8.29
Noon Call.—	
October	8.23
December	8.28

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York, Aug. 25.

	Bales.
Day's receipts to U.S. Ports	11,000
Day's exports to great Britain	1,000
Day's exports to the Continent	6,000
Day's exports to China and Japan	Nil

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Liverpool, Aug. 25.

August	4.51
September	4.52
October	4.54
November	4.57
December	4.59—01
January	4.62—01
February	4.64—01
March	4.66—01
April	4.67—01
May	4.69—01
June	4.70—01
July	4.71—01
August	4.70—01
Middling spot	4.71—02
10-12 a.m. quotations—	
October	4.54
January	4.62

LONDON PRODUCE

London, Aug. 25.

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe parcels August sellers	27
Wheat Barletta Russo parcels August sellers	27
Wheat South Australian parcels August sellers	26/6

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Aug. 26.

Following a small rise of 4 points in New York cotton futures the local market opened to-day at Rs. 155/8 for Broach A/M, delivery and advanced to Rs. 157 on active short covering by local operators. The rise was influenced by smart improvement in Linseed market.

The tone of the market was very steady.

Liverpool market opened at a rise of 2 points and later on was 3 points up. In the local market Broach A/M was quoted at Rs. 157. The market closed at 5 p.m. as under:—

F. G. M. G.—			
Broach A/M	157	4	0
Fine M. G.—			
Oomra D/J	140	0	0
F. G. M. G.—			
Bengal D/J	118	8	0

Cotton Room Rates

Bombay, Aug 26

	Extra Sprfine	Sup	Fine	FG	Good
M G—					
Broach No. 2	148	146	144	142	
Punjab Ame	173	170	167	164	
Surat	202	199	196	193	
Rajpipla	196	193	190	187	
Navsari	208	205	202	199	

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, Aug 26

Bengal Superfine	120/22
Bengal Fine	117/19
Bengal F G	115/17
C P 1	142/44
C P 2	139/40
Arvi	140/41
Amraoti	137/41
Ellichpur	139/41
Berar	138/40
Khandesh	133/35
Jalna Sailu	133/35
Burwah Sanavad	138/40
Khandwa	138/40
Harda Khirkiya	138/40
Mathia	121/26
Malkapur	135/37
Broach	144/46
Punjab 4 F	168/71
Punjab 289 F	188/91
Sindh N T	176/81
Kampala	265
Jinja	252
Navsari	204/06
New Manza	251

Indian Cotton Figures

Bombay, Aug 26

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY Since 1st Sept

In full-pressed bales Yesterday	This year	Last year
Khandesh	53,958	236,505
Central India 34	51,351	338,845
Barsi and Nagar	150,436	174,497
Hyderabad Gaorani	40,380	101,682
Berar 286	334,237	579,602
Central Provinces 108	86,469	114,551
Total Oomras 428	716,891	1,515,682
Dholera 49	159,121	182,882
N W Provinces	3,112	10,399
Rajputana	16,803	97,443
Sind Punjab 431	528,110	353,985
Broach	267,698	343,118
Coompta and Dharwar	84,665	74,300
Westerns Northerns 113	29,832	40,742
Cocoanada	23	156
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	9,438	22,278
American	177,957	20,546
Egyptian, African and Sudan 406	545,386	463,222
Comilla, Burma and other sorts	1,240	240
Total	1,427 2,540,276	3,124,992

Exports From Bombay

1st Sept to 18th Aug

In full-pressed bales Yesterday	This year	Last year
Europe 626	339,405	487,747
Japan and China 2,360	747,707	1,579,214
Coast Ports 1,250	62,463	41,979
Up-country by Rail	385,342	319,915
Afloat in harbour for Europe China and Japan	8,810	5,540
Total 5,436	1,543,727	2,434,395

American Cotton Figures

F P Bales	1938-39	1937-38
Receipts to date 25-8-38	225000	437000
Receipts yesterday 25-8-38	11000	35000
Exports to date 25-8-38	181000	182000
Stock at Ports 19-8-38	2403000	1238000
Stock at Interior Towns 19-8-38	1925000	787000
Stock at Liverpool 19-8-38	1163000	752000
Visible Supply 19-8-38	5546000	2889000
Quantity in sight 19-8-38	288000	444000
Quantity out of sight 19-8-38	361000	426000

Egyptian Cotton

Liverpool, Aug. 25.

GIZA—	
Spot	7.35—1.
October	6.57—2.
November	6.57—2.
January	6.80—0.
March	6.88+2.
May	6.89+3.
UPPERS—	
Spot	5.98—1
October	5.78+1.
November	5.78+1.
January	5.78+1.
March	5.81+1.
May	5.83+1.
July	5.85—0.

LONDON SEEDS.

London, Aug. 25.

Linseed La Plata Hull c.i.f. ton August sellers	10/18/3
Linseed Calcutta London c.i.f. ton August sellers	12/0/0
Linseed Bombay London c.i.f. ton August nominal	12/17/6
Rapeseed Toria Hull/Cont c.i.f. ton Aug-Sept. sellers	11/6/3
Castorseeed Bombay Hull c.i.f. ton Aug-Sept. sellers	10/17/6

LINSEED OIL

London, Aug. 25.

Linseed oil London per cwt naked September sellers	21/6
Linseed oil London per cwt. naked Oct-Dec. sellers	21/6

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, Aug. 25.

Yesterday London gold prices declined 1/2d to £7-2-5 1/2 London-Paris Exchange rate was 3 points lower at 178.32 and dollar sterling cross rate closed at 4.87 15/16. London silver prices advanced 1/8d. to 19 1/4d. America bought at the decline. Speculators bought and sold. The market was quiet and featureless. New York and Montreal markets were unchanged and Shanghai T. T. on London was quoted 0.8 3/8. In the local there was general buying and offerings being limited prices registered sharp improvement at one time gold was quoted at Rs. 36-1-9 but realising appeared and prices eased off to Rs. 36/1. The tone of the market was good and quotations were as under:—

GOLD

Ready	36	1	3
Bhadarwa delivery	36	1	0
Bhadarwa Teji-mandi	0	2	9
Ashwin delivery	36	1	0
Ashwin Teji-mandi	0	5	3

SILVER

Ready	51	1	0
Bhadarwa delivery	50	15	0
Bhadarwa Teji-mandi	0	9	6
Ashwin delivery	50	13	0
Ashwin Teji-mandi	1	2	0

LONDON SILVER

London, Aug. 25.

Spot	19 1/4
Forward	19 1/16

LONDON GOLD

London, Aug. 25.

Gold bars fine per oz	£7-2-5 1/2

Montreal Silver

Montreal, Aug. 25.

August	42.40
September	42.15
December	41.85

NEW YORK SILVER

New York, Aug. 25.

Spot	42 3/4 cents.

London Metals

London, Aug. 25.

Copper	£40 18 9
Tin	£193 10 0
Lead	£14 13 9
Spelter	£13 7 6

Bombay Metals

Bombay, Aug 26

London market—	
Standard copper cash (buyers)	£40-17-6
Standard copper 3 months	£41-0-0
Electrolytic copper	£46-15-0
Bombay market—	
Yellow metal sheets	Rs. 37-8-0
Copper sheets	Rs. 45-0-0
Tone: Steady.	

PRECIOUS METALS

Bombay, Aug 26

The following are weekly quotations for the Precious Metals.

Rhodium 100 per cent Rs. 250 per tola
Platinum 100 per cent Rs. 51 per tola
Bhadarwa Teji-mandi Rs. 50 per tola
Platinum 97 per cent Rs. 50 per tola
Platinum 25 per cent Rs. 15 per tola
Palladium 100 per cent Rs. 40 per tola
Iridium 100 per cent Rs. 200 per tola
Osmium 100 per cent Rs. 70 per tola
Ruthenium 100 per cent Rs. 80 per tola

Groundnuts Coromandel Shelled

London, Aug 25

September	£10-8-9
October	£10-7-6

Liverpool Wheat

Liverpool, Aug 25

October	62 1/8d.
December	60d.
March	58 1/8d.

Chicago Wheat

Chicago, Aug 25

September	dol 0.62 5/8
December	dol 0.64 1/2
May	dol 0.67

New York Sugar

New York, Aug 25

September	1.87
March	2.01
May	2.04

Bombay Sugar

Bombay, Aug 26

Ready Javas	Rs. 15	4	0
Shipment Sept	5	5	9
Shipment Oct Dec	5	6	6
Shipment Jan March	5	9	0
Kesar	13	8	0
Saraya	13	1	0
Java Spot	F	5	95

London Sugar

London, Aug. 25.

December	5s 4 3/4d.

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Aug. 25.

T. T. London on:—	
New York	4.88.03
Paris	178.32
Berlin	12.17 1/2
Madrid	100.00
Montreal	4.89 1/8
Amsterdam	8.92 1/32
Brussels	28.90 1/2
Milan	92.75
Berne	21.29 1/2

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Aug. 25.

Rupee paper 3 1/2 per cent	£73
Indian Stock 3 per cent 1948	£81
Indian Stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£94 1/4
Indian Stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	£113
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£75 3/8
Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£102 1/8*
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952	£102 7/8
Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/90	£114
Victory Bonds	£110 3/4
Chartered Bank of I.A. and China	£13
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London Reg.	£88 1/2
National Bank of India	£40 1/2
P and O Banking Corporation	£9 1/4

*Ex Dividend.

AMERICAN COTTON CROP

Liverpool, Aug 26

Excessive heat continues in Central and Western Belts, light to moderate rainfall in South Texas. Storm reported to be headed for Texas Gulf Coast.

Cotton Arrivals

Receipts into Bombay on 24th Aug.	4,055
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1937	2,538,849
Receipts into Bombay same time last season	3,123,198
Decrease	584,349

Cotton Straddles

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES

New York—Liverpool:—

Oct. 99 Dec. 103 Jan. 110 March 120 May 128 July 134 at Cross Rate 4.87 15/16.

Bombay—Liverpool:—

Broach A/M. 1939 155—Liverpool May 1939 4.69 Rs. 49 1/4 at Exchange 1/6.

Bombay—New York:—

Broach A/M. 1939 155—New York May 8.25 Rs. 33 at Cross Rate 4.87 15/16.

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, Aug. 25.

Broach A/M. 1939 op 153 5/8; highest 154 3/8; lowest 153 1/2; closing 154 1/4.

Oomra D/Jan. op 136 7/8; highest 137 1/4; lowest 136 7/8; closing 137 1/4.

Bengal D/Jan. op. 116; highest 116 5/8; lowest 116; closing 116 5/8.

T/Mandi for Broach A/May 1939 (21-9-38) Rs. 6.

T/Mandi for Broach A/May 1939 (24-3-39) Rs. 16 1/2.

Osaka Cotton

Osaka, Aug. 26.

October	51.50
November	51.70

Osaka Sampin

Osaka. Aug. 26.

August	197.60—30
October	199.20+70

Alexandria Cottton

Alexandria, Aug. 25.

SAKEL—	
November	13.41+4.
January	13.56+7
ASHMOUNI—	
October	10.15+4.
December	10.17+2.
GIZA—	
November	12.79+6
January	12.74+3.

Alexandria Market will remain closed on 26th Aug.

Produce Receipts

Bombay Aug 26

Wheat	627 cwts
Linseed	3,302 cwts
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	264 cwts
Gingellyseed	190 cwts
Groundnuts	5,468 cwts
Rice	28,163 cwts
Myrabollams	154 cwts
Gram	1,204 cwts
Joowar	918 cwts
Bajree	2,203 cwts
Indian sugar	691 cwts

Loan May Save American Cotton From Collapse

Messrs. P. Chrystal and Co. have issued the following weekly report:—

There has been an easy tone in all the markets during the past week, though the actual fall in values only amounts to a few points. That fluctuations should be small is not surprising as there has been no pressure to sell and no incentive to buy.

No announcement has yet been made regarding the loan, but it is rumoured that its basic price will be 8.30 Cents for Middling 7/8". As we pointed out last week the amended conditions for the loan and for the adjustment payments, so far as we know them, have been specially designed to prevent a fall in prices which has not been the case on previous occasions, and it is therefore easy to understand why there has been no heavy hedge selling in spite of the now well-known fact that the supply of cotton in the world is still on the increase.

The loan may save America from a collapse, but looking a few months ahead when the Indian cotton season is in full swing we do not feel so optimistic.

At a modest estimate the carryover in India must be at least 10,00,000 bales in excess of what it was this time last year. Weather conditions generally have been excellent and every district is expected to produce a good crop in the coming season with the exception of the Berars and C. Ps. where the yield may only be moderate. Exports up-to-date for the current season are 22,00,000 behind last year, and at the moment we see little chance of any improvement in this direction for some time to come. Even allowing for the increased consumption of Indian cotton by Indian Mills, which is insignificant when compared to the drop in exports, it looks as if the carryover by this time next year will have reached a very unwieldy figure.

In the near future, however, we should not be surprised to see a temporary recovery in price as we consider that the bearish factors are so well-known as to be discounted, that the market is oversold, and that the loan, when definitely announced, will have the effect of restoring some degree of confidence

As a purely speculative operation we recommend purchases at the present level for a quick profit, with the proviso that the operator must be prepared to cut his loss immediately if the market should act contrary to our expectations.

LONDON RUBBER

London, Aug. 25.

Smoked sheets standard ribbed per lb sellers	8 1/16

MONEY MARKET

Bombay, Aug. 26.

B C RATES—

T T D D 1/5 25/32

LONDON—

Bank's selling T T D D 1/5 13/16
Bank's buying T T 1/5 7/8
Bank's buying D D 1/5 29/32
Bank's buying 3 months 1/5 31/32 to Oct. 1/6 Nov/March.

NEW YORK—

Bank's selling T T 277 1/8
Bank's buying T T 274 3/4

PARIS—

Bank's selling T T 1,312
Bank's buying T T 1,337

JAPAN—

Bank's selling T T 78 7/8
Bank's buying T T 78
Bank's buying 60 days 76 7/8

AMSTERDAM

Bank's selling D D 65 3/4

JAVA—

Bank's selling D D 65 5/8

HONGKONG—

Bank's selling D D 85 5/8

SHANGHAI—

Bank's selling D D 49 1/4

SINGAPORE

Bank's selling D D 157 3/4

BERLIN—

Bank's selling D D 89 1/4

CROSS RATE—

New York/London 4.87.87 25th inst.
Japan/London 1/2 1/64 26th inst.
Hongkong/London 1/3 26th inst.
Shanghai/London 0/8 3/8 26th inst.
Java/London 8.91 1/8 26th inst.
London/Paris 178.32 25th inst.
London/Belgium 28.90 1/2 25th inst.
London/Switzerland 21.29 1/2 25th inst.
London/Berlin 12.17 1/2 25th inst.
London/Stockholm 19.39 5/8 25th inst.
London/New York 4.88.03 25th inst.
London/Amsterdam 8.92 1/8 25th inst.
London/Italy 92.75 25th inst.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Uncertain.
Gold £7-2-6 24th inst.
Gold £7-2-5 1/2 25th inst.
Silver London Ready 19 1/8 24th inst.
Silver London Ready 19 1/4 25th inst.
Silver London Forward 19 24th inst.
Silver London Forward 19 1/16 25th inst.
Silver New York Ready 43 24th inst.
Silver New York Ready 43 25th inst.
London Discounts 3 months 17/32 per cent 24th inst.
London Discounts 3 months 17/32 per cent 25th inst.
London Discounts 6 months 5/8 per cent 24th inst.
London Discounts 6 months 5/8 per cent 25th inst.
Reserv. Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent
Money:—
Call 1/4 per cent.
3 months 3/4 per cent.
6 months 1 1/4 per cent.
Tone:—Easy

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London, Aug. 25.

Call Loan London	1/2
3 per cent	81
3 1/2 per cent	94 1/4
3 1/2 per cent 1954/59	103 1/2
4 per cent 1948/53	107 3/4
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	113
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68	117
5 per cent 1942/47	110 1/4
3 per cent 1949/52	99 1/2
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	75 3/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan	102 7/8
4 per cent Funding Loan 1960/90	114
Indian Iron and Steel New Ordinary	48/9

YARN EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS

HEDGE CONTRACT RATES

Bombay, Aug 26

Yarn No. 6 1/2s August 102 October 102 December 102

Yarn No. 10 1/2s August 112 October 113 December 114

Yarn No. 20 1/2s August 154 October 153 December 154

POSITION OF SCHEDULED BANKS

Statement of the position of scheduled banks as at the close of business on 19th August, 1938.

1. Demand Liabilities—	
a. In India	123,11,67,000
b. In Burma	6,16,59,000
2. Time Liabilities—	
a. In India	102,48,04,000
b. In Burma	4,49,29,000
3. Cash—	
(i) Currency Notes of the Government of India and Bank Notes.	
a. In India	5,73,83,000
b. In Burma	2,78,000
(ii) Burma Notes	
a. In India	44,000
b. In Burma	9,14,000
(iii) Rupee Coin—	
a. In India	9,73,000
b. In Burma	86,000
(iv) Subsidiary C	
a. In India	3,05,000
b. In Burma	1,31,000
4. Balances with Reserve Bank	13,46,94,000
5. Advances—	
a. In India	04,80,15,000
b. In Burma	4,70,10,000
6. Bills discounted—	
a. In India	2,58,89,000
b. In Burma	17,72,000

BANK OF ENGLAND RETURNS

London, Aug 25

	This week £
Total Bullion	327,600,000
Public Deposits	24,000,000
(a) Other Deposits	135,600,000
Government Securities	101,900,000
(b) Other Securities	26,900,000
Notes and Coin	48,900,000
Notes in Circulation	478,700,000
Ratio of Reserve to Liabilities	30.67 p.c.
(a) Other Deposits include bankers	101,600,000
(b) Other Securities include Discount and Advances	6,300,000
Total Deposits	159,600,000
Total Securities	128,800,000

NEW YORK COFFEE

New York, Aug. 25.

Fair Rio Coffee No. 7 quality sellers	5 1/8

LONDON SPELTER

Spelter hard (Indian Brand) F.O.B.	13 to 14 1/4

BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE

BOMBAY, August 26.

The Bombay Stock Exchange remained entirely closed to-day.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

RISE IN STEEL SHARES

On the Indian Stock Exchange, Steel shares have improved in to-day's session. Opening at 276/6 Tata Ordinaries improved to 278/8 and closed slightly lower at 278. Tata Deferreds opened at 1320 and advanced to 1335. Indian Irons were also in demand and were done up to 34/10. In textiles, Bombay Dyeings were better by Rs. 10 over the last closing and finished at 885.

GOVT. SECURITIES

3 1/2 per cent Paper	59
4 per cent 1960-70	112/
5 per cent 1945-55	117/1

BANKS

Bank of Baroda	112
Bank of Hindusthan	30/14
Bank of India	145
Central Bank	31
Imperial Bank F.P.	1558/12
Imperial Bank P.P.	387/8
Indian Overseas Bank	43
Reserve Bank	117
Union Bank	5/8

TEXTILES.

Ahmd. New Textiles	540
Ambica	236/4
Arun	225
Arvind	1070
Bharatkhand	2720
Bombay Dyeing	885
Buckingham and Carnatics	197
Calico	590
Central India	245
Century	285
Colaba	158/12
Delhi Cloth and Gen. Mills	352/8
Elgin	212/8
Gokak	158/2
Hukumchand	195
Indore	60
Jubilee	205
Khatau Makanji	120
Kohinoor	276/14
Laxmi Cotton	485
Madhusudan	200
Marsden	109/6
Morarji	142/8
Mysore	98/12
Nandlal Bhandari	91
New Great	225/10
Raipur	627/8
Rajnagar	280
Sajjan	97/8
Sholapur	3500
Simplex	65/10
Swadeshi	218/2
Vishnu	1227/8

HYDRO ELECTRICS

Andhra Valley Ord	1475
Tata Hydro Ord.	155
Tata Power Ord.	1410

ELECTRICS

Ahmedabad Electrics	133/12
Ajmer Electrics	12/12
Bombay Suburban	141/4
Bombay Tram.	118/12
Surat Electrics	172/8

MISCELLANEOUS

Air Services of India	6N
Alcock Ashdown	310
Associated Cements	112
Belapur	177/8
Bombay Burma New	174/5
Bombay Burma Old	525
Bombay Steam	219/6
Bombay Telephone	81/8
Br. B. Petrol	3/6
Burma Corporation	6/6
Dalmia Cement	10/4
Indian Bleaching	133/2
Industrial Investment Tr.	42/4
Indian Radio Ord.	390
Indian Radio Defd.	490/10
Indian Copper	2/6
Indian Iron	34/8
Mysore Sugar	25
Port Canning	67
Premier Construction	68
Rohtas Industries	24/4
Scindia Steam	19/9
Shivrajpur	44
Tata Oil	29/8
Tata Steel Ordy	278
Tata Steel Defd.	1335

JUTES.

Birla Jute	13
Howrah	45
Hukumchand	6/6
Kamarhatty	428XD.
Kankanarrah	335
Lawrence	335
Reliance	59/2

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, Aug. 25.

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dol
Amr. Water Works Com.	10
Amr. Power and Light Com.	5
Electric Bond Common	8
Consolidated (Gas) Edison	28
Columbia Gas and Elec.	7
American Tel and Tel	145 1/4
Sun Life of Canada	495
Western Union Telg	29 1/2
New York Central Rly.	19 3/4
Texas Corp.	45 1/4
Flinkote	30 1/2
Harbigson Walker	31
United States Steel	61 1/4
Bethlehem Steel	61
Republic Steel	19
Anaconda Copper Mining	35 3/4
Int. Nickel of Canada	50 1/2
General Motors	49 3/4
Packard Motors	5
General Electric	42 3/4
Radio Corp	8
Boeing Airplane	26
Curtis Wright	5
American Radiator	16 1/2
Union Carbide	84
Consolidated Oil	9 1/2
Socony Oil	14 1/2
Chase Bank	30 1/4
National City Bank	24 3/4
National Dairy	13
Crane Co.,	37 1/4
Starret	26

Turnover 850,000 shares, Brokers loans down 1 million dollars. "Recovery continues as evidenced by contraseasonal increase in Federal Reserve Board's index of industrial production from per cent of normal in June to 83 per cent July and contraseasonal gains to same period in factory payrolls and employment. Agricultural commodities still weak but are showing more resistance. Market giving evidence of strong underlying power and ultimate outlook bullish."

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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta
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BOMBAY: SATURDAY, AUGUST 27, 1938

Burma Riots Not On Religious Issues

FUTURE OF INDIANS IS CAUSING ANXIETY TO ALL

(From Our Correspondent).

RANGOON, (By Mail).

Not only the "New Burma" but all the Burmese newspapers maintain that the recent disturbances are nothing but a religious war, but evidence of their contention is lacking in this direction. It was a publication of a book by a single individual, and the book was published as far back as 1931. It is a mystery which none of the Burmese papers nor the leaders have solved yet. It was the Burmans who attacked, burnt down and despoiled the mosques thus outraging the feelings of Muslims who have shown commendable restraint and patience in the gravest of provocation. Barring a single incident of throwing a few brickbats at the Sule Pagoda in Rangoon, and that was because bottles and stones came out from inside the Pagoda compound, there has not been a single instance of attacking a pagoda or a monastery. The allegation of a religious war holds no ground, if judged on the facts that took place on the first day and subsequently, but it might be an excuse to cover the crime against innocent humanity perpetrated in the name of religion. Religious fanaticism is a thing never heard or seen in this country, and it is for the first time its hideous form was exposed to the public showing its great potentialities. The book was condemned by the entire Muslim population in Burma and they also urged the Government to meet out suitable punishment to the author and the publisher and the printer, and at the same time, the Muslim community tendered apology to the Buddhist community. The Government also, though slow in action, took immediate steps in proscribing the book and ordering prosecution of the author and the printer, assuring the Burmese Buddhist public that steps would be taken to prevent such repetitions in future. The facts are there and one can form his opinion on the basis of these facts.

CURE FOR PANIC.

The riot is over. All is quiet in Rangoon and Mandalay, the principal cities of Burma and business is proceeding again as normal. Conditions in the districts, most of which were affected by the disturbances are coming to normal in slow stages. Only in a few isolated places, particularly in the district of Shwebo, tension is still continuing, but local officials are alive to the situation and taking necessary action to restore peace and order. Emergency measures adopted by the Government to cope with the situation are still in force in Rangoon and the districts, while the British soldiers are still continuing their occasional patrols by bus drives through the city. Panic still remains in the public mind, and the slightest commotion upsets the order in the city whatever the cause may be. It is rather unfortunate that some of the Burmese papers are still harping on the communal tension and giving constant warnings to the Burmese public to take care of the Indians in the city. Confidence begets confidence, and so long people lose sight of this fact, trouble will continue.

FUTURE OF INDIANS.

The riot has presented several problems both to the Indians and the Burmese, and both are busy in discussing them and trying to find ways and means to solve them. The future of Indians, protection to their life and property are the points in the minds of every Indian in Burma, but unfortunately there is strong divergence of opinion as to their solution.

The first difficulty is that one section is anxious to approach the higher authorities in India and in England to secure protection of the life and the interests of the Indians, but those who have settled and made Burma practically their home for all purposes do not see eye to eye to them. The second problem is one section is anxious to send away the refugees and those who are willing and eager to go back to their country in India, and the other section is against it as many of those are bound to return to Burma again as soon as conditions settle down everywhere. That was the experience of many during the last riot of 1931. Thus it will be a waste of money to send them away, but according to them it will be better to advance money whatever the amount might be to those who are willing to restart by re-opening shops. It is difficult for many of the Kakas to go back to their country as they will not be able to earn their living there, and there are many who are eager to resume their shopping business in this country for which they appeal to the leaders and the authorities for protection only.

Another question which is agitating the Indian mind is the political one, as it is believed by many of them the recent disturbances are partly responsible to the same. In the domestic quarrel of the Burmese political parties over the Ministry and other offices, interference by the Indians by siding with the one against the other has been causing great irritation in some section of the Burmese political group and the Burmese public generally is of opinion that Indians should not come into this affair at all. It has often been expressed on the floor of the Legislature in the past and in the Burmese Press.

BURMESE NATIONALISM.

The Burmese mind and the public are busy in their own way and the cry of nationalism is expressing itself into different forms. The shops formerly occupied by the Indians who had to leave at the mercy of the looters and assaulters are being occupied in most of the Burmese quarters by the Burmans who are settling themselves there carrying on provision stores or tea shops. Buy Burmese is the caption of the leading article in the "New Burma" of to-day, in which the author is drawing attention of the business-minded and enterprising Burmans to the psychological moment and to the economic position of the Burmans. The paper has suggested not only setting up shops and credit stores and also to launch later a countrywide national campaign to oust the giant of foreign competitions. Buy Burmese; Buy only from the Dobama shops are the slogans the paper is preaching and made a strong appeal to the laity and the Sanghas to help in the bringing about of this national trade revival. There is nothing to be ashamed of Burmans being called shop-keepers or bazar-sellers, says the paper. England has been and is historically dubbed as a nation of shop-keepers and the Englishmen pride in that reputation.

The 1931 riot which affected the shipping labour in Rangoon resulted in 50—50 share of the work in the ports of Rangoon between Burmans and the Indians and the present riot will lead to result of a similar or more share in the shop-keeping or retail trade of the country between the two communities. It is the feeling of the Burmese mind. But it does not relieve the unemployment of the educated Burmans in the country. Thus the germ of troubles remains and it will continue to grow, until it finds a way to its solution. The Burmese Press, therefore, is agitating for the restriction of Indian immigration into Burma, and urges the Government to take some immediate steps in this direction and suggest the Secretary of State for Burma may be moved for the purpose. During the first three years of trade agreement nothing can be done in this direction, as nearly half the period is now over, steps are to be taken according to the Burmese Press for facilitating that arrangements from now on.

Under the auspices of the Women's Indian Association, Bombay Branch, and the National League of Women Voters, a public meeting of women was held at the Theosophical Hall on Thursday evening to support the principles of the Bills before the various Legislatures regarding divorce, monogamy and other subjects. Mrs. Meherbai Jehangirji Kanga (centre) presided on the occasion.

INDIANS' PLIGHT IN BURMA

Story Of An Eye-Witness

A correspondent, who is a medical practitioner in Burma, writes:

Rangoon with its suburbs and other places in Burma present terrible scenes of bloodshed and plunder. 60,000 Indians have flocked to Rangoon for shelter. They have neither food to eat nor houses to live in. Hundreds of buildings have been destroyed. Thousands of shops and houses belonging to Indians have been looted. Many mosques have been set fire to. The holy Quran has been desecrated. Imams of mosques have been killed. Muslims at prayers have been massacred, their limbs mutilated and burnt to ashes.

These and many such atrocities have been committed on the Indians, Hindus as well Muslims. But the world is in the dark about them. The news that is sent from here is so meagre, unimpressive and diluted that the press and the public can hardly realise even a twenty-fifth of the gravity of the situations there. The principal reason is that at the present movement all the associations and all social and political workers are busy for saving their own lives and are solely concerned with their dying and the dead. This is not the time for them to think of any other thing and venture to place before the world their tales of sorrow and suffering. Still some people and associations have done something collecting. I have brought with me the proceedings and resolutions of some meetings signed by the proper authorities there. I shall place them before the press and responsible people here.

I have been visiting Rangoon for these 15 years and stay their sometimes for months and sometimes for years together as a medical practitioner and during my stay there I do some social and national work too. This time I had been at Rangoon some months before the riots and have witnessed the terrible bloodshed and loot with my own eyes, and several times my own life was in danger and I had, what is called, hair-breadth escapes. Perhaps God has spared my life so that I may acquaint the public with the terrible situation there.

Only three days ago i.e. on the 10th with the family help and at the wise suggestion of a good and generous friend, I came to Calcutta by aeroplane. The air journey was resorted to not only for speed but also to avoid the surveillance of the Burmans who now keep a strict eye on those Indians, who if they can escape, are very likely to give publicity to what is actually happening in Burma.

I have come here though my resources are scanty and my voice, feeble simply to inform the public of the real situation there and to remind them of those duties which have now devolved on them because of the loss of life and property of their brethren in Burma.

Lid Off City's Slums

3,000 Depressed Class Millworkers Housed In Tin Sheds With No Windows No Plinths And No Drainage System

Miss P. N. Nariman, Jt Hon. Secretary of the Social Workers' Society, sends the following statement to the "Chronicle":—

According to the census of 1931, 74 per cent of our citizens live in one-room tenements. Though this shocking state of overcrowding is detrimental to the health and social well-being of the average citizen, still worse and degrading is the condition of the houses and unhygienic surroundings. These slums where our poor brethren live, are constantly visited by the members of our Society with a view to improve sanitary arrangements and to demand more amenities from our Municipal authorities.

When we visited the Dharavi village we were under the impression that we had seen the worst slum of our city, but we were deeply grieved to find that a still worse slum existed in the heart of our city at Ambewadi (Kalachawki) Parel, where about 3000 millhands reside in such abominable condition, that we deem it our duty to place the facts before the public. We the citizens of Bombay ought to be ashamed that we should allow such a slum to exist in our city.

Near the mills at Kalachawki there is a large plot of ground owned by two different persons, whereon insanitary structures of old corrugated iron sheets are built. On the first plot there are chawls containing 200 rooms and also there are 533 hovels in such rotten condition that we wonder whether we are living in a city like Bombay. On this plot, about 1500 workers, Dheds, Mahars, Mochies, Marathas and other Hindus live with their families.

Most of the rooms which are 10' x 10' have no windows, and not a single closed bathroom, or even a small nahani in any of the rooms, so 1500 people including women and children have to bathe in the open. The entrance of this hovel built of old tin measures 4½ x 2½ft. with no windows and no plinth. Water taps are scanty and the flush is never working in most of the lavatories. The plot is on low level and as there is no drainage. We leave it to the citizens to imagine what the plight of these poor people must be during the monsoon.

All household sullage water and that of the improvised nahani is collected in the open, breeding mosquitoes. Kutchra of these 250 rooms is being clumped in the open space and though we visited in the morning, shortly after it was removed, we could yet get the unbearable stench.

On the adjacent plot about 1500 tenants reside. There are more tin huts here, in the same abominable condition as in the first plot. Just nearby, are stables for milch cattles, and we think that the animals were housed much better than the human beings in these huts.

On both these plots the rent is from Rs. 4 to Rs. 6, so the landlords must be getting about Rs. 1000 as rent per month, and in return these poor people get dirt and disease. Generally two families live in one room. There is no lighting arrangement on any of these plots. In short the Building Bye-Laws are not followed and the unhygienic and the insanitary conditions these slums have been allowed to exist reflect on the Municipal administration of the premier city of India.

We talk a lot about teaching sanitation to our villagers, but we find these places worse than can exist in villages. May we ask the Municipal Commissioner, the Executive Health Officer and the City Engineer, how they can allow the landlords to build such hovels for our citizens to live in such abominable, filthy surroundings. Are these hovels according to the Municipal Building Bye-Law? We are of opinion that it clearly shows lack of supervision on the part of the Municipal Executive.

As Social Workers we appeal to the citizens to think seriously of housing our poor, and earnestly request the Government and the Municipality to take immediate action to abolish such slums which are a disgrace to any civilized city.

NARIMAN'S STATEMENT

Mr. K. F. Nariman endorsing the above says:

I had visited the above slum area with Miss Parin Nariman, the Secretary of the Social Workers' Society and can assert, as a result of personal visit, that the deplorable statement of affairs mentioned in the above statement is true and there is no exaggeration in that description.

I had visited the area three or four years ago as Mayor, when the intolerable conditions were pointed out and I had expected that as a result of the new awakening of 'Slum Conscience' such 'Plague Spots' in the heart of the City would disappear; at least such was the impression given by the then Executive in charge of Health and Engineering Department of the Ward. But I regret that though some improvements are effected in the neighbouring milch cattle-stables, these adjacent human 'hovels,' these 'black-holes' of Bombay North were left untouched, with the result that as stated above buffaloes are better housed than human beings.

The construction of such structures and permitting their continuance means virtual suspension of all Municipal laws and by-laws and rules both of health and building departments, as if such areas are beyond the pale and reach of Municipal jurisdiction.

Before we talk of "greater and more beautiful Bombay" let us first pay attention to the existing Bombay proper, and make all parts and every nook and corner of it humanly and decently habitable. Now that the Commissioner and Executive have been invested with additional and wide powers particularly for slum clearance and improvements there is not the usual excuse for helplessness due to defective law.

The Social Workers' Society deserves to be congratulated for penetrating and exposing such dark 'plague spots' in the City and we hope that the Executive will wake up and be more vigilant, since the Civic conscience of Citizens is also awakened; such instances also emphasis the necessity for 'Sanitary Rounds' by members in their respective Wards.

Edgar Wallace's Detective Story Day By Day

INSPECTOR WADE — THE CALENDAR

LYING ON THE GROUND, WADE TRIPS RELSON---
AS WADE SCRAMBLES TO HIS FEET, HE SLIPS!
6-1
SO YOU SLIPPED, EH?---WELL, WISE GUY, WHEN I GET THROUGH WITH YOU, YOU WON'T BE ABLE TO GET UP!
THAT'S A FINE SPEECH---EXCEPT THAT I SHOULD BE SAYING IT!--- BECAUSE YOU'RE THE ONE THAT WON'T GET UP!
LYMAN ANDERSON
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